

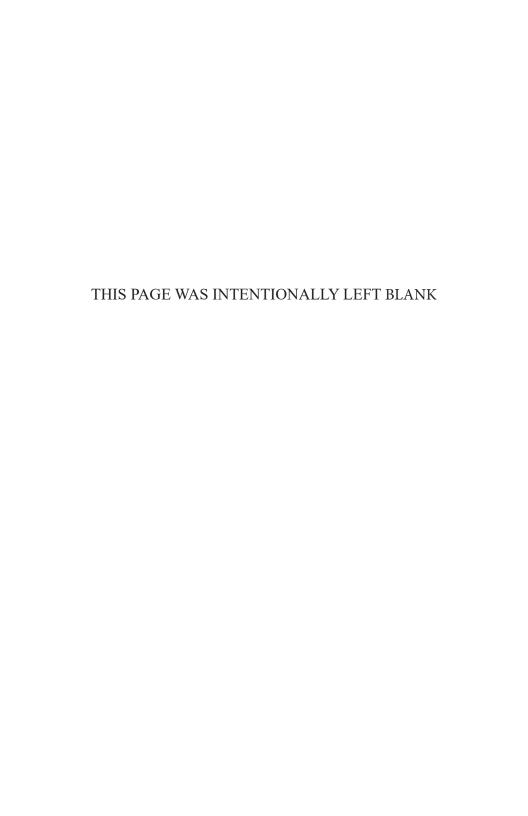
VERMONT LEGISLATIVE

Joint Fiscal Office

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> One Baldwin Street Montpelier, Vermont 05633 Telephone: (802) 828-2295 askjfo@leg.state.vt.us

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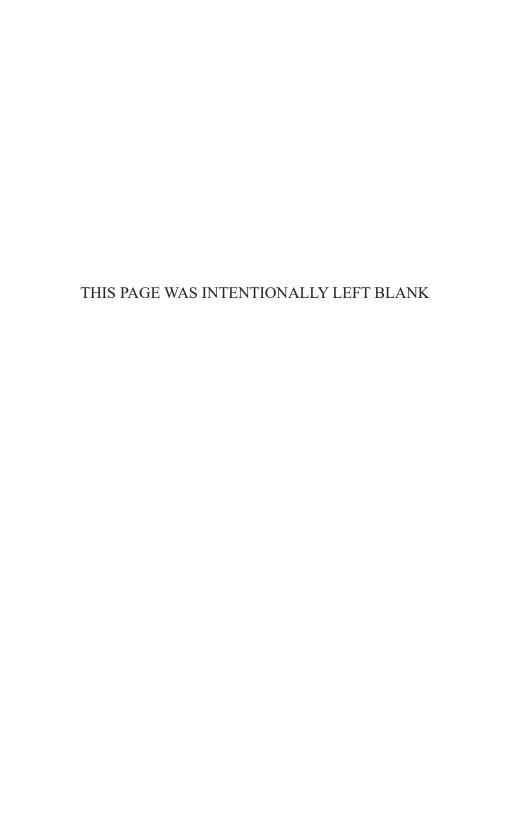


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Note: Unless otherwise noted, all dollar amounts are nominal figures and are not adjusted for inflation.

PART I – OVERVIEW OF STATE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

OVERVIEW OF STATE OPERATING BUDGET

There are two major components to any government's operating budget. The first is **revenue** – funds coming into government coffers. The second is **expenditures** – how the government spends its money. The appropriation process provides authority for expenditures. The table below shows all appropriations. It is important to recognize that in some cases, dollars are appropriated from one fund to another, and then to their ultimate destination. To provide a more accurate picture of total state spending, appropriations must be adjusted to count each dollar only once. Adjusted appropriations are shown excluding appropriations which are duplicative or highly restricted.

Total State Budget: Fiscal Year 2024 Act 78 As Enacted in 2023 Session

(further adjustments pending see JFO website for most current information)
(\$\sin millions\)

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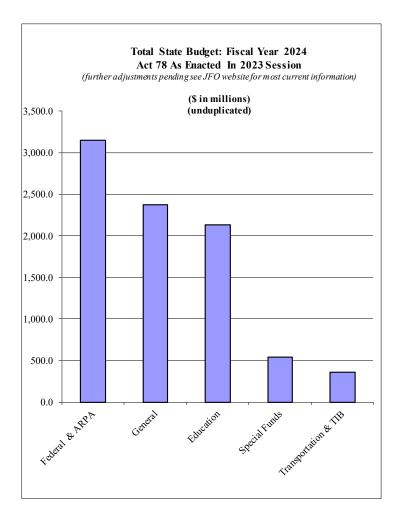
| | Total | Total | |
|--|----------|--------------|--------|
| Sources of Funds | Approps. | Unduplicated | |
| General | 2,378.9 | 2,378.9 | 27.8% |
| Transportation & TIB | 357.3 | 357.3 | 4.2% |
| Education (includes net ed property tax) | 2,132.7 | 2,132.7 | 24.9% |
| Special Funds (includes F&W, Tob. SHCRF) | 541.2 | 541.2 | 6.3% |
| Federal | 3,139.1 | 3,139.1 | 36.7% |
| ARPA - State Fiscal Relief & Capital | 11.3 | 11.3 | 0.1% |
| Global Commitment | 1,964.7 | 0.0 | 0.0% |
| Other (Transfers, Internal Service, Other funds) | 333.5 | 0.0 | 0.0% |
| Total | 10,858.7 | 8,560.4 | 100% |
| Expenditures | | | |
| General Gov't (Debt Serv. & Pay Act included) | 467.0 | 252.3 | 2.9% |
| Protection to Persons and Property | 500.0 | 472.4 | 5.5% |
| Human Services (includes Medicaid & DOC) | 5,164.0 | 3,189.8 | 37.3% |
| Labor | 59.0 | 58.8 | 0.7% |
| General Education (inlcudes net ed property tax) | 2,804.8 | 2,800.8 | 32.7% |
| Higher Education | 128.8 | 127.9 | 1.5% |
| Natural Resources | 235.2 | 222.0 | 2.6% |
| Commerce and Community Development | 151.4 | 146.3 | 1.7% |
| Transportation | 851.0 | 813.2 | 9.5% |
| ARPA - State Fiscal Relief & Capital | 11.3 | 11.3 | 0.1% |
| Other (Onetimes and Misc) | 486.3 | 465.6 | 5.4% |
| Total | 10,858.7 | 8,560.4 | 100.0% |

^{*} ARPA - State Fiscal Relief Funds are the broad state directed funds in the federal American Rescue Plan Act passed by Congress in March 2021

SPENDING AUTHORITY

The General Assembly has the power to "appropriate" money that the State raises. In addition to appropriations, the General Assembly asserts control over all other funding by giving departments and agencies the authority to spend money from other sources, such as grants or federal funds. Without this authority, money cannot be spent. The State's expenditures are primarily governed by the annual appropriations act. This act includes both appropriations and spending authority, and allocates funds from many different sources to 11 major categories of expense.

The four largest expense categories are K-12 education, including teacher retirement, (32.7%), Human Services, including Medicaid and corrections, (37.3%), Transportation (9.5 %), and Protection and Criminal Justice (5.5%).



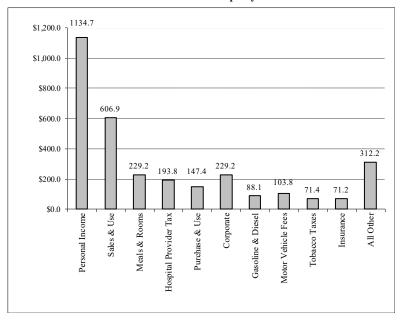
REVENUE

MAJOR SOURCES OF REVENUE

Well over 95% of Vermont's State revenue comes from taxes. In addition to revenue from taxes such as income, sales and use, and rooms and meals, Vermont is the only state to collect significant revenue from a statewide property tax. As of January 2024, revenue from this tax is projected at \$1.545 billion in fiscal year 2025, making it the largest single source of State revenue. However, the use of these revenues is limited to spending on education. For historical continuity and to enable comparisons with other states, the statewide property tax is excluded from the remainder of this section.

The personal income tax accounts for about one-third of non-property tax revenue in Vermont, followed by the sales and use and rooms and meals taxes. In addition to tax revenues, the other major source of funding for State programs is federal funds, representing about one-third of state program costs.

Major Sources of General, Transportation & Education Fund Revenue - Fiscal Year 2025 (January 2024 forecast, \$ in millions) Does not include Property Tax



The first step in the creation of the annual State budget is the development of a revenue forecast. The next page contains some history and the forecast that will be used for development of the fiscal year 2025 budget.

FY2025 STATE REVENUE FORECAST by Fund Type & Source (\$ in millions)

Available General Fund Revenue

| Source | Amount (\$) | % of Fund | % of Total |
|--|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Personal Income | 1,134.7 | 54% | 36% |
| Corporate | 229.2 | 11% | 7% |
| Meals and Rooms [1] | 169.6 | 8% | 5% |
| Liquor | 5.3 | 0% | 0% |
| Insurance | 71.2 | 3% | 2% |
| Telephone | 2.1 | 0% | 0% |
| Beverage | 7.2 | 0% | 0% |
| Estate | 23.1 | 1% | 1% |
| Property Transfer | 18.0 | 1% | 1% |
| Bank Franchise | 17.6 | 1% | 1% |
| Cannabis Excise | 0.0 | 0% | 0% |
| Tobacco Taxes | 71.4 | 3% | 2% |
| Hospital Provider Tax | 193.8 | 9% | 6% |
| Other Taxes | 67.8 | 3% | 2% |
| Other Revenues (fees, fines, interest) | 102.5 | 5% | 3% |
| Fund Total | 2,113.5 | 100% | 66% |

Available Transportation Fund

| 11, 11 | usie riumsportuuism rumu | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Source | Amount (\$) | % of Fund | % of Total |
| Gasoline | 70.4 | 22% | 2% |
| Diesel | 17.7 | 6% | 1% |
| Purchase & Use [2] | 98.3 | 31% | 3% |
| Motor Vehicle Fees | 103.8 | 33% | 3% |
| Other Revenue | 25.5 | 8% | 1% |
| Fund Total | 315.7 | 100% | 10% |

| Available Educati | Available Education Fund (non-property tax revenues) | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------|------------|--|--|
| Source | Amount (\$) | % of Fund | % of Total | | |
| Sales & Use | 606.9 | 80% | 19% | | |
| Meals and Rooms | 61.5 | 8% | 2% | | |
| Lottery | 35.7 | 5% | 1% | | |
| Purchase & Use [2] | 49.1 | 6% | 2% | | |
| Interest | 5.6 | 1% | 0% | | |
| Fund Total | 758.8 | 100% | 24% | | |
| TOTAL REVENUE | \$3,187.9 | | 100% | | |

^{[1] 25%} of Meals and Rooms Tax revenues are dedicated to Education Fund. Since October 2019, 6% of the Meals and Rooms Tax revenues are dedicated to the Clean Water Fund

Source: Emergency Board Official Forecast, January 2024

^[2] Purchase & Use Tax is allocated between Transportation Fund (2/3) and Education Fund (1/3).

AVAILABLE GENERAL FUND FORECASTS (\$ in millions)

| | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 | FY2026 |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Revenue Source | (Actual) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) |
| Personal Income | 1,210.0 | 1,140.9 | 1,134.7 | 1,184.5 |
| Sales and Use[1] | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Corporate | 281.4 | 241.5 | 229.2 | 238.2 |
| Meals and Rooms[2] | 164.0 | 165.2 | 169.6 | 175.5 |
| Liquor | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Insurance | 68.8 | 70.2 | 71.2 | 72.7 |
| Telephone | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Beverage | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Estate | 18.6 | 22.4 | 23.1 | 24.0 |
| Property Transfer | 21.6 | 18.7 | 18.0 | 18.6 |
| Bank Franchise | 17.8 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 17.2 |
| Cannabis Taxes[3] | 6.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.4 |
| Healthcare - Cig & Tobacco | 74.8 | 72.3 | 71.4 | 70.4 |
| Healthcare - Hosp. Provider | 173.9 | 185.5 | 193.8 | 198.7 |
| Healthcare - Other | 65.6 | 64.2 | 66.8 | 68.5 |
| Other Tax | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Subtotal Tax Revenue | 2,119.4 | 2,014.2 | 2,011.0 | 2,104.4 |
| Business Licenses | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Fees | 45.6 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 44.4 |
| Services | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| Fines | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Interest | 51.2 | 64.9 | 49.9 | 33.4 |
| All Other | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Subtotal Other Revenue | 105.2 | 117.2 | 102.5 | 86.6 |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND | 2,224.6 | 2,131.4 | 2,113.5 | 2,191.0 |

^{[1] 100%} of Sales and Use Tax revenues are allocated to the Education Fund.

