

State of SLFRF, CPF, and Flood Recovery Joint Fiscal Office

November 2023



AGENDA

- 1. State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
- 2. Capital Projects Fund
- 3. FEMA COVID
- 4. Flood Recovery



STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS (SLFRF)



STATE OF SLFRF

OBLIGATIONS

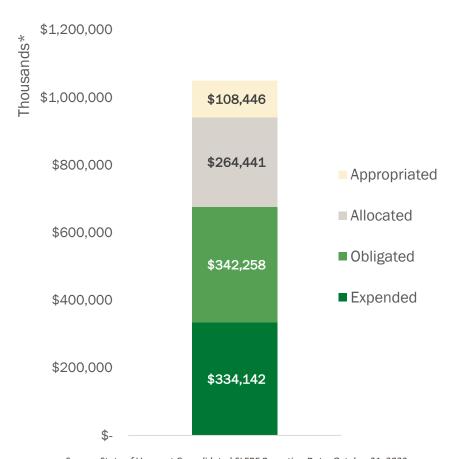
- Deadline: December 31, 2024
- **Obligated:** 64.5% (\$676.4M) in the past 31 months
- **To Obligate:** 35.5% (\$372.9M) in the next 13 months

EXPENDITURES

- Deadline: December 31, 2026
- **Expended:** 31.8% (\$334.1M) in the past 31 months
- To Expend: 68.2% (\$715.1M) in the next 25 months

Total SLFRF Award: \$1,049,287,303

SLFRF Dollars by Status



Source: State of Vermont Consolidated SLFRF Reporting Data, October 31, 2023



IMPACT OF REVENUE LOSS

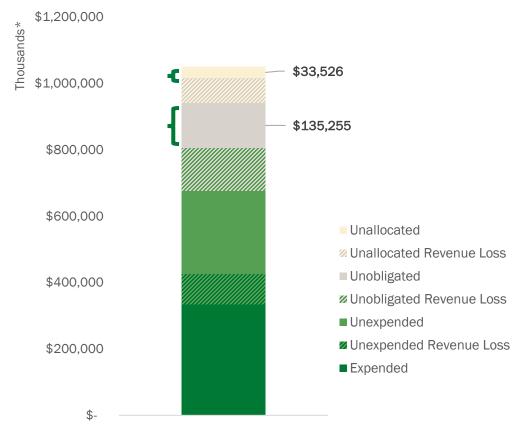
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Disbursed revenue loss funds are considered expended
- Unobligated/Unallocated Funds: 55% (\$204.1M) are revenue loss.
 - *Unallocated:* 69% (\$74.9M) is revenue loss.
 - *Unobligated:* 49% (\$129.2M) is revenue loss.
- Non-Revenue Loss: \$168.8M are unobligated or unallocated

Total funds designated as revenue loss: \$236,023,200

Potential (undesignated) revenue loss funds: \$6,764,338*

SLFRF Dollars by Status with Revenue Loss

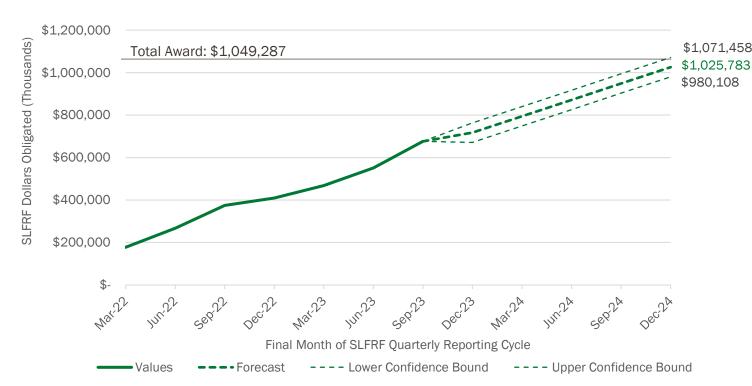


Source: State of Vermont Consolidated SLFRF Reporting Data, October 31, 2023



FORECASTED OBLIGATION PROGRESS

Projected Obligation ProgressSLFRF Reporting Q1 2022 - Q4 2024* (5% CI)



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Obligating at the current rate, the upper estimate has the State obligating all SLFRF by the deadline, while the lower estimate has the state falling up to \$69.2M short.**
- The State has a low to moderate risk of not obligating all SFR funds by the deadline and forfeiting funds that have not been obligated.

