



VERMONT LEGISLATIVE  
**Joint Fiscal Office**

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## Fiscal Note

2/9/2023

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### **H.62 – An Act Relating to the Interstate Counseling Compact**

**As introduced**

<https://legislature.vermont.gov/Documents/2024/Docs/BILLS/H-0062/H-0062%20As%20Introduced.pdf>

#### **Bill Summary**

**T**he bill proposes the State adopt the interstate Counseling Compact, which would allow professional counselors licensed and residing in a compact member state to practice in other compact member states without need for multiple licenses. Entering the compact would result in an estimated revenue reduction of approximately \$50,800 from the loss of licensing fees and \$4,000 from the loss of application fees from out-of-state applicants from compact states in FY 2025.

#### **Background and Details**

The compact was developed by the Council of State Governments (CSG) and its National Center for Interstate Compacts. Like all interstate licensure compacts, the Counseling Compact establishes uniform requirements for a “compact license.” The compact would be an additional licensing option for counselors. Applicants who do not qualify or do not want the compact license would still be able to apply for a single-state Vermont license. The compact has been adopted by at least 16 states so far, including New Hampshire and Maine. Compact licenses are expected to be available in late 2023 or early 2024.

#### **Revenue Reductions**

Vermont licenses for clinical mental health counselors are renewed in January of odd years for a fee of \$200. Since licenses were renewed in January 2023, no significant revenue loss will occur until January 2025. According to the Office of Professional Regulations (OPR), there are 1,566 licensed clinical mental health counselors (LCMHCs) in Vermont. Of those LCMHCs, 59% (929) are Vermont residents while 16% (254) are from states that have signed onto the compact. OPR estimates it would see a revenue reduction of \$50,800 from the loss of licensing fees and \$4,000 from the loss of application fees from out-of-state applicants from compact states in FY 2025. Additional compact member states could further impact revenue; according to the National Center for Interstate Compacts, at least 13 other states currently have legislation pending regarding joining the compact.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Potential Offsets**

Applicants will pay a fee for a compact license, a portion of which will be passed through to the State. However, at this time neither the fee nor the amount of the pass-through has been established as the

compact hasn't begun yet. It is expected to begin in late 2023 or early 2024. While the fee will offset a small amount of the revenue loss, it is not expected to come close to covering the gap.

## Summary

- There will be little to no fiscal impacts in FY 2024.
- The estimated revenue loss for FY 2025 is approximately \$54,800.
- If more states join the compact between now and January 2025, revenue impact will be greater.
- Some revenue loss may be offset by compact fee pass-throughs, but the amount is not yet known.

	Count	%	\$200 Fee
Vermont Residents	929	59%	\$185,800
<i>Compact States</i>	<i>254</i>	<i>16%</i>	<i>\$50,800</i>
Non-Compact	384	25%	\$76,800
	<b>1567</b>		<b>\$313,400</b>

## Other considerations

- Currently, there are two other bills related to adopting interstate licensure compacts which would result in further revenue losses to the Office of Professional Regulations.
  - H.77 – An act relating to Vermont's adoption of the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact
  - H.86 – An act relating to Vermont's adoption of the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact

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<sup>i</sup> National Center for Interstate Compacts, Compact Map. <https://counselingcompact.org/map/>