Source: Emergency Board Official Forecast, January 2024

^{[2] 25%} of Meals and Rooms Tax revenues are allocated to the Education Fund. Since October 2019, 6% of the Meals and Rooms Tax revenues are allocated to the Clean Water Fund.

^[3] In FY2023 the Cannabis Excise Tax will be allocated to the General Fund. In FY2024 and FY2025 the Cannabis Excise Tax will be allocated to the Cannabis Regulation Fund. Beginning in FY2026 the Cannabis Excise Tax will be allocated to the General Fund.

AVAILABLE TRANSPORTATION FUND FORECASTS (\$ in millions)

| | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 | FY2026 |
|----------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Revenue Source | (Actual) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) |
| Gasoline | 73.8 | 71.4 | 70.4 | 69.9 |
| Diesel | 17.6 | 17.8 | 17.7 | 17.8 |
| Purchase and Use [1] | 94.8 | 94.5 | 98.3 | 101.7 |
| Motor Vehicle Fees | 87.5 | 92.8 | 103.8 | 104.3 |
| Other Revenue | 21.4 | 22.9 | 25.5 | 26.1 |
| TOTAL TF | 295.1 | 299.4 | 315.7 | 319.8 |

^[1] Includes Motor Vehicle Rental Tax revenue.

TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE BOND FUND FORECASTS (\$ in millions)

| | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 | FY2026 |
|----------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Revenue Source | (Actual) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) |
| TIB Gasoline | 20.1 | 17.3 | 16.3 | 15.4 |
| TIB Diesel [2] | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| TOTAL TIB | 22.3 | 19.2 | 18.2 | 17.3 |

^[2] Includes TIB Fund interest income.

NON-PROPERTY TAX EDUCATION FUND FORECASTS (\$ in millions)

| | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 | FY2026 |
|--------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Revenue Source | (Actual) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) | (Forecast) |
| Sales and Use[3] | 584.0 | 596.6 | 606.9 | 623.9 |
| Meals and Rooms[4] | 59.4 | 59.9 | 61.5 | 63.6 |
| Interest | 5.8 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 3.8 |
| Lottery | 32.1 | 34.9 | 35.7 | 36.5 |
| Purchase and Use | 47.4 | 47.2 | 49.1 | 50.9 |
| TOTAL EF | 728.8 | 745.9 | 758.8 | 778.6 |

^[3] In FY2019, the Sales and Use dedication to the Education Fund increased from 36% to 100%.

Source: Emergency Board Official Forecast, January 2024

^[4] As of FY 2019, 25% of Meals and Rooms Tax revenues is transferred to the Education Fund

Potential Revenue Sources and Options

There are three main ways to increase revenue coming into State coffers:

- 1) increase existing taxes;
- 2) expand existing tax bases; or
- 3) create new taxes.

The following estimates are examples of each of these methods to raise new State revenue. In reverse, reducing rates, creating tax exemptions, and eliminating taxes all reduce State revenue.

Preliminary Estimates Only - Subject to Revision (\$ in millions)

| Tax Source | FY 2025 Revenue (Forecast) | Tax Rate | Unit of Tax | FY 2025 New Revenue[1] |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Increase Existing Taxes | | | | |
| Sales & Use | 606.9 | 6% | @1% | 101.2 |
| Meals & Rooms | 245.8 | 9% & 10% | @1% | 24.6 |
| Cigarette | 49.4 | \$3.08/pack | 10 cent increase | 1.6 |
| Bank Franchise | 19.3 | 0.0096% | .0001% increase | 0.1 |
| Insurance Premiums | 68.7 | various | various | N/A |
| Gasoline Tax | 32.1 | 0.121 | @ penny | 2.8 |
| Gasoline Assessment | 38.3 | 4%* | @1% | 0.0* |
| Diesel Tax | 17.7 | 0.28 | @ penny | 0.8 |
| Purchase & Use | 147.4 | 6% | @1% | 24.6 |
| Personal Income Tax | 1,103.9 | various | 1% rate increase | 228.9 |
| Corporate Income Tax | 242.7 | various | 1% surcharge | 2.4 |
| Property Transfer Tax | 58.1 | various | 1.25% rate to 1.35% | 7.3 |

[1] These are simple yield rates and do not include price elasticity. Elasticity is the decline or increase in demand in response to the price change. This will slightly reduce the new tax revenue for most increases. Elasticity will depend upon many conditions specific to a tax source, such as tax rates in competitive jurisdictions, the size of the tax change, the prior tax level, and the nature of the economic good being taxed. Most effective tax yields fall between about 90% to 100% of an estimated simple yield.

Footnote* The gasoline assessment is 4% of the retail price excluding all taxes and fees subject to a floor of \$0.134 per gallon. The January 2024 Consensus Forecast projects that gasoline prices throughout FY2025 will remain below the level that would generate any additional revenue by increasing the assessment rate from 4% to 5%.

Potential Revenue Sources and Options

(continued)

Preliminary Estimates Only - Subject to Revision

| | | FY25 Annual |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|
| Sales $Tax = 6\%$ | Change | Revenue |
| | | (\$ Millions) |
| Expand Sales Tax Base | 6% | |
| Groceries | 6% | 113.7 |
| Clothing and Footwear (adjusted for online sales) | 6% | 35.4 |
| Candy | 6% | 3.8 |
| Apply Sales Tax to Services-Limited to Consum | <i>ier Purchases</i> (par | tial list) only) |
| Professional, scientific, & technical services | | |
| Legal services | 6% | 22.2 |
| Accounting, tax preparation, & payroll services | 6% | 13.0 |
| Architectural, engineering, & related services | 6% | 35.3 |
| Computer systems design & related services | 6% | 35.4 |
| Management, scientific, & consulting services | 6% | 28.2 |
| Advertising & related services | 6% | 5.3 |
| Photographic services | 6% | 0.5 |
| Veterinary services | 6% | 9.6 |
| Administrative & support services | | |
| Office administrative services | 6% | 2.7 |
| Employment services | 6% | 6.1 |
| Business support services | 6% | 1.8 |
| Travel arrangement & reservation services | 6% | 8.6 |
| Investigation & security services | 6% | 3.6 |
| Services to buildings & dwellings | 6% | 20.0 |
| Other support services | 6% | 3.9 |
| Waste collection | 6% | 6.6 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | | |
| Portfolio Management | 6% | 16.8 |
| Investment Advice | 6% | 1.0 |
| Office of real estate agents and brokers | 6% | 10.1 |
| Real estate property managers | 6% | 7.7 |
| Office of real estate appraisers | 6% | 0.6 |

Potential Revenue Sources and Options

(continued)

Preliminary Estimates Only - Subject to Revision

| | | FY25 Annual |
|---|------------------|---------------|
| Sales $Tax = 6\%$ | Change | Revenue |
| | | (\$ Millions) |
| Apply Sales Tax to Services (partial list only) | 6% | |
| Health care & social assistance (only those subject to fe | ederal income to | ax) |
| Offices of physicians | 6% | 46.7 |
| Offices of dentists | 6% | 21.6 |
| Offices of other health practitioners | 6% | 14.8 |
| Offices of chiropractors | 6% | 2.0 |
| Offices of optometrists | 6% | 3.1 |
| Offices of mental health specialists | 6% | 1.3 |
| Offices of specialty therapists | 6% | 6.3 |
| Offices of podiatrists | 6% | 0.2 |
| Offices of all other misc. health practioners | 6% | 2.0 |
| Outpatient Care Centers | 6% | 4.2 |
| Other Services | | |
| Motor vehicle repair and maintenance | 6% | 23.1 |
| Electronic equipment repair and maintenance | 6% | 0.8 |
| Comm and Ind. machinery repair & maintenance | 6% | 1.8 |
| Personal/household goods repair & maintenance | 6% | 0.9 |
| Personal care services | 6% | 4.8 |
| Death care services | 6% | 2.4 |
| Landscaping services | 6% | 13.8 |
| Dry cleaning and laundry services | 6% | 1.2 |

2017 Economic Census Data

DEBT

STATE INDEBTEDNESS

Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee

The Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee (CDAAC) was created by the 1990 General Assembly to annually estimate the maximum amount of new long-term general obligation debt that may be prudently authorized by the State for the next fiscal year. The Committee's estimate is required by law to be based on a number of considerations, historic and projected, including debt service requirements, debt service as a percent of General and Transportation Fund revenues, outstanding debt as a percent of personal income, and per capita debt ratios. As changed by the General Assembly in 2019, the Committee is comprised of eight members appointed for six-year terms: three are ex-officio State officials, one is a non-voting ex-officio State official, one is the Legislative Economist, and three are appointed members from the private sector (two by the Governor, one by the Treasurer). The Committee is directed by law to issue a report by September 30 of each calendar year.

In the past, the Committee recommended a maximum of

\$123,180,000 for the two years FY 2020 — FY 2021

\$123,180,000 for the two years FY 2022 — FY 2023

\$108,000,000 for the two years FY 2024 — FY 2025

In September 2023 the Committee recommended to maintain the maximum of \$108,000,000.

Net Tax-Supported Debt Outstanding

The State's aggregate net tax-supported principal amount of debt decreased from \$692.791 million as of June 30, 2022 to \$633.735 million as of June 30, 2023, a decrease of 8.5%.

The table below sets forth the sources of the change in net tax-supported debt outstanding from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023 (in thousands of dollars):

| Net Tax-Supported Debt as of 6/30/22 | \$692,791 |
|--|-----------|
| Less: Leases | (6,361) |
| Less: Retired G.O. Bonds | (51,245) |
| Less: Retired VHFA Property Transfer Bonds | (1,450) |
| Net Tax-Supported Debt as of 6/30/23 | \$633,735 |

STATE INDEBTEDNESS - continued

Summary of Outstanding Debt

Outstanding General Obligation Net Tax-Supported Debt as of 6/30/2023 (in thousands of dollars)

Source: Vermont State Treasurer's Office

| Type of Debt | Total Outstanding Debt | Debt Service paid in FY23 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| General Fund | \$526,195 | \$73,056 |
| Transportation F | Tund 1,560 | 502 |
| VHFA Bonds | 28,775 | 2,499 |
| Capital Leases | <u>77,205</u> | 12,017 |
| Total | \$633,735 | \$88,074 |

State Bond Ratings

General Obligation Bonds:

| Fitch Ratings | AA+/Stable |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| (downgraded in July 2019 from AAA) | |

Fitch rating was affirmed in August 2023

Moody's Investors Service Aa1/Stable (downgraded in October 2018 from Aaa)

Moody's rating was affirmed in August 2023

Standard and Poor's Global Ratings AA+/Negative (upgraded in September 2000 from AA, November 2020 rating outlook moved from Stable to Negative)

S&P rating was affirmed in August 2023

Vermont Debt Burden Comparison

(Source: Moody's Investor Service*)

Debt Per Capita

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Vermont | \$1,140 | \$1,061 | \$1,102 | \$1,185 | \$1,173 |
| All States Mean | \$1,493 | \$1,506 | \$1,535 | \$1,872 | \$1,808 |
| Triple – A Mean | \$958 | \$950 | \$962 | \$1,070 | \$1,163 |
| Triple – A Median | \$618 | \$586 | \$581 | \$684 | \$680 |
| Vermont Rank | 25 | 26 | 24 | 25 | |

Debt as a Percent of Personal Income

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Vermont | 2.2% | 1.9% | 1.9% | 2.0% | 1.9% |
| All States Mean | 2.8% | 2.6% | 2.5% | 3.0% | 2.7% |
| Triple-A Mean | 1.9% | 1.7% | 1.7% | 1.8% | 1.8% |
| Triple-A Median | 1.3% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 1.1% |
| Vermont Rank | 26 | 29 | 27 | 26 | |

Debt as a Percent of Gross State Domestic Product

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Vermont | 2.0% | 2.2% | 1.9% | 2.1% | 1.9% |
| Triple-A Mean | 1.6% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.6% |
| Triple-A Median | 1.2% | 1.0% | 1.1% | 1.1% | 1.0% |
| Vermont Rank | 23 | 26 | 25 | 26 | |

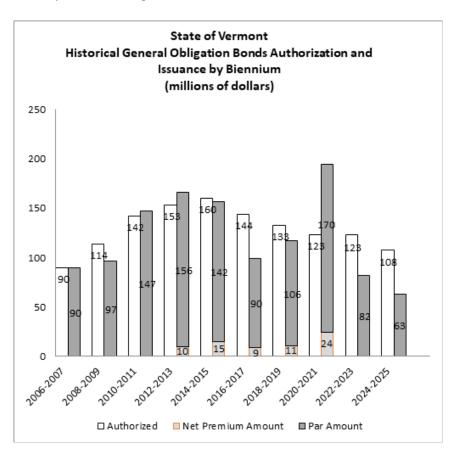
Note on Rank: 50 is best, 1 is worst.