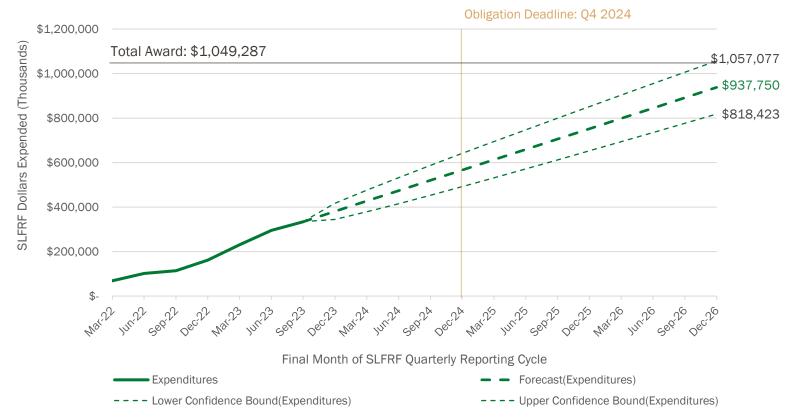
 $Source: State\ of\ Vermont\ Consolidated\ SLFRF\ Reporting\ Data,\ October\ 31,\ 2023$



FORECASTED EXPENDITURE PROGRESS

Projected Expenditure Progress

Reporting Q1 2022 - Q4 2026 (5% CI)



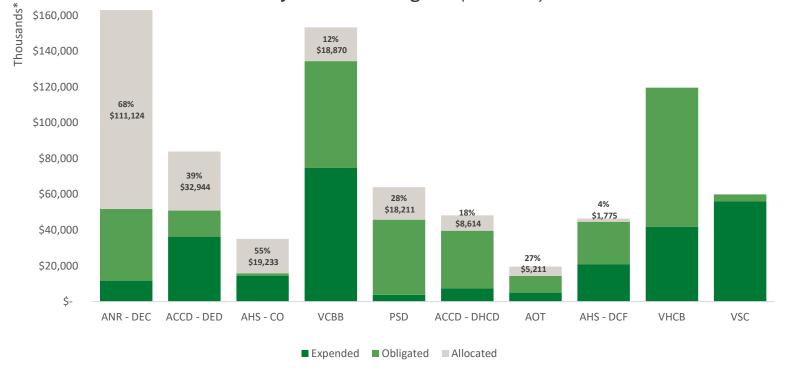
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Expending at the current rate, the upper estimate has the State expending all SLFRF by the deadline, while the lower bound has the State falling up to \$230.9M short.*
- The State has a moderate to high risk of not expending all SFR funds by the deadline and forfeiting funds that have not been expended. but it also has identified strategies to lower this risk.



SLFRF STATUS AMONG KEY AGENCIES

Key Agency Expenditures and ObligationsOrdered by value of unobligated (allocated) SLFRF dollars



Source: State of Vermont Consolidated SLFRF Reporting Data, October 31, 2023

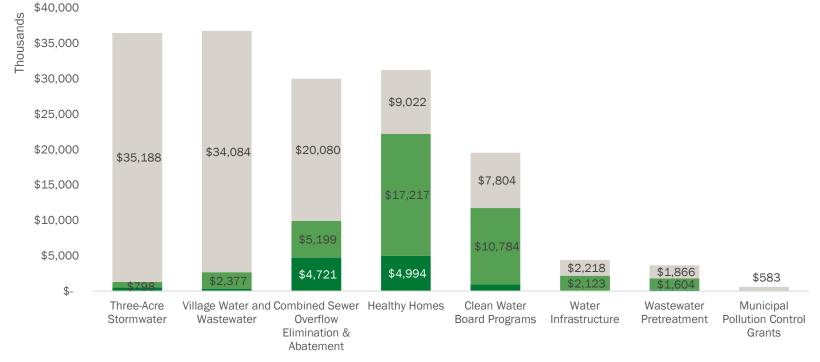
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Key agencies and departments represent the top 10 recipients of SLFRF funds and 76% of the State's total allocations.
- Of these key entities, ANR-DEC, ACCD-DED, and AHS-CO have obligated the smallest portions of funds.
- VHCB and VSC have all their funds obligated because, as component units, Treasury considers them subrecipients.
- Entities responsible for large capital projects (i.e., ANR-DEC, VHCB) tend to have less funding expended that servicebased agencies.



SNAPSHOT: DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

ANR-DEC Obligation and Expenditure Progress in Key Programs Ordered by value of unobligated (allocated) SLFRF dollars



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- ANR-DEC is implementing at least eight long-term SLFRF programs.
- ANR-DEC has the most projects of any agency in the state (111 of 360 total state projects).
- The programs with the least funding allocated address water/sewer infrastructure, which require significant pre-development.
- Only 3% (\$4,553,280) of ANR-DEC's funding is revenue loss.

ANR-DEC Allocation: \$162,951,136



OBLIGATION PROGRESS FOR TOP 6 AGENCIES

Progress of Top 6 Agency Obligations

March 2022 - Present



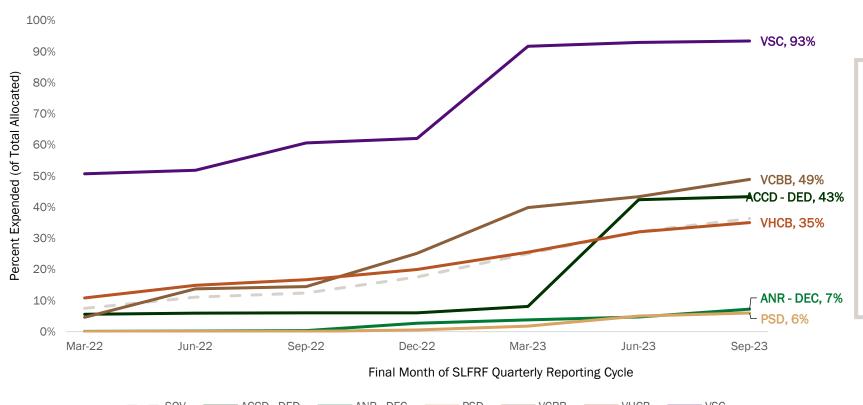
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Agencies and departments can significantly increase obligations between quarters by making contracts and subawards, e.g., PSD's recent obligation increase.
- Program models impact obligation timelines, e.g., VCBB subawards funds to CUDs, allowing it to obligate earlier than other agencies with capital projects.