^{*}Moody's analyses are based on prior year data. As of 2024 Moody's no longer includes state rankings for these individual categories.

DEBT AUTHORIZATIONS AND PROJECTION SCENARIOS

Recent Debt Authorizations

The State issued \$62.8 million of General Obligation Bonds near the start of fiscal year 2024, in September 2023.



Notes: Annual issuances do not include refunding bonds. Authorized but unissued debt has been carried forward and employed in subsequent years' bond issuances. Starting in fiscal year 2013, premium received from the sale of bonds may be applied towards the purposes for which such bonds were authorized. Accordingly, the "issuance" amount reflected above, commencing with fiscal year 2013, represents total proceeds (par plus net premium) of the bonds issued that were or are expected to be made available for capital purposes.

Source: Vermont State Treasurers' Office.

MAJOR FUND SUMMARIES

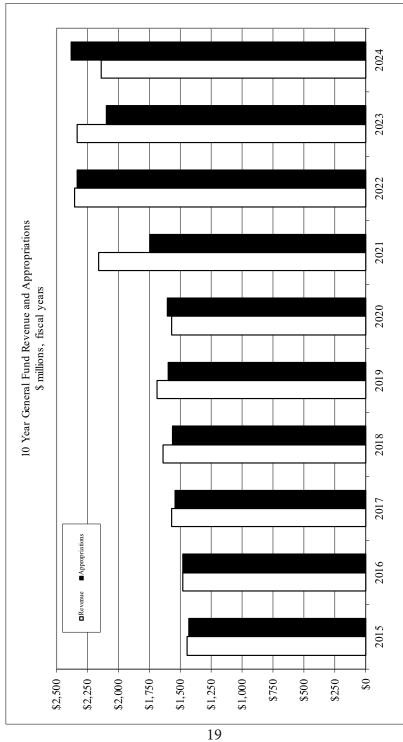
Summary of Revenue, Expenditures, and Operating Results 10 Year General Fund Revenues and Appropriations Summary

\$ millions

2024 As

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 20191 | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ | 2022 | 2023 | Enacted |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Total Revenue | 1,388.7 | 1,443.8 | 1,475.8 | 1,568.9 | 1,640.5 | 1,684.4 | 1,568.8 | 2,156.7 | 2,355.7 | 2,330.7 | 2,135.8 |
| Total Appropriations | 1,386.2 | 1,428.5 | 1,478.5 | 1,539.9 | 1,563.5 | 1,596.5 | 1,607.3 | 1,742.4 | 2,333.4 | 2,097.5 | 2,378.9 |
| Operating Surplus/(Deficit) | 2.5 | 15.2 | (2.7) | 29.0 | 76.9 | 6.78 | (38.5) | 414.3 | 22.4 | 233.2 | (243.1) |
| Net Transfers Carryforward Balance | (2.5) | (15.2) | 2.7 | (29.0) | (66.4) | (87.1) (0.9) | 38.5 | (310.7) (103.6) | 69.1 (91.5) | 104.3 (337.5) | 245.2 (2.1) |
| Ending Balance | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Source: JFO | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note 1: Reflects fund structure changes related to Education Fund and State Health Care Resources Fund. Note 2: Federal COVID-19 response included an extended tax filing date to August 2020, year-end in balance via internal \$50.2m loan included in net transfer total. | ure changes rela response inclu | ated to Educa ded an extend | tion Fund and led tax filing o | l State Health late to August | Care Resour: 2020, year- | ces Fund. end in balance | via internal § | 550.2m Ioan i | ncluded in ne | t transfer tota | -; |
| Note 3: Reflects FY2020 loan repayment and transfers of \$150m to reserve for retirement task force proposals, \$48m transferred to Rainy Day Reserve, \$52m to the State employees' retiree healthcare system, and \$100m balance carried forward to replace ARPA funds. | an repayment are system, and \$ | and transfers of 100m balance | of \$150m to recarried forw | eserve for reti ard to replace | rement task i ARPA fund | orce proposal s. | ls, \$48m trans | ferred to Rain | ıy Day Reser' | ve, \$52m to t | he State |

FY2024 reflects As Enacted budget (2023 Act 78), using the January 2024 revenue forecast. Updated revenue forecasts and budget adjustment will be available on the JFO website when available.



*Vover \$300 million in one-time revenue was unspent in fiscal year 2023 and carried forward into fiscal year 2024. The fiscal year 2024 budget was constructed utilizing these carried forward funds.

TRANSPORTATION FUND

Summary of Revenues, Appropriations, Transfers & Fund Balance from July 1, 1999

| Reserve Balance June 30 | 8,802,914 | 8,882,450 | 9,890,397 | 9,156,196 | 10,540,812 | 11,098,230 | 11,043,987 | 10,670,870 | 11,199,306 | 11,290,397 | 10,283,595 | 10,438,554 | 10,766,086 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| = Fund Balance June 30 | 8,582,455 | 0 | 5,654,696 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,220,813 | 624,787 | 0 | 0 | 899,333 | 0 |
| + Transfer (to)/from TF Reserve | (493,750) | (79,536) | (1,007,947) | 734,201 | (1,384,616) | (557,418) | 54,243 | 373,117 | (528,436) | (91,091) | 1,006,802 | (154,959) | (327,532) |
| + Reversions | 0 | 115,689 | 1,263,311 | 44,260 | 5,640,294 | 7,337,653 | 6,345,128 | 883,027 | 5,873,876 | 729,351 | 34,800 | 928,981 | 523,584 |
| - Approps. | 187,517,434 | 203,317,934 | 212,914,930 | 210,756,212 | 222,135,479 | 225,362,834 | 220,073,685 | 223,986,116 | 228,952,079 | 205,671,894 | 208,798,086 | 215,321,728 | 216,178,767 |
| - Transfer* to - the General Fund | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,449,528 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,713,505 | 0 | 4,739,279 |
| + Transfer* From the - General Fund | 0 | 6,150,000 # | 13,850,000 | 0 | 4,773,000 | 4,774,450 | 10,018,030 | 8,000,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| + Misc. Adjustments | (1,614,062) | (6,788,741) | (1,889,338) | (3,160,649) | (5,376,279) | 3,108,659 | (6,163,300) | (2,020,000) | (2,070,000) | 41,483 | (3,869,978) | (2,169,193) | (1,890,000) |
| + Revenue | 193,794,708 | 194,169,325 | 206,353,600 | 213,933,232 | 218,483,080 | 210,699,490 | 209,819,584 | 219,970,785 | 223,080,613 | 204,367,364 | 213,339,967 | 217,616,232 | 221,712,661 |
| Opening Fiscal Year Balance July 1 | 4,412,993 | 9,751,197 | 0 | 5,654,696 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,220,813 | 624,787 | 0 | 0 | 899,333 |
| Fiscal Year | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |

TRANSPORTATION FUND

Summary of Revenues, Appropriations, Transfers & Fund Balance from July 1, 1999

| | Fiscal Year B | Opening Balance July 1 | + Revenue | + Misc. Adjustments | + Transfer* From the General Fund | - Transfer* to - the General Fund | - Approps. | + Reversions | + Transfer (to)/from TF Reserve | = Fund Balance June 30 | Reserve Balance June 30 |
|-----|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | 2013 | 0 | 228,194,836 | (1,873,966) | 4,370,272 | 0 | 233,701,107 | 3,052,817 | (42,852) | 0 | 10,808,938 |
| | 2014 | 0 | 253,421,446 | (1,873,966) | 0 | 0 | 252,600,945 | 1,794,152 | (740,687) | 0 | 11,549,625 |
| _ | 2015 | 0 | 261,389,775 | (3,552,643) | 0 | 0 | 255,870,594 | 621,714 | (1,003,266) | 1,584,986 | 12,552,891 |
| 1 | 2016 | 1,584,986 | 264,609,396 | (849,737) | 0 | 0 | 265,104,006 | 0 | (240,639) | 0 | 12,793,530 |
| | 2017 | 0 | 271,188,126 | (1,326,091) | 0 | 0 | 269,400,365 | 0 | (461,670) | 0 | 13,255,200 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 278,963,941 | (658,520) | 0 | 0 | 276,636,953 | 0 | (214,818) | 1,453,650 | 13,470,018 |
| | 2019 | 1,453,650 | 280,668,814 | (54,766) | 0 | 0 | 284,763,891 | 3,052,933 | (356,740) | 0 | 13,826,758 |
| | 2020 | 0 | 264,106,903 | (950,463) | 0 | 0 | 238,734,959 | 0 | (258,790) | 24,162,691 | 14,085,548 |
| | 2021 | 24,162,691 | 282,714,986 | (1,923,043) | 0 | 0 | 284,818,330 | 6,309,880 | 2,148,800 | 28,594,984 | 11,936,748 |
| | 2022 | 28,594,984 | 287,846,728 | 8,080,793 | 0 | 0 | 311,123,868 | 3,933,027 | (1,988,675) | 15,342,989 | 13,925,423 |
| | 2023 | 15,342,989 | 295,139,681 | 822,486 | 0 | 0 | 318,673,640 | 34,787,029 | (1,434,119) | 25,984,426 | 15,359,542 |
| r | Fotal Transfe | otal Transfers Between Fun | Funds FY 2000 - 2023 | 123 | 51,935,752 | 12,902,312 | | | | | |
| _ | Net Transfer | Net Transfer General Fund to | d to Transportation Fund FY 2000-2023 | n Fund FY 200 | 0 -2023 | 39,033,440 | | | | | |
| . ' | | | | | | | | | | ٠ | |

*Note: Limited to formal transfers. Direct appropriations of transportation funds for general government purposes, so called "JTOC" appropriations, are not included in the "transfers."