EXPENDITURE PROGRESS FOR TOP 6 AGENCIES

Progress of Top 6 Agency Expenditures March 2022 - Present

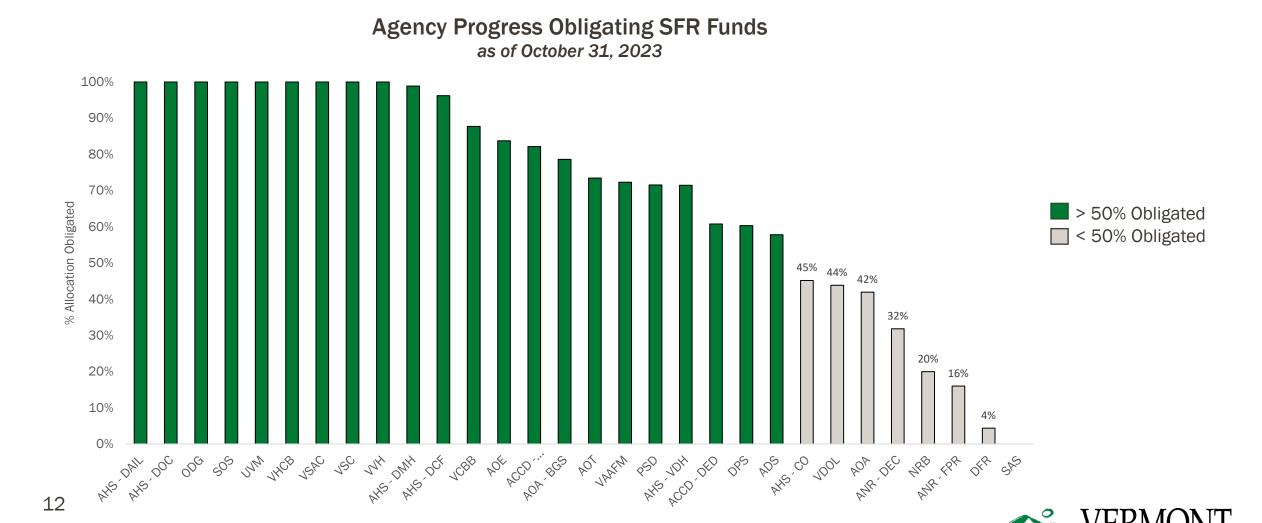


KEY TAKEAWAYS

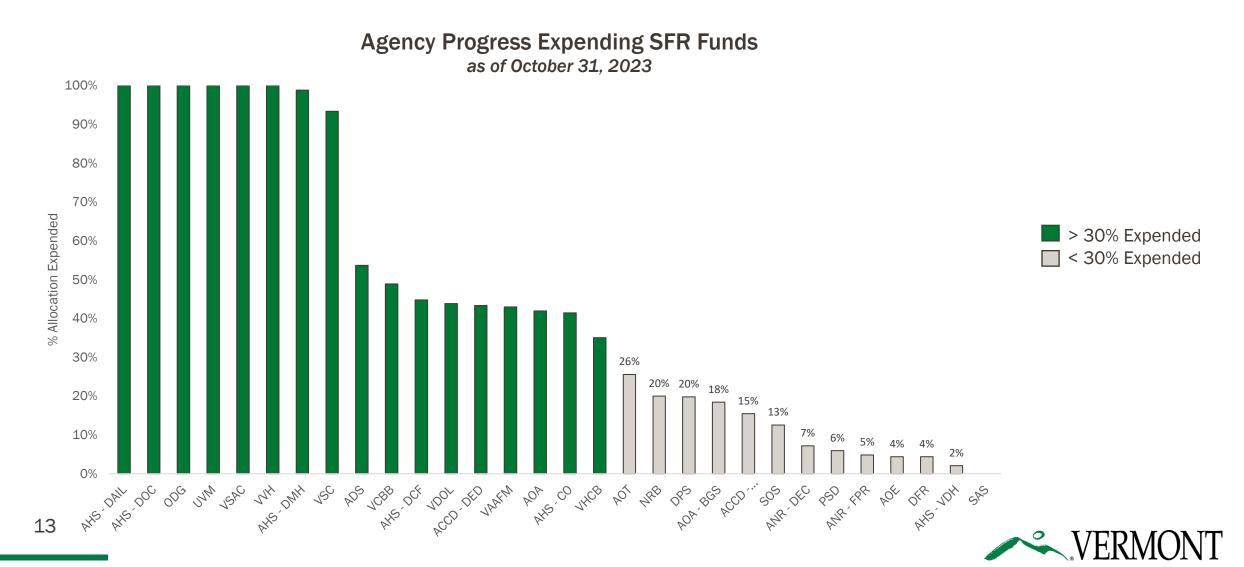
- Some agencies and departments with capital projects (e.g., ANR-DEC, PSD) started expending funds later.
- Like with obligations, agencies can show significant expenditure jumps between quarters (e.g., VSC, ACCD-DED).



OVERALL AGENCY PROGRESS - OBLIGATIONS



OVERALL AGENCY PROGRESS - EXPENDITURES



SUMMARY OF KEY TAKEAWAYS

Obligations

The State has a **low to moderate risk** of not obligating all funds by the deadline and forfeiting SFR funds that have not been obligated.

Expenditures

The State has a **moderate to high risk** of not expending all funds by the deadline and forfeiting SFR funds that have not been expended, but it has also identified strategies to lower this risk.

Capital Projects

Agencies and departments with major capital projects have the biggest **obligation and expenditure lags** (e.g., ANR-DEC and PSD), but as the planning phase wanes, they should see increased obligation and expenditure rates.



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (CPF)



VERMONT CPF OVERVIEW

Vermont has allocated over \$113M to three programs that span two of Treasury's enumerated Use Codes.

Use Code 1A: Broadband Infrastructure Projects

VCBB – Broadband Infrastructure Projects (\$95M)

- VCBB will include CPF funds in Vermont's Broadband Construction Grant Program.
- This program provides grants to eligible providers for construction costs related to eligible broadband projects.
- CPF funds will be the second infusion of funding for this program, supplementing \$116M in SLFRF funds.
- All recipients of funds through this program are required to participate in the Affordable Connectivity Program.

State Parks – Parks Connectivity Project (\$1.6M)*

- This program aims to provide reliable broadband connection in state parks across Vermont.
- Targets last-mile service challenges for connectivity to support public access to parks.
- Will improve communication with emergency services at parks, improve park recruitment and retention, and provide reliable internet services to park visitors.

Use Code 1C: Multi-Purpose Community Facility Projects

Dept. of Libraries – Libraries Capital Project (\$16.4M)

- This program plan was approved by Treasury this past summer.
- CPF funds will be subawarded for capital improvements to ensure public access to Vermont's libraries and their associated services.
- Funds will be made available through a competitive grant process.
- Projects that address issues of ADA accessibility will be prioritized.



COVID FEMA



DR4532 (COVID-19): CURRENT STATUS

End of Incident Period: May 11, 2023



PAYMENTS

- Cat B Draws: \$376.3 mil ~ 81.3% of obligated costs
- Cat Z Draws: \$8.9 mil

AHS by the Numbers

The **Agency of Human Services** represents **72.54**% of ALL COVID-19 FEMA PA submitted costs

- Submitted Costs: \$362.6 mil across 62 projects of which 40 are large projects
- Obligated Costs: \$346.3 mil
- Closeouts submitted: 144.6 mil across 30 Large Projects



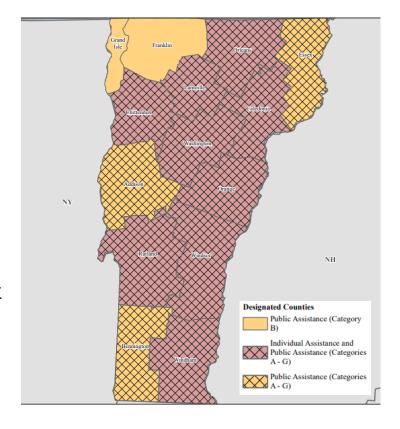
STATE OF VERMONT SEVERE STORMS AND FLOODING DISASTER (DR4720)



DR4720 (VERMONT SEVERE STORMS)