Preliminary Education Fund Outlook for FY 2025 - Emergency Board

| | reflect the January 2024 Consensus Revenue Forecast | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 |
|----------|--|----------|---------------|----------------------|
| (million | ns of dollars) | Actual | Gov. Rec. BAA | Forecast |
| а | Average Homestead Property Tax Rate ¹ | \$1.386 | \$1.311 | \$1.35 |
| b | Average Tax Rate on Household Income ² | 2.32% | 2.33% | 2.63 |
| с | Uniform Non-Homestead Property Tax Rate | 1.466 | \$1.391 | \$1.43 |
| d | Property Yield Per Pupil ³ | \$13,314 | \$15,443 | \$9,62 |
| e | Income Yield Per Pupil ³ | \$15,948 | \$17,537 | \$10,48 |
| f | Total Long Term Average Daily Membership (LTADM) | 85,806 | 84,009 | 83,43 |
| g | Total Long Term Weighted Average Daily Membership (LTWADM) | - | - Uniform | 141,19 Uniform |
| h | Average Percentage Bill Change Compared to Prior Year (HS/Inc/NHS) | - | 4.27% | 17.30 |
| i | Statewide Education Spending Growth | 6.2% | 8.0% | 12.0 |
| j | Statewide Education Grand List Growth | 7.5% | 9.7% | 14.3 |
| ources | | | | |
| 1a | Homestead Education Property Tax ³ | 628.3 | 668.2 | 784.7 |
| 1b | Property Tax Credit | (163.7) | (155.0) | (158.3 |
| 1c | H.541 - State education property tax abatement | - | 0.0 | - |
| 2 | Non-Homestead Education Property Tax | 738.9 | 792.2 | 918.5 |
| 2a | Current Use tax expenditure ⁴ | (47.6) | (50.2) | Estimate outstanding |
| 3 | Sales & Use Tax | 584.0 | 589.6 | 598.8 |
| 4 | Purchase & Use Tax - one-third of total | 47.4 | 47.2 | 49.1 |
| 5 | Meals & Rooms Tax - one-quarter of total | 59.4 | 59.9 | 61.5 |
| 6 | Lottery Transfer | 32.1 | 34.9 | 35.7 |
| 7 | Medicaid Transfer | 10.3 | 10.8 | 11.3 |
| 8 | Other Sources (Wind & Solar, Fund Interest) | 9.0 | 10.2 | 8.5 |
| 9 | Total Sources | 1,945.9 | 2,058.0 | 2,309.6 |
| ppropri | ations | - | | |
| 10 | Education Payment | 1,576.5 | 1,711.1 | 1,916.0 |
| 10a. | E-Board Release of Funds for PCB remediation | 1.1 | - | - |
| 11 | Special Education Aid | 208.1 | 229.8 | 249.1 |
| 11a. | BAA - One-time Census Block Grant Adjustment | - | 1.9 | - |
| 12 | State-Placed Students | 17.5 | 19.0 | 20.0 |
| 13 | Transportation Aid | 21.8 | 23.5 | 25.3 |
| 14 | Technical Education Aid | 31.3 | 17.0 | 17.1 |
| 15 | Small School Support | 8.2 | 8.3 | 3.0 |
| 16 | Essential Early Education Aid | 7.5 | 8.4 | 8.7 |
| 17 | Flexible Pathways | 8.3 | 9.3 | 8.6 |
| 18 | Universal School Meals | 29.0 | 29.0 | 26.5 |
| 19 | English Learners Services | - | - | 3.0 |

Preliminary Education Fund Outlook for FY 2025 - Emergency Board

| (millions of dollars) | | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2025 |
|-----------------------|---|---------|---------------|----------|
| | | Actual | Gov. Rec. BAA | Forecast |
| Appropi | iations | | | |
| 20 | Afterschool grants | - | - | - |
| 21 | PCB Remediation Grants | - | 29.7 | = |
| 22 | VSTRS Pension Normal Cost | 33.4 | 33.1 | 36. |
| 23 | VSTRS OPEB Normal Cost | 15.1 | 15.4 | 19. |
| 24 | One-time COLA payment | - | 3.0 | - |
| 25 | Other Uses (Accounting & Auditing, CMF transfer, Financial Systems) | 3.4 | 4.8 | 4. |
| 26 | Total Uses | 1,961.2 | 2,143.4 | 2,337. |
| Allocatio | on of Revenue | | | |
| 27 | Revenue Surplus/(Deficit) | (15.3) | (85.4) | (27. |
| 28 | Prior-Year Reversions | 45.5 | 2.9 | - |
| 29 | Transfer (to)/from Stabilization Reserve | (2.5) | (5.2) | (8. |
| 30 | Transfer (to)/from Additional Reserves | 32.0 | (22.1) | 13. |
| 31 | BAA - One-time transfer to afterschool special fund | - | (2.8) | - |
| 32 | Transfer (to)/from Unreserved/Unallocated | (59.7) | 112.7 | 23. |
| Stahiliza | tion Reserve | | | |
| 33 | Prior-Year Stabilization Reserve | 39.3 | 41.8 | 47. |
| 34 | Current-Year Stabilization Reserve | 41.8 | 47.0 | 55. |
| 35 | Percent of Prior-Year Net Appropriations | 5% | 5% | 5 |
| 36 | Reserve Target | 41.8 | 47.0 | 55. |
| Addition | nal Reserve | | | |
| 34 | Current-Year Additional Reserve for Other Post Employment Benefits | 0.0 | - | - |
| 34 a. | Prefund of Normal Cost of Teacher's OPEB using reserved funds | 0.0 | - | - |
| 37 | Current-Year Reserve for Future COLA provisions | - | 9.1 | 9. |
| 36 | Country Very DCD Description | - | - | - |
| 38 | Current-Year PCB Reserve Current-Year Tax Rate Offset Reserve | - | 13.0 | 13. |
| 38a. | Use of Tax Rate Offset Reserve towards FY25 tax rates | - | - | (13. |
| | | | | |
| Availabl 39 | e Funds Prior-Year Unreserved/Unallocated | 77.58 | 137.25 | 24.5 |
| 40 | Current-Year Unreserved/Unallocated | 137.25 | 24.56 | 1.1 |

1) Homestead rates have been capped to reflect the 5% district level cap limitation in Act 127.
2) Income yield and rates are calculated without the 5% rate cap limitation in Act 127.

3 FY 2025 will be the first year with the elimination of the equalization ratio from Act 127. As such, the FY 2025 property yield and income yield cannot be directly compared to prior years' yields.

Notes:

Prepared by JFO

COMPARISONS

How Does Vermont Compare?

Based on population, Vermont is the second smallest state in the union, so comparisons of total income tax collected or size of the General Fund are meaningless. In order to compare Vermont to other states, statistics are calculated on a per capita, or per person, basis. For example, individual income tax collections in California were approximately \$94 billion while Vermont's were \$900 million in 2020. On a per capita basis, California collected approximately \$2,137 per person while Vermont collected a more comparable \$1,187 per person.

The table below shows Vermont's per capita value and rank among the 50 states for several revenue and expenditure statistics. The expenditure data and revenue data are from the U.S. Census Bureau. Both state only and state and local tax collections are shown because Vermont, unlike most other states, collects a majority of its revenue at the state level. Many states collect more revenue at the local level and equal comparisons are important.

| Statistic | \$ Per | VT Rank | |
|---|--------|----------------|--|
| Statistic | Capita | (1 is highest) | |
| 2021 Total State and Local Taxes | 7,575 | 7 | |
| 2022 Total State Taxes Only | 6,824 | 4 | |
| 2021 State and Local Sales Taxes | 1,650 | 25 | |
| 2022 State Personal Income Tax | 1,960 | 15 | |
| 2022 State Corporate Income Tax | 372 | 15 | |
| 2021 State and Local Property Tax | 3,010 | 5 | |
| 2021 Direct Government Expenditures [1] | 17,906 | 5 | |
| 2020 K-12 Education Spending Per Pupil | 23,299 | 2 | |
| 2021 Public Welfare Expenditures [1] | 3,215 | 9 | |

[1] State and local; includes federal funds

Sources:

U.S. Census Bureau

National Education Association "2022 Rankings & Estimates Report"

2021 Total State & Local Tax Revenue Per Capita

| Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|---------|---|---|---|---|
| 10,204 | 1 | Indiana | 5,380 | 26 |
| 9,545 | 2 | Ohio | 5,327 | 27 |
| 9,133 | 3 | Wyoming | 5,220 | 28 |
| 8,301 | 4 | Montana | 5,192 | 29 |
| 8,098 | 5 | New Mexico | 5,171 | 30 |
| 7,735 | 6 | Nevada | 5,156 | 31 |
| 7,575 | 7 | Michigan | 4,964 | 32 |
| 7,458 | 8 | North Carolina | 4,942 | 33 |
| 7,291 | 9 | Texas | 4,915 | 34 |
| 7,243 | 10 | Arkansas | 4,879 | 35 |
| 6,997 | 11 | Louisiana | 4,809 | 36 |
| 6,854 | 12 | Idaho | 4,719 | 37 |
| 6,804 | 13 | South Dakota | 4,698 | 38 |
| 6,677 | 14 | Arizona | 4,691 | 39 |
| 6,503 | 15 | West Virginia | 4,681 | 40 |
| 6,491 | 16 | Kentucky | 4,673 | 41 |
| 6,433 | 17 | Missouri | 4,649 | 42 |
| 6,354 | 18 | Georgia | 4,601 | 43 |
| 6,263 | 19 | Oklahoma | 4,495 | 44 |
| 6,202 | 20 | South Carolina | 4,466 | 45 |
| 5,944 | 21 | Florida | 4,429 | 46 |
| 5,940 | 22 | Mississippi | 4,428 | 47 |
| 5,747 | 23 | Tennessee | 4,285 | 48 |
| 5,689 | 24 | Alabama | 4,252 | 49 |
| 5,443 | 25 | Alaska | 4,196 | 50 |
| | 10,204 9,545 9,133 8,301 8,098 7,735 7,575 7,458 7,291 7,243 6,997 6,854 6,804 6,677 6,503 6,491 6,433 6,354 6,263 6,202 5,944 5,940 5,747 5,689 | 10,204 1 9,545 2 9,133 3 8,301 4 8,098 5 7,735 6 7,575 7 7,458 8 7,291 9 7,243 10 6,997 11 6,854 12 6,804 13 6,677 14 6,503 15 6,491 16 6,433 17 6,354 18 6,263 19 6,202 20 5,944 21 5,940 22 5,747 23 5,689 24 | 10,204 1 Indiana 9,545 2 Ohio 9,133 3 Wyoming 8,301 4 Montana 8,098 5 New Mexico 7,735 6 Nevada 7,575 7 Michigan 7,458 8 North Carolina 7,291 9 Texas 7,243 10 Arkansas 6,997 11 Louisiana 6,854 12 Idaho 6,804 13 South Dakota 6,677 14 Arizona 6,503 15 West Virginia 6,491 16 Kentucky 6,433 17 Missouri 6,354 18 Georgia 6,263 19 Oklahoma 6,202 20 South Carolina 5,944 21 Florida 5,940 22 Mississippi 5,747 23 Tennessee < | 10,204 1 Indiana 5,380 9,545 2 Ohio 5,327 9,133 3 Wyoming 5,220 8,301 4 Montana 5,192 8,098 5 New Mexico 5,171 7,735 6 Nevada 5,156 7,575 7 Michigan 4,964 7,458 8 North Carolina 4,942 7,291 9 Texas 4,915 7,243 10 Arkansas 4,879 6,997 11 Louisiana 4,809 6,854 12 Idaho 4,719 6,804 13 South Dakota 4,698 6,677 14 Arizona 4,691 6,503 15 West Virginia 4,681 6,491 16 Kentucky 4,673 6,433 17 Missouri 4,649 6,354 18 Georgia 4,601 6,263 19 |

U.S. Average = \$6,344 per capita

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/gov-finances.html

2022 Total State Tax Revenue Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|---------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| California | 7,174 | 1 | Idaho | 4,048 | 26 |
| Hawaii | 7,105 | 2 | Iowa | 4,037 | 27 |
| North Dakota | 6,878 | 3 | Wisconsin | 3,973 | 28 |
| Vermont | 6,824 | 4 | West Virginia | 3,957 | 29 |
| Delaware | 6,280 | 5 | Nevada | 3,837 | 30 |
| Connecticut | 6,237 | 6 | Nebraska | 3,806 | 31 |
| Massachusetts | 6,220 | 7 | Colorado | 3,736 | 32 |
| Minnesota | 6,106 | 8 | Michigan | 3,692 | 33 |
| New York | 5,942 | 9 | Kentucky | 3,671 | 34 |
| New Jersey | 5,693 | 10 | North Carolina | 3,639 | 35 |
| Illinois | 4,931 | 11 | Mississippi | 3,452 | 36 |
| Maryland | 4,755 | 12 | Arizona | 3,349 | 37 |
| Maine | 4,670 | 13 | Oklahoma | 3,304 | 38 |
| Washington | 4,660 | 14 | Alaska | 3,303 | 39 |
| Oregon | 4,437 | 15 | Tennessee | 3,253 | 40 |
| Rhode Island | 4,372 | 16 | Alabama | 3,232 | 41 |
| Indiana | 4,294 | 17 | Ohio | 3,178 | 42 |
| Kansas | 4,286 | 18 | Georgia | 3,145 | 43 |
| Virginia | 4,245 | 19 | Louisiana | 3,130 | 44 |
| Arkansas | 4,216 | 20 | South Carolina | 3,090 | 45 |
| Wyoming | 4,212 | 21 | Texas | 2,783 | 46 |
| Montana | 4,178 | 22 | South Dakota | 2,762 | 47 |
| Utah | 4,129 | 23 | Missouri | 2,737 | 48 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,125 | 24 | Florida | 2,713 | 49 |
| New Mexico | 4,063 | 25 | New Hampshire | 2,521 | 50 |

U.S. Average = \$4,401 per capita

Note: Vermont collects a majority of its taxes at the state level of government, while many states collect more taxes at the local level of government. This comparison of state-level only tax collections omits all local tax collections in Vermont and other states.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/stc.html

2021 State and Local Sales Tax Revenue Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|--------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| Washington | 3,530 | 1 | Alabama | 1,627 | 26 |
| Nevada | 2,870 | 2 | Maine | 1,622 | 27 |
| Hawaii | 2,847 | 3 | Oklahoma | 1,602 | 28 |
| Louisiana | 2,392 | 4 | Rhode Island | 1,598 | 29 |
| New Mexico | 2,324 | 5 | Iowa | 1,586 | 30 |
| Tennessee | 2,209 | 6 | Pennsylvania | 1,539 | 31 |
| South Dakota | 2,175 | 7 | Wyoming | 1,532 | 32 |
| Arkansas | 2,125 | 8 | North Carolina | 1,525 | 33 |
| New York | 2,077 | 9 | Maryland | 1,523 | 34 |
| Texas | 2,048 | 10 | Nebraska | 1,519 | 35 |
| Arizona | 1,994 | 11 | Idaho | 1,486 | 36 |
| Connecticut | 1,962 | 12 | Missouri | 1,440 | 37 |
| Colorado | 1,955 | 13 | Massachusetts | 1,366 | 38 |
| North Dakota | 1,853 | 14 | Kentucky | 1,357 | 39 |
| Kansas | 1,815 | 15 | Michigan | 1,353 | 40 |
| Illinois | 1,781 | 16 | Virginia | 1,347 | 41 |
| California | 1,771 | 17 | West Virginia | 1,323 | 42 |
| Utah | 1,764 | 18 | Georgia | 1,308 | 43 |
| Minnesota | 1,747 | 19 | South Carolina | 1,293 | 44 |
| Florida | 1,741 | 20 | Wisconsin | 1,287 | 45 |
| Indiana | 1,731 | 21 | Alaska | 605 | 46 |
| Mississippi | 1,713 | 22 | New Hampshire | 407 | 47 |
| Ohio | 1,713 | 23 | Oregon | 396 | 48 |
| New Jersey | 1,706 | 24 | Montana | 328 | 49 |
| Vermont | 1,650 | 25 | Delaware | 286 | 50 |

U.S. Average = \$1,755 per capita

Note: Data includes general and other selective sales taxes for a more accurate comparison.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/gov-finances.html

2022 State Personal Income Tax Revenue Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|----------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| California | 3,735 | 1 | Missouri | 1,449 | 26 |
| New York | 3,536 | 2 | West Virginia | 1,402 | 27 |
| Massachusetts | 3,490 | 3 | Kentucky | 1,371 | 28 |
| Oregon | 2,766 | 4 | Idaho | 1,362 | 29 |
| Connecticut | 2,736 | 5 | Pennsylvania | 1,336 | 30 |
| Minnesota | 2,646 | 6 | South Carolina | 1,320 | 31 |
| Hawaii | 2,599 | 7 | Michigan | 1,283 | 32 |
| Delaware | 2,393 | 8 | Arkansas | 1,228 | 33 |
| Virginia | 2,279 | 9 | Alabama | 1,206 | 34 |
| New Jersey | 2,226 | 10 | Oklahoma | 1,042 | 35 |
| Montana | 2,158 | 11 | Arizona | 1,035 | 36 |
| Utah | 2,040 | 12 | Louisiana | 968 | 37 |
| Colorado | 2,011 | 13 | Ohio | 956 | 38 |
| Maryland | 1,980 | 14 | Mississippi | 860 | 39 |
| Vermont | 1,960 | 15 | New Mexico | 615 | 40 |
| Maine | 1,879 | 16 | North Dakota | 608 | 41 |
| Illinois | 1,789 | 17 | New Hampshire | 111 | 42 |
| Rhode Island | 1,767 | 18 | Tennessee | 1 | 43 |
| Indiana | 1,724 | 19 | Alaska | N/A | |
| Georgia | 1,695 | 20 | Florida | N/A | |
| North Carolina | 1,672 | 21 | Nevada | N/A | |
| Nebraska | 1,649 | 22 | South Dakota | N/A | |
| Kansas | 1,646 | 23 | Texas | N/A | |
| Iowa | 1,556 | 24 | Washington | N/A | |
| Wisconsin | 1,530 | 25 | Wyoming | N/A | |
| | | | | | |

U.S. Average = \$1,679 per capita

Note: This is a comparison of state-level tax collections only.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/stc.html

2022 State Corporate Income Tax Revenue Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|---------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| California | 1175 | 1 | Rhode Island | 265 | 26 |
| Connecticut | 968 | 2 | Montana | 263 | 27 |
| New Jersey | 934 | 3 | Colorado | 260 | 28 |
| New Hampshire | 874 | 4 | Kentucky | 259 | 29 |
| Minnesota | 827 | 5 | Mississippi | 241 | 30 |
| Illinois | 759 | 6 | Georgia | 233 | 31 |
| Massachusetts | 658 | 7 | South Carolina | 232 | 32 |
| Alaska | 562 | 8 | Virginia | 229 | 33 |
| Idaho | 547 | 9 | Indiana | 226 | 34 |
| Wisconsin | 498 | 10 | Louisiana | 225 | 35 |
| Delaware | 496 | 11 | Hawaii | 218 | 36 |
| Tennessee | 431 | 12 | West Virginia | 205 | 37 |
| New York | 392 | 13 | Oklahoma | 203 | 38 |
| Pennsylvania | 385 | 14 | Michigan | 179 | 39 |
| Vermont | 372 | 15 | Florida | 173 | 40 |
| Nebraska | 364 | 16 | Arizona | 160 | 41 |
| Oregon | 350 | 17 | North Carolina | 154 | 42 |
| Maryland | 347 | 18 | New Mexico | 146 | 43 |
| Maine | 302 | 19 | Missouri | 122 | 44 |
| Kansas | 296 | 20 | South Dakota | 69 | 45 |
| North Dakota | 295 | 21 | Ohio | 0 | 46 |
| Alabama | 290 | 22 | Nevada | N/A | |
| Utah | 280 | 23 | Texas | N/A | |
| Arkansas | 273 | 24 | Washington | N/A | |
| Iowa | 269 | 25 | Wyoming | N/A | |
| | | | | | |

U.S. Average = \$402 per capita

Note: This is a comparison of state-level tax collections only.

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/stc.html

2021 State & Local Property Tax Revenue Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|---------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| New Jersey | 3,537 | 1 | South Dakota | 1,676 | 26 |
| New Hampshire | 3,328 | 2 | Michigan | 1,656 | 27 |
| Connecticut | 3,318 | 3 | Florida | 1,642 | 28 |
| New York | 3,302 | 4 | Hawaii | 1,599 | 29 |
| Vermont | 3,010 | 5 | North Dakota | 1,565 | 30 |
| Maine | 2,861 | 6 | Ohio | 1,547 | 31 |
| Massachusetts | 2,797 | 7 | Georgia | 1,405 | 32 |
| Rhode Island | 2,463 | 8 | South Carolina | 1,396 | 33 |
| Illinois | 2,443 | 9 | Missouri | 1,337 | 34 |
| Alaska | 2,329 | 10 | Arizona | 1,267 | 35 |
| Texas | 2,242 | 11 | Utah | 1,250 | 36 |
| Nebraska | 2,172 | 12 | Nevada | 1,227 | 37 |
| Wyoming | 2,167 | 13 | Indiana | 1,214 | 38 |
| Colorado | 2,080 | 14 | Mississippi | 1,202 | 39 |
| California | 2,078 | 15 | Idaho | 1,140 | 40 |
| Iowa | 1,941 | 16 | North Carolina | 1,135 | 41 |
| Virginia | 1,918 | 17 | Delaware | 1,120 | 42 |
| Washington | 1,905 | 18 | West Virginia | 1,073 | 43 |
| Montana | 1,873 | 19 | Louisiana | 987 | 44 |
| Minnesota | 1,870 | 20 | Kentucky | 968 | 45 |
| Oregon | 1,818 | 21 | New Mexico | 935 | 46 |
| Maryland | 1,815 | 22 | Tennessee | 932 | 47 |
| Kansas | 1,790 | 23 | Oklahoma | 924 | 48 |
| Wisconsin | 1,778 | 24 | Arkansas | 837 | 49 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,680 | 25 | Alabama | 662 | 50 |

U.S. Average = \$1,901 per capita

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/gov-finances.html

2021 Direct Government Expenditures Per Capita

| State | Revenue | Rank | State | Revenue | Rank |
|---------------|---------|------|----------------|---------|------|
| Alaska | 22,377 | 1 | Kentucky | 12,134 | 26 |
| New York | 20,269 | 2 | Louisiana | 12,128 | 27 |
| Wyoming | 19,694 | 3 | Wisconsin | 12,127 | 28 |
| California | 18,745 | 4 | Virginia | 12,117 | 29 |
| Vermont | 17,906 | 5 | Montana | 11,775 | 30 |
| Massachusetts | 16,695 | 6 | Michigan | 11,730 | 31 |
| Oregon | 16,497 | 7 | Texas | 11,693 | 32 |
| North Dakota | 15,456 | 8 | Maine | 11,689 | 33 |
| Washington | 15,099 | 9 | West Virginia | 11,676 | 34 |
| Hawaii | 15,078 | 10 | South Carolina | 11,387 | 35 |
| New Mexico | 14,652 | 11 | South Dakota | 11,371 | 36 |
| Delaware | 14,597 | 12 | Mississippi | 11,273 | 37 |
| Rhode Island | 14,481 | 13 | Alabama | 11,144 | 38 |
| Minnesota | 14,339 | 14 | New Hampshire | 10,920 | 39 |
| New Jersey | 14,003 | 15 | Nevada | 10,894 | 40 |
| Nebraska | 13,938 | 16 | Indiana | 10,870 | 41 |
| Illinois | 13,895 | 17 | North Carolina | 10,821 | 42 |
| Maryland | 13,733 | 18 | Arizona | 10,638 | 43 |
| Colorado | 13,699 | 19 | Missouri | 10,623 | 44 |
| Pennsylvania | 13,606 | 20 | Arkansas | 10,535 | 45 |
| Iowa | 13,327 | 21 | Florida | 10,443 | 46 |
| Connecticut | 13,146 | 22 | Oklahoma | 10,326 | 47 |
| Ohio | 12,477 | 23 | Tennessee | 10,094 | 48 |
| Utah | 12,376 | 24 | Georgia | 10,047 | 49 |
| Kansas | 12,269 | 25 | Idaho | 9,387 | 50 |
| | | | | | |

U.S. Average = \$13,591 per capita

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/gov-finances.html

PART II — GENERAL REFERENCE

DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographics

Vermont's population stood at 647,464 as of July 1, 2023, according to estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. That's up from 643,077 as of April 1, 2020, based on the recent Decennial Census. And, contrary to estimates made in the latter years of the last decade, the state's population has increased from 625,879 as of July 1, 2010.

Behind those aggregate numbers, however, lie notable shifts in how the population is distributed across age groups. The remainder of this section compares the distribution by age in 2010 and 2022, the most recent year with detailed data available.

Vermont's Population Growth Since 2010

Comparing population totals as of July 1 in 2010 and 2022 suggests an increase of more than 21,000 people. Differences across age groups were significant, however.

- The number of Vermonters ages 65 to 79 increased by about two-thirds, up about 44,000, as many baby boomers moved into their retirement years.
- The number of younger working-age people, ages 25 to 39, increased by 12,000.
- The number of children, ages 0 to 17, declined by 14,000.
- The number of mid-career working-age people, ages 40 to 54, decreased by about 28,000.
- Our understanding of recent population changes associated with the pandemic will be clearer once the Census Bureau adjusts the 2011 to 2019 estimates to align with the 2020 Census.