Current Incident Period: Jul 7, 2023 - Jul 21, 2023

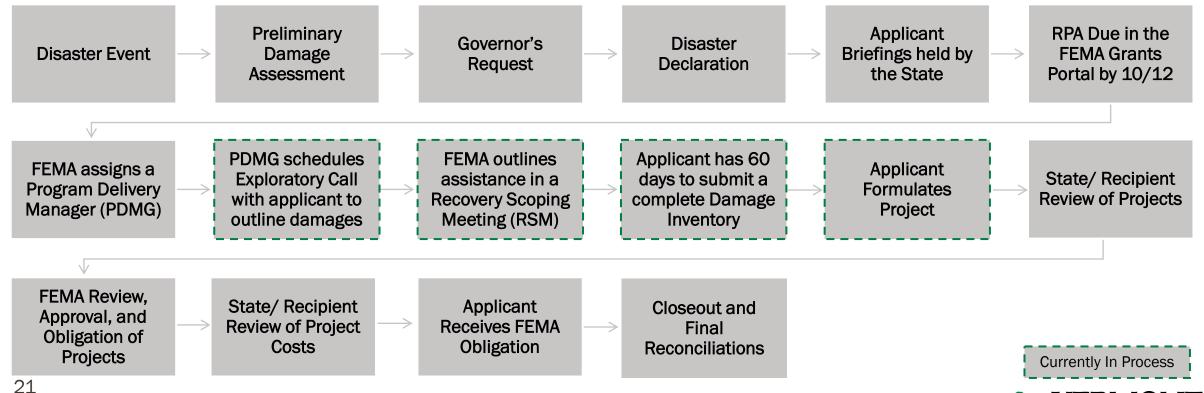
- All counties eligible for emergency work funding
- All counties <u>except Franklin and Grand Isle</u> are eligible for permanent work and debris removal funding
- Hazard mitigation funding is "added on" to permanent work projects
- Cost share is currently 75% Federal and 25% non-Federal
 - The federal cost-share for emergency protective measures can be increased from 75% to 100% for a 30-day period of the state's choosing within the first 120 days from the start of the incident period
 - Federal cost share <u>can be</u> increased to 90% if actual Federal obligations, excluding FEMA administrative cost, meet or exceed \$173 per capita of State population. This is very likely for DR4720 since total damages are projected at over \$250 million





FEMA TIMELINE FOR DR4720

SOV applicants are currently in the initial stages of the FEMA PA process, working with FEMA representatives to outline damages and submit emergency work costs



DR4720 (VERMONT SEVERE STORMS)

210 Requests for Public Assistance (RPAs) submitted to FEMA from potential State of Vermont applicants, with 196 approved as of 11/13/23

- FEMA staff working with applicants to finalize damages incurred for DR4720 and schedule site inspections
- Once finalized, FEMA and applicant working to develop projects for emergency work (debris removal and protective measures)
 - Total FEMA obligations = \$289K as of 11/13/23
 - FEMA's goal is to submit all projects by the end of 2023
- No timeline established yet for permanent work projects

Damage Categories	Approximate Damages			
Emergency Work				
Debris removal	\$6,175,029.86			
Emergency protective measures	\$12,256,581.76			
Permanent Work				
Roads and bridges	\$197,060,238.81			
Water control facilities	\$2,784,946.76			
Public buildings and contents	\$21,918,539.21			
Public utilities	\$40,346,013.39			
Parks, recreation and other facilities	\$5,752,257.58			
Grand Total	\$286,293,607.37			
As of 11/13/23. Figures are estimates only and do not include damages to major state buildings.				



APPENDIX: SLFRF



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Definitions

- Project Status: Agencies determine project status and report as one of four stages of completion, including:
 - Not Started: Typically, a project which has been identified for SFR funding and has begun preparations but for which no obligations or expenditures have been made.
 - Completed: A project for which the budgeted amount (allocation) has been fully obligated and expended.
- Allocation: budget adopted for each project.*
- Obligation: order placed for property and services, contracts and subawards made, and similar transactions that require payment.*
- Expenditure: the amount that has been incurred as a liability of the entity (the service has been rendered or the good has been delivered to the entity).*

Context

- All data in this status update is as of October 31, 2023 (most recent quarterly report submission).
- The State is required to submit quarterly reports detailing the progress of projects funded by SFR, including obligations, expenditures, subrecipients, subawards and other payments.
- Agencies are using SFR funds to deliver programs focused on key areas of affordable housing, economic and workforce development, water/sewer, and broadband.