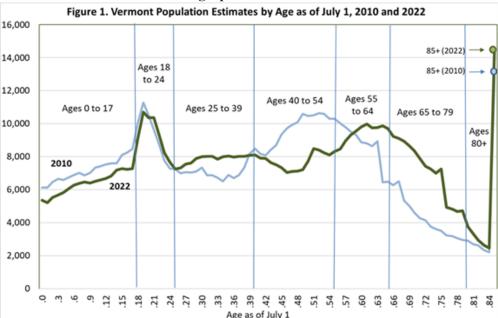
Estimates of the Population by Age, 2022 and 2010

Currently, the 2022 population estimates represent the best available data on the number of Vermonters by age. They are informed by the 2020 Census as well as vital statistics on births and deaths, data on domestic and international migration, and Medicare enrollment. The 2010 Census represents a detailed look at Vermont's population in that year. The postcensal estimates for 2011 through 2019 were based on the much smaller American Community Survey and will be revised in the fall of 2024 using data from the 2020 Census. As a result, 2010 is the most recent year with reliable numbers to compare to the 2022 estimate. All reported estimates are as of July 1 (see Figure 1). Because the number of individuals ages 85 and older are reported in a single group, Figure 1 shows a dramatic increase between ages 84 and 85 that does not reflect actual age distribution.

The aging of the baby boom generation is the most noticeable change in the age distribution of Vermont's population since 2010. From 2010 to 2022, the 65 to 79 age group saw a remarkable increase of about 44,000, or 67 percent. That increase is the largest of any age group and more than double the overall population gain of about 21,000 people (see Table 1 for exact numbers). The baby boomers, defined as those born from 1946 to 1964, were ages 46 to 64 in 2010. Further aging of the baby boomers suggests that Vermont's labor force will continue to shrink for some time without substantial in-migration and immigration of working-age people.

The biggest decline by age group was among working-age people ages 40 to 54. That age group saw a drop of more than 28,000 from 2010 to 2022, as younger baby

Demographics — continued



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Single Year of Age and Sex for Vermont: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 (SC-EST2019-SYASEX-50); Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Single Year of Age and Sex for Vermont: April 1, 2020 to July 1, 2022 (SC-EST2022-SYASEX-50).

boomers aged out and some members of the Gen X (born 1965 to 1980) and Millennial (born 1981 to 1996) cohorts moved into their 40s and 50s. The smaller (relative to baby boomers) Gen X cohort partly explains why the labor force in Vermont today is smaller than it was in 2010.

Three age groups remained relatively stable in size. The number of young people ages 18 to 24 rose by about 500 between 2010 and 2022 as Vermont continued to attract young people to its institutions of higher learning. Older working-age people and early retirees, ages 50 to 64, grew by about 3,000. The number of Vermonters ages 80 and older increased by about 3,900. The uptick in the eldest Vermonters might have been larger, but as of January 7, 2023, COVID-19 had taken the lives of 498 Vermonters in that age group.

Over the last 12 years, the number of children continued to fall. From 2010 to 2022, the number of children ages 0 to 17 declined by about 14,000, or about 11 percent. Fewer children in schools leads to higher per pupil expenditures in many cases and may signal smaller working-age cohorts in the future.

For additional information on the changing shares of Vermont's population by age group and various considerations for policy makers, see the recent JFO Issue Brief available at https://ljfo.vermont.gov/assets/Subjects/Demographics/eafc5a1be4/Issue-Brief-VT_Demographics_in_2022.pdf.

Demographics — continued

| Table 1. Vermont Population by Age Group, 2010 and 2022 | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|--|
| | 2010 | 2022 | Change | Percentage Change | |
| 0-17 | 128,792 | 114,757 | -14,035 | -10.9% | |
| 18-24 | 65,214 | 65,681 | 467 | 0.7% | |
| 25-39 | 105,734 | 117,662 | 11,928 | 11.3% | |
| 40-54 | 143,988 | 115,796 | -28,192 | -19.6% | |
| 55-64 | 90,605 | 93,717 | 3,112 | 3.4% | |
| 65-79 | 65,907 | 109,890 | 43,983 | 66.7% | |
| 80 + | 25,639 | 29,561 | 3,922 | 15.3% | |
| Total | 625,879 | 647,064 | 21,185 | 3.4% | |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Estimates as of July 1 based on 2010 Decennial Census and 2022 Population Estimates

ECONOMIC MEASURES

Economic Measures

Vermont Gross State Product

The gross state product (GSP), also referred to as gross domestic product (GDP) by state, is a broad measure of economic output consisting of the value added in production by the labor and capital located in a state. GDP for a state is derived as the sum of the GDP originating in all industries in the state.

Relevant Inflation and Other Economic Measures Consensus JFO and Administration Forecast - November 2023

Vermont Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Nominal Dollars Fiscal Year Basis

| | | | | \$ | |
|------|---------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| | \$ Bill | %ch | | Billions | %ch |
| 1981 | 5.2 | 11.3% | 2007 | 24.4 | 1.6% |
| 1982 | 5.6 | 8.0% | 2008 | 25.5 | 4.3% |
| 1983 | 6.0 | 7.3% | 2009 | 26.0 | 2.0% |
| 1984 | 6.7 | 10.6% | 2010 | 26.7 | 2.7% |
| 1985 | 7.2 | 8.7% | 2011 | 27.9 | 4.5% |
| 1986 | 8.0 | 9.9% | 2012 | 29.1 | 4.2% |
| 1987 | 8.6 | 8.5% | 2013 | 29.2 | 0.5% |
| 1988 | 9.7 | 12.0% | 2014 | 29.4 | 0.6% |
| 1989 | 10.8 | 11.9% | 2015 | 30.7 | 4.3% |
| 1990 | 11.6 | 7.6% | 2016 | 31.3 | 2.0% |
| 1991 | 11.7 | 0.7% | 2017 | 32.0 | 2.1% |
| 1992 | 12.2 | 4.4% | 2018 | 32.7 | 2.4% |
| 1993 | 13.0 | 6.5% | 2019 | 33.5 | 2.4% |
| 1994 | 13.6 | 4.3% | 2020 | 33.9 | 1.1% |
| 1995 | 13.9 | 2.3% | 2021 | 35.6 | 5.0% |
| 1996 | 14.3 | 2.5% | 2022 | 38.9 | 9.5% |
| 1997 | 15.1 | 6.1% | 2023 | 42.1 | 8.0% |
| 1998 | 15.7 | 3.9% | 2024 | 44.0 | 4.7% |
| 1999 | 16.5 | 5.1% | 2025 | 46.0 | 4.4% |
| 2000 | 17.9 | 8.2% | 2026 | 48.3 | 5.0% |
| 2001 | 18.9 | 5.4% | 2027 | 50.6 | 4.8% |
| 2002 | 19.8 | 4.8% | 2028 | 52.9 | 4.6% |
| 2003 | 20.6 | 4.3% | | | |
| 2004 | 22.2 | 7.9% | *proj | ections in | box |
| 2005 | 23.3 | 4.8% | | | |

3.1%

2006

24.0

Economic Measures - continued

U.S. Consumer Price Index. Urban Consumer. All Items

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services.

Relevant Inflation and Other Economic Measures Consensus Joint Fiscal Office and Administration Forecast - November 2023

> U.S. Consumer Price Index Urban Consumer, All Items Calendar Year Basis 1982-1984 = 100

| | Index | %ch | | Index | %ch |
|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1981 | 95.7 | 10.4% | 2007 | 207.3 | 2.9% |
| 1982 | 96.5 | 6.2% | 2008 | 215.3 | 3.8% |
| 1983 | 99.6 | 3.2% | 2009 | 214.6 | -0.3% |
| 1984 | 103.9 | 4.4% | 2010 | 218.1 | 1.6% |
| 1985 | 107.6 | 3.5% | 2011 | 224.9 | 3.1% |
| 1986 | 109.7 | 1.9% | 2012 | 229.6 | 2.1% |
| 1987 | 113.6 | 3.7% | 2013 | 233.0 | 1.5% |
| 1988 | 118.3 | 4.1% | 2014 | 236.7 | 1.6% |
| 1989 | 123.9 | 4.8% | 2015 | 237.0 | 0.1% |
| 1990 | 130.7 | 5.4% | 2016 | 240.0 | 1.3% |
| 1991 | 136.2 | 4.2% | 2017 | 245.1 | 2.1% |
| 1992 | 140.3 | 3.0% | 2018 | 251.1 | 2.4% |
| 1993 | 144.5 | 3.0% | 2019 | 255.6 | 1.8% |
| 1994 | 148.2 | 2.6% | 2020 | 258.8 | 1.2% |
| 1995 | 152.4 | 2.8% | 2021 | 271.0 | 4.7% |
| 1996 | 156.9 | 2.9% | 2022 | 292.6 | 8.0% |
| 1997 | 160.5 | 2.3% | 2023 | 304.9 | 4.2% |
| 1998 | 163.0 | 1.5% | 2024 | 314.7 | 3.2% |
| 1999 | 166.6 | 2.2% | 2025 | 323.2 | 2.7% |
| 2000 | 172.2 | 3.4% | 2026 | 331.6 | 2.6% |
| 2001 | 177.0 | 2.8% | 2027 | 339.8 | 2.5% |
| 2002 | 179.9 | 1.6% | 2028 | 348.3 | 2.5% |
| 2003 | 184.0 | 2.3% | | | |
| 2004 | 188.9 | 2.7% | *proj | ections in | box |
| 2005 | 195.3 | 3.4% | | | |

3.2%

2006

201.6

Economic Measures - continued

U.S. State & Local Government Deflator

The state & local government deflator is a measure of price inflation in state and local government expenditures. Due to the distribution of state and local government expenditures, it is heavily weighted by wages and salaries, but covers the entire range of state and local government purchases.

Relevant Inflation and Other Economic Measures Consensus Joint Fiscal Office and Administration Forecast - November 2023

U.S. State and Local Government NIPA Chain Weighted Deflator Fiscal Year Basis Calendar 2012 = 100

| | Index | %ch | | Index | %ch |
|------|-------|------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1981 | 31.8 | NA | 2007 | 85.9 | 5.0% |
| 1982 | 34.3 | 7.9% | 2008 | 90.6 | 5.5% |
| 1983 | 36.3 | 5.7% | 2009 | 92.4 | 2.0% |
| 1984 | 37.7 | 4.1% | 2010 | 93.3 | 0.9% |
| 1985 | 39.3 | 4.2% | 2011 | 96.3 | 3.2% |
| 1986 | 40.7 | 3.5% | 2012 | 98.8 | 2.7% |
| 1987 | 42.2 | 3.7% | 2013 | 101.6 | 2.8% |
| 1988 | 43.9 | 4.1% | 2014 | 104.7 | 3.0% |
| 1989 | 45.6 | 3.9% | 2015 | 105.8 | 1.1% |
| 1990 | 47.9 | 4.9% | 2016 | 105.5 | -0.3% |
| 1991 | 50.2 | 4.8% | 2017 | 106.9 | 1.4% |
| 1992 | 51.8 | 3.2% | 2018 | 110.7 | 3.6% |
| 1993 | 53.5 | 3.2% | 2019 | 114.2 | 3.1% |
| 1994 | 54.6 | 2.1% | 2020 | 116.0 | 1.6% |
| 1995 | 56.2 | 3.0% | 2021 | 120.6 | 3.9% |
| 1996 | 57.5 | 2.3% | 2022 | 131.1 | 8.7% |
| 1997 | 58.8 | 2.3% | 2023 | 139.6 | 6.5% |
| 1998 | 60.0 | 2.0% | 2024 | 144.2 | 3.3% |
| 1999 | 61.6 | 2.8% | 2025 | 148.8 | 3.2% |
| 2000 | 64.5 | 4.7% | 2026 | 153.1 | 2.9% |
| 2001 | 67.4 | 4.5% | 2027 | 157.1 | 2.6% |
| 2002 | 68.9 | 2.1% | 2028 | 161.1 | 2.6% |
| 2003 | 71.0 | 3.1% | | | |
| 2004 | 73.3 | 3.2% | *proj | ections in | box |
| 2005 | 77.5 | 5.7% | | | |

2006

81.7

Economic Measures - continued

Vermont House Price Index

The House Price Index is a broad measure of the movement of single-family house values in Vermont.