DATA SOURCES & OTHER RESOURCES

Data was pulled from the following sources:

Master Consolidated File

> Reflects data currently populated in Treasury reporting portal; updated after each submission

Project and Expenditure Query

Reflects data submitted by each agency in their quarterly reporting template; queries are pulled for each reporting cycle as part of the review process pre-submission

Data Repository:

State of Vermont Open Data Portal

➤ Houses updated SFR data as reported to Treasury on projects, subawards, expenditures, etc.

Treasury Guidance:

October 2023 Project and Expenditure Report User Guide

SLFRF Compliance and Reporting Guidance



QUARTERLY REPORTING DATA TABLE 1

AGENCY	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS	TOTAL OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
ACCD-DED	\$83,895,692	\$50,951,436	\$36,340,614
ACCD-DHCD	\$48,250,000	\$39,635,658	\$7,468,570
ADS	\$1,500,000	\$866,967	\$804,970
AHS-CO	\$35,070,000	\$15,837,208	\$14,535,915
AHS-DAIL	\$6,001,913	\$6,001,913	\$6,001,913
AHS-DCF	\$46,486,795	\$44,712,155	\$20,811,480
AHS-DMH	\$4,600,000	\$4,545,901	\$4,545,895
AHS-DOC	\$14,334,590	\$14,334,590	\$14,334,590
AHS-VDH	\$7,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$143,439
ANR-DEC	\$162,951,136	\$51,826,789	\$11,724,937



QUARTERLY REPORTING DATA TABLE 2

AGENCY	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS	TOTAL OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
ANR-FPR	\$4,504,901	\$720,856	\$217,708
AOA	\$17,000,000	\$7,125,642	\$7,125,642
AOA-BGS	\$11,500,000	\$9,039,599	\$2,121,481
AOE	\$19,001,000	\$15,908,028	\$832,884
AOT	\$19,620,000	\$14,408,623	\$5,018,256
DFR	\$5,000,000	\$218,883	\$218,883
DPS	\$12,152,685	\$7,328,310	\$2,402,712
NRB	\$1,550,000	\$309,889	\$309,889
ODG	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000
PSD	\$64,000,000	\$45,788,941	\$3,813,291



QUARTERLY REPORTING DATA TABLE 3

AGENCY	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS	TOTAL OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
SAS	\$1,700,000	\$0.00	\$0.00
SOS	\$857,644	\$857,644	\$107,644
UVM	\$4,886,844	\$4,886,844	\$4,886,844
VAAFM	\$15,484,579	\$11,193,063	\$6,653,045
VCBB	\$153,300,000	\$134,430,065	\$74,929,837
VDOL	\$17,303,993	\$7,582,145	\$7,582,145
VHCB	\$119,600,000	\$119,600,000	\$41,904,259
VSAC	\$2,775,460	\$2,775,460	\$2,775,460
VSC	\$60,000,000	\$60,000,000	\$56,015,937
VVH	\$373,680	\$373,680	\$373,680



APPENDIX: COVID-19

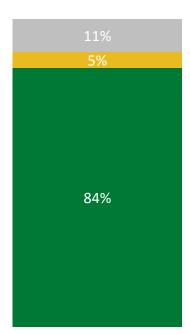


DR4532 (COVID-19)

Risk of Denial by Cost Type

	Low Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk
Total in Review	\$11,055,980	\$1,465,495	\$9,273,059
Total Obligated	\$385,116,878	\$22,956,583	\$41,223,336
Estimated probability of denial*	0.20%	9.11%	56.93%
Probability adjusted risk FEMA costs	\$792,346	\$2,224,851	\$28,747,598
Denials till date		\$17,418,931	
FEMA Denials covered by Coronavirus Relief Fund	\$17,001,285		
Proposed FEMA Denial Reserve costs	\$32,182,441		

COSTS BY RISK LEVEL ■ Low ■ Medium ■ High





 $\underset{*\text{based on FEMA denials of submitted 2020 costs for all applicants as of } 11/10/23$