> Relevant Inflation and Other Economic Measures Consensus Joint Fiscal Office and Administration Forecast - November 2023

> > FHFA - Vermont House Price Index Calendar Year Basis 1980 Q1 = 100

| | Index | %ch | | Index | %ch |
|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1981 | 95.7 | -7.7% | 2007 | 458.1 | 2.6% |
| 1982 | 115.4 | 20.5% | 2008 | 457.2 | -0.2% |
| 1983 | 118.3 | 2.5% | 2009 | 446.9 | -2.2% |
| 1984 | 124.7 | 5.4% | 2010 | 440.6 | -1.4% |
| 1985 | 134.8 | 8.1% | 2011 | 436.6 | -0.9% |
| 1986 | 150.4 | 11.6% | 2012 | 437.5 | 0.2% |
| 1987 | 171.8 | 14.2% | 2013 | 437.2 | -0.1% |
| 1988 | 196.5 | 14.3% | 2014 | 437.0 | 0.0% |
| 1989 | 213.1 | 8.5% | 2015 | 445.1 | 1.8% |
| 1990 | 215.8 | 1.3% | 2016 | 451.1 | 1.4% |
| 1991 | 213.4 | -1.1% | 2017 | 461.4 | 2.3% |
| 1992 | 215.4 | 0.9% | 2018 | 475.3 | 3.0% |
| 1993 | 217.4 | 0.9% | 2019 | 493.0 | 3.7% |
| 1994 | 217.8 | 0.2% | 2020 | 518.3 | 5.1% |
| 1995 | 219.4 | 0.7% | 2021 | 591.1 | 14.0% |
| 1996 | 222.4 | 1.3% | 2022 | 698.1 | 18.1% |
| 1997 | 224.5 | 1.0% | 2023 | 756.1 | 8.3% |
| 1998 | 229.9 | 2.4% | 2024 | 757.9 | 0.2% |
| 1999 | 239.7 | 4.3% | 2025 | 747.1 | -1.4% |
| 2000 | 257.1 | 7.3% | 2026 | 744.2 | -0.4% |
| 2001 | 276.9 | 7.7% | 2027 | 757.2 | 1.7% |
| 2002 | 298.2 | 7.7% | 2028 | 779.4 | 2.9% |
| 2003 | 319.9 | 7.3% | | | |
| 2004 | 362.7 | 13.4% | *proj | ections in | box |
| 2005 | 413.5 | 14.0% | | | |
| 2006 | 446.5 | 8.0% | | | |

REVENUE—DETAILS

Major Vermont Tax Sources

Vermont has three major funds into which most tax revenue is deposited; the General Fund, the Transportation Fund and the Education Fund. There are also a number of special funds. The revenue from the tax sources described below are dedicated to the General Fund unless otherwise indicated.

This section contains brief descriptions of the tax base and rate for each type of tax. Additional detailed information and history is included in other sections for some of the major tax types. The list below is organized by the amount of revenue generated by the tax.

The Joint Fiscal Office performs a comprehensive decennial study of Vermont taxes. The most recent study was released in January 2017.

Individual Income Tax

Vermont individual income tax begins at federal Adjusted Gross Income, which is adjusted to calculate Vermont taxable income. Vermont has four state specific tax brackets and rates established in 2018. From 2002 to 2018, the State had five tax brackets. Prior to 2002, Vermont individual income tax was calculated as a percentage of federal tax liability.

Sales & Use Tax

Vermont has a 6% general tax on retail sales. As of fiscal year 2019, the Education Fund receives 100% of this revenue. Previously, the General Fund received 64% of the revenue and 36% was dedicated to the Education Fund. Vermont also allows a 1% local option sales tax in some municipalities.

Meals & Rooms Tax

A tax of 9% is imposed on taxable meals and the rent of each room occupancy less than thirty days in length. The alcohol portion of the meals tax is 10%. Vermont also allows a 1% local option tax in some municipalities. As of fiscal year 2020, 25% of this revenue is dedicated to the Education Fund, 69% of the revenue is dedicated to the General Fund, while the remaining 6% is dedicated to the Clean Water Fund.

| Corporate Income Tax Table | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Taxable Income Bracket | Tax Rate | | |
| \$0 up to \$10,000 | 6.00% | | |
| \$10,001 up to \$25,000 | 7.00% | | |
| \$25,001 and over | 8.50% | | |

Major Vermont Tax Sources - continued

Corporate Income Tax

The net income of C-corporations is taxed according to the state rate and bracket schedule. The apportionment formula considers only the share of sales in Vermont relative to total nationwide sales. Vermont requires unitary combined reporting.

| Corporate Income Minimu | Corporate Income Minimum Tax Table | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Vermont Gross Receipts | Minimum Tax | | |
| \$0 up to \$500,000 | \$100 | | |
| \$500,000 up to \$1,000,000 | \$500 | | |
| \$1,000,000 up to \$5,000,000 | \$2,000 | | |
| \$5,000,000 up to \$300,000,000 | \$6,000 | | |
| \$300,000,000 and over | \$100,000 | | |

Cigarette and Tobacco Products Taxes

The tax on all cigarettes is \$3.08 per pack effective July 1, 2015. The tax on other tobacco products and e-cigarettes is at a rate of 92% of the wholesale price, except snuff and new smokeless tobacco, which is \$2.57 per ounce. Both cigarettes and other tobacco products are additionally subject to the sales tax.

Insurance Premiums Taxes

Traditional insurance companies are taxed at a rate of 2% per year on the gross amount of premiums written in Vermont. Captive insurance companies are taxed on the volume of premiums written for direct premiums and assumed reinsurance premiums. Insurance companies are exempt from the corporate income tax.

| Captive Insurance Tax Table | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
| Volume | Direct Premiums | Reinsurance | | |
| (\$ millions) | Rate (%) | Rate (%) | | |
| 0 - 20 | 0.38 | 0.214 | | |
| 20 - 40 | 0.285 | 0.143 | | |
| 40 - 60 | 0.19 | 0.048 | | |
| 60 and over | 0.072 | 0.024 | | |

Property Transfer Tax

A real property transfer tax is imposed on the transfer of property located within the state. The first 2% of the revenue collected is retained by the Tax Department. The remaining 98% is distributed as follows: (33%) to the General Fund, (50%) to the Housing and Conservation Trust Fund, and (17%) to the Municipal and Regional Planning Fund. A surcharge of 0.2%

Major Vermont Tax Sources - continued

is dedicated to the Clean Water Fund. The tax is applied to both transfers of deed and transfers of stock/controlling interests.

| Property Transfer Tax and 0.2% Water Quality Surcharge Table | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Property Type | First \$100K | Over \$100K | | |
| Principal Residence | 0.50% | 1.25% + 0.2% | | |
| VHFA, VHCB, USDA (first | No Tax 1.25% + (0.2% on amou | | | |
| \$110K) | above \$200K) | | | |
| All Other | 1.25% + 0.2% | | | |

Estate Tax

The estate tax is a flat 16% on the value over the exclusion amount of \$5 million beginning January 1, 2021. Any revenue greater than 125% of the previous July forecast is dedicated to the Higher Education Trust Fund.

Liquor Tax

A tax based on gross revenues is assessed on the sale of spirituous liquor. Sales tax is also applied to liquor. The tax is a flat 5% of gross receipts.

Cannabis Excise Tax

The cannabis excise tax is a 14% tax on the retail sales of cannabis and cannabis products. 30% of the revenue from this tax is allocated to substance misuse prevention funding.

Child Care Contribution (Payroll Tax)

The Child Care Contribution is 0.44% on employee wages and 0.11% on self-employment net-income.

Bank Franchise Tax

The tax rate is 0.0096% of average monthly deposits in Vermont. Banks are exempt from the corporate income tax.

Telephone Property Tax and Telephone Co. (Gross) Receipts Tax

The telephone property tax is 2.37% of the net book value of all of personal property within Vermont on the preceding December 31.

The telephone company receipts tax is an alternative tax that may be elected in lieu of the property tax described above for companies with less than \$50 million in gross operating receipts and is limited to those that made the election the previous year. The tax is between 2.25% and 5.25% of gross operating revenue.

Major Vermont Tax Sources - continued

Fuel Tax (formerly Fuel Gross Receipts)

A tax of 0.2 cents per gallon on fuel including heating oil, kerosene, propane, and certain dyed diesel fuels. Natural gas and coal are 0.75% of gross receipts and electricity is 0.5% of gross receipts. This revenue is dedicated to the Home Weatherization Assistance Fund.

Beverage Taxes (Wine & Beer)

Excise taxes are levied on bottlers and wholesalers of malt and vinous beverages, which also includes hard ciders and "ready-to-drink" spirit beverages.

The tax rate for up to 6% ABV beers and 7% ABV or lower ciders is 26.5 cents per gallon. The tax rate of wine and 6% or higher ABV beer and 7% ABV or higher ciders is 55 cents per gallon. "Ready-to-drink" spirit beverages are taxed at \$1.10 per gallon.

Sales tax is also applied to these beverages.

Land Gains Tax

This tax is on the gain made from the sale of land located in VT and held by the seller for less than 6 years. The rate is in inverse proportion to the holding period and between 5% and 80% of the gain.

Land Use Change Tax

This tax is assessed if land enrolled in the use value appraisal program (Current Use Program) is developed.

Railroad Tax

This tax is assessed on the appraised value of property and corporate franchise of each railroad company located in whole or part within Vermont. The revenue is split between the State and the town where the railroad property is located.

2023 FEDERAL **Personal Income Tax Rates and Brackets**

| | Mar | ried] | Filing Join | tly | |
|-------------|--------------|--------|-------------|---------------|-----------|
| Federal Tax | able Income | | - | Tax Liability | |
| Over | But not over | | Dov | Plus % on | of amount |
| Over | But not over | | Pay | excess | over |
| 0 | 22,000 | \$ | - | 10.0% | 0 |
| 22,001 | 89,450 | \$ | 2,200 | 12.0% | 22,000 |
| 89,451 | 1,901,750 | \$ | 10,294 | 22.0% | 89,450 |
| 1,901,751 | 364,200 | \$ | 409,000 | 24.0% | 1,901,750 |
| 364,201 | 462,500 | \$ | 39,987 | 32.0% | 364,200 |
| 462,501 | 693,750 | \$ | 71,443 | 35.0% | 462,500 |
| 693,751 | and over | \$ | 152,380 | 37.0% | 693,750 |
| | | | Standar | d Deduction: | 27,700 |

| | Single Individuals | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---------|------------------|----------------|--|
| Federal Tax | able Income | | , | Tax Liability | | |
| Over | But not over | | Pay | Plus % on excess | Of amount over | |
| 0 | 11,000 | \$ | - | 10.0% | 0 | |
| 11,001 | 44,725 | \$ | 1,100 | 12.0% | 11,000 | |
| 44,726 | 95,375 | \$ | 5,147 | 22.0% | 44,725 | |
| 95,376 | 182,100 | \$ | 16,290 | 24.0% | 95,375 | |
| 182,101 | 231,250 | \$ | 37,103 | 32.0% | 182,100 | |
| 231,251 | 578,125 | \$ | 52,831 | 35.0% | 231,250 | |
| 578,126 | and over | \$ | 174,237 | 37.0% | 578,125 | |
| | | | Standar | d Deduction: | 13,850 | |

| | Head of Household | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|---------|---------------|-----------|--|
| Federal Tax | able Income | | - | Tax Liability | | |
| Over | But not over | Dov | | Plus % on | Of amount | |
| Over | But not over | | Pay | excess | over | |
| 0 | 15,700 | \$ | - | 10.0% | 0 | |
| 15,701 | 59,850 | \$ | 1,570 | 12.0% | 15,700 | |
| 59,851 | 95,350 | \$ | 6,868 | 22.0% | 59,850 | |
| 95,351 | 182,100 | \$ | 14,678 | 24.0% | 95,350 | |
| 182,101 | 231,250 | \$ | 35,498 | 32.0% | 182,100 | |
| 231,251 | 578,100 | \$ | 51,226 | 35.0% | 231,250 | |
| 578,101 | and over | \$ | 172,623 | 37.0% | 578,100 | |
| | | | Standar | d Deduction: | 20,800 | |

2023 VERMONT
Personal Income Tax Rates and Brackets

| | Marri | ied F | iling Join | tly | |
|-------------|--------------|-------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| Vermont Tax | kable Income | | | Tax Liability | 7 |
| Over | But not over | | Pay | Plus % on | of amount |
| | | | 1 ay | excess | over |
| 0 | 75,850 | \$ | - | 3.35% | 0 |
| 75,851 | 183,400 | \$ | 2,541 | 6.60% | 75,850 |
| 183,401 | 279,450 | \$ | 9,639 | 7.60% | 183,400 |
| 279,451 | and over | \$ | 16,939 | 8.75% | 279,450 |

| | Sin | gle Ir | ndividual | S | |
|--------------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| Vermont Taxa | ble Income | | | Tax Liability | 7 |
| Over I | But not over | | Pay | Plus % on | of amount |
| | | | гау | excess | over |
| 0 | 45,400 | \$ | - | 3.35% | 0 |
| 45,401 | 110,050 | \$ | 1,521 | 6.60% | 45,400 |
| 110,051 | 229,550 | \$ | 5,788 | 7.60% | 110,050 |
| 229,551 | and over | \$ | 14,870 | 8.75% | 229,550 |

| | Hea | d of 1 | Househol | d | |
|---------------|-------------|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| Vermont Taxal | ole Income | | | Tax Liability | 7 |
| Over B | ut not over | | Pay | Plus % on | of amount |
| | | | 1 ay | excess | over |
| 0 | 60,850 | \$ | - | 3.35% | 0 |
| 60,851 | 157,150 | \$ | 2,038 | 6.60% | 60,850 |
| 157,151 | 254,500 | \$ | 8,394 | 7.60% | 157,150 |
| 254,501 | and over | \$ | 15,793 | 8.75% | 254,500 |

| | Married | l Fili | ng Separ | ately | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| Vermont Tax | able Income | | | Tax Liability | 7 |
| Over | But not over | | Pay | Plus % on | of amount |
| Over But not over | | | Гау | excess | over |
| 0 | 60,850 | \$ | - | 3.35% | 0 |
| 60,851 | 157,150 | \$ | 2,038 | 6.60% | 60,850 |
| 157,151 | 254,500 | \$ | 8,394 | 7.60% | 157,150 |
| 254,501 | and over | \$ | 15,793 | 8.75% | 254,500 |

| | | 2022 Vern | 2022 Vermont Individual Income Tax Returns by AGI Income Class | ne Tax Returns by | AGI Income | Class | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------|--|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| AGI Income Class [1] # Returns | # Returns | Federal AGI | Vermont AGI | Adjusted Vermont Tax | Nonrefunda Refundable ble Credits Credits | Refundable Credits | Net VT Tax [2] | Average Tax Paid [3] | Effective Rate [4] |
| Negative | 2,500 | -146,222,620 | -146,222,620 | 351,619 | 10,747 | 157,774 | 183,098 | 73 | N/A |
| 0.01 - 4999 | 21,916 | 46,429,682 | 46,229,284 | 14,218 | 3,613 | 1,377,369 | -1,366,764 | -62 | -2.9% |
| 5,000 - 9,999 | 18,857 | 141,216,959 | 139,995,093 | 245,110 | 27,887 | 2,791,696 | -2,574,473 | -137 | -1.8% |
| 10,000 - 14,999 | 17,439 | 216,860,576 | 213,930,638 | 1,030,475 | 35,755 | 4,395,055 | -3,400,335 | -195 | -1.6% |
| 15,000 - 19,999 | 14,781 | 258,187,116 | 253,836,077 | 2,251,663 | 66,239 | 5,181,857 | -2,996,433 | -203 | -1.2% |
| 20,000 - 24,999 | 13,713 | 308,295,702 | 302,030,823 | 3,521,125 | 83,761 | 4,678,547 | -1,241,183 | -91 | -0.4% |
| 25,000 - 29,999 | 14,195 | 390,586,725 | 382,313,346 | 5,601,535 | 154,248 | 4,525,581 | 921,706 | 65 | 0.2% |
| 30,000 - 34,999 | 15,121 | 491,461,291 | 481,105,413 | 8,098,182 | 164,651 | 4,047,996 | 3,885,535 | 257 | %8.0 |
| 35,000 - 39,999 | 16,214 | 608,161,910 | 597,383,548 | 11,160,080 | 216,659 | 3,611,560 | 7,331,861 | 452 | 1.2% |
| 40,000 - 44,999 | 15,931 | 676,699,132 | 665,530,919 | 13,353,084 | 244,465 | 2,566,768 | 10,541,851 | 662 | 1.6% |
| 45,000 - 49,999 | 14,435 | 684,915,541 | 672,614,579 | 14,177,078 | 674,154 | 1,649,385 | 11,853,539 | 821 | 1.7% |
| 50,000 - 59,999 | 25,253 | 1,383,696,977 | 1,361,535,968 | 31,203,638 | 634,354 | 2,488,838 | 28,080,446 | 1,112 | 2.0% |

1,747 2.6%

50,354,973

51,554,227 1,199,254 3,001,763

1,901,234,124

1,931,922,793

28,825

2022 Vermont Individual Income Tax Returns by AGI Income Class

| AGI Income Class [1] # Returns | # Returns | Federal AGI | Vermont AGI | Adjusted Vermont Tax | Credits | VT EITC [2] | Average Net VT Tax [3] Tax Paid [4] | Average Tax Paid [4] | Effective Rate [5] |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 75,000 - 99,999 | 32,932 | 2,854,794,233 | 2,800,047,805 | 83,846,238 | 2,589,744 | 4,605,946 | 81,256,494 | 2,467 | 2,467 2.8% |
| 100,000 - 124,999 | 23,460 | 2,620,856,679 | 2,572,597,010 | 86,276,768 | 2,743,475 | 4,206,985 | 83,533,293 | 3,561 | 3.2% |
| 125,000 - 149,999 | 15,504 | 2,117,518,179 | 2,078,427,332 | 79,919,036 | 2,917,897 | 2,451,992 | 74,549,147 | 4,808 | 3.5% |
| 150,000 - 199,999 | 16,508 | 2,829,266,091 | 2,763,671,786 | 121,266,795 | 5,000,469 | 1,095,493 | 115,170,833 | 6,977 | 4.1% |
| 2 200,000 - 299,999 | 11,285 | 2,701,340,388 | 2,617,795,239 | 135,331,965 | 6,600,049 | 473,278 | 128,258,638 | 11,365 | 4.7% |
| 300,000 - 499,999 | 5,672 | 2,133,069,983 | 2,053,765,532 | 128,625,155 | 8,436,684 | 205,071 | 119,983,400 | 21,154 | 5.6% |
| 500,000 - 999,999 | 2,501 | 1,664,479,734 | 1,594,869,768 | 115,269,108 11,219,075 | 11,219,075 | 77,622 | 103,972,411 | 41,572 | 6.2% |
| 1,000,000 + | 1,059 | 3,039,937,189 | 2,771,795,340 | 231,214,745 32,226,973 | 32,226,973 | 17,540 | 198,970,232 | 187,885 | 6.5% |
| State Total | 328,101 | 26,953,474,260 | 26,124,487,004 | 1,124,311,844 75,250,153 | 75,250,153 | 53,608,116 | 995,453,575 | 3,034 | 3.7% |
| Out of State | 53,890 | 27,818,102,036 | 2,116,095,973 | 108,452,977 1,045,995 | 1,045,995 | 569,423 | 106,837,559 | 1,983 | 0.4% |

2.0%

2,886

1,232,764,821 76,296,148 54,177,539 1,102,291,134

28,240,582,978

54,771,576,296

381,991

All Returns

[3] Net VT Tax divided by # Returns

[1] AGI = Adjusted Gross Income [2] Net of Vermont Tax Credits

[4] Net VT Tax divided by Federal AGI * Denotes fewer than 10 taxpayers

Education Fund Revenue Sources (Non-Property Tax)

Lottery Transfer

All profits from the Vermont State Lottery are transferred to the Education Fund. The Vermont State Lottery was created in 1978. The Tri-State Lottery was introduced in 1986 and Powerball was introduced in 2004.

Meals and Rooms Tax

As of fiscal year 2019, 25% of the revenue from the Meals and Rooms Tax is dedicated to the Education Fund. (See the description of major Vermont Tax Sources).

Vermont also allows a 1% local option Meals and Rooms Tax in some municipalities that is *not* dedicated to the Education Fund.

Medicaid Transfer

A portion of the Federal Medicaid reimbursements received by the State for medically-related services provided to students who are Medicaid-eligible is transferred to the Education Fund.

Motor Vehicle Purchase and Use Tax

One-third of the revenue from the Purchase and Use Tax is dedicated to the Education Fund. (See the description of Transportation Fund revenue sources.)

Sales and Use Tax

As of fiscal year 2019, revenue from the general Sales and Use Tax is dedicated to the Education Fund. Vermont has a 6% general tax on retail sales.

Per the fiscal year 2024 budget adjustment act, cannabis sales tax revenue shall be directed to the Universal Afterschool and Summer Special Fund.

Note that Vermont also allows a 1% local option sales tax in some municipalities that is *not* dedicated to the Education Fund.

<u>Uniform Capacity Tax</u>

A tax of \$4.00 per KW plant capacity on any renewable energy plan commissioned to generate solar power is dedicated to the Education Fund.

Wind-Powered Electric Generating Facilities Tax

A tax of \$0.003 per kWh of electric energy produced by a certified facility is dedicated to the Education Fund.

Sources: 16 V.S.A. § 4025; 32 V.S.A § 5402c(d); 32 V.S.A. § 8701(b); 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164. Sec. 17c

Description of Transportation Fund Sources

Sources for transportation spending consist of (1) the Transportation Fund and (2) the Transportation Infrastructure Bond Fund (TIB Fund). The TIB Fund is a sub-fund of the Transportation Fund whose revenue can only be expended on certain long-lived transportation structures (either directly or via payment of debt service on bonds issued for such purposes).

The Transportation Fund (excluding the TIB Fund) has six sources of revenue:

- (1) a fixed cent-per-gallon gasoline tax,
- (2) a fixed cent-per-gallon diesel fuel tax,
- (3) a gasoline percentage-of-price assessment with a minimum and maximum cent-per-gallon equivalent,
- (4) a motor vehicle purchase and use tax (6% tax rate, with revenue split 4% to the Transportation Fund and 2% to the Education Fund),
- (5) motor vehicle fees, and
- (6) other revenue (other small transportation related taxes and fees)

The TIB fund has 2 sources of revenue:

- (1) a gasoline percentage-of-price assessment, and
- (2) a fixed-cent-per-gallon diesel fuel assessment.

Gasoline levies

Vermont's State levies on gasoline consist of:

- (1) a fixed 12.1 cents-per-gallon Transportation Fund tax,
- (2) a 4% percentage-of-price Transportation Fund assessment with a minimum and maximum cents-per-gallon equivalent of 13.4 cents and 18 cents respectively,
- (3) a 2% percentage-of-price TIB Fund assessment with a minimum cent-per-gallon equivalent of 3.96 cents, and
- (4) a 1 cent-per-gallon petroleum clean-up fund fee.

Diesel fuel levies

Vermont's state levies on diesel fuel consist of:

- (1) a fixed 28 cents-per-gallon Transportation Fund tax,
- (2) a fixed 3 cents-per-gallon TIB Fund assessment, and
- (3) a 1 cent-per-gallon petroleum clean-up fund fee.

Transportation Fund Sources — continued

Motor Vehicle Purchase and Use-Tax

The motor vehicle purchase & use tax applies to (1) motor vehicle sale transactions; and (2) where a sale is not involved, to an owner's initial registration of a vehicle in the state. For sale transactions, the tax is assessed on the vehicle's purchase price less the value of any trade-in which is credited against the purchase price.

For non-sale transactions, the tax is assessed on the vehicle's current market value at the time of registration. Sale taxes paid by the owner in another jurisdiction are credited against the tax due. In both cases the tax rate is 6%. For trucks over 10,099 pounds, the tax is capped at \$2,486. Vehicles purchased for the short-term rental market are exempt from the purchase tax but each rental transaction is subject to a rental tax equal to 9% of the rental charge.

Revenue from the purchase and use tax and short-term rental tax is allocated 2/3 to the Transportation Fund and 1/3 to the Education Fund.

Motor Vehicle Fees

This category covers a range of fees collected by DMV, the most important of which are registration fees and driver license fees. A registration fee is collected on all motor vehicles and trailers. The fee varies depending upon the vehicle type, size, weight, and purpose. All motor vehicle fees are deposited in the Transportation Fund.

Relative Contribution to the Transportation Fund

The above sources made the following relative contributions to Transportation Fund revenue from fiscal year 2020 through fiscal year 2023.

| Relative Co | | | e Transpor und Source | | d |
|---------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|--------|---------|
| Source | • | | | | FY 2023 |
| Gasoline Tax | | 12.4% | 10.9% | 11.5% | 11.0% |
| Gasoline Assessment | | 14.5% | 12.9% | 13.5% | 14.1% |
| Diesel Tax | | 6.8% | 6.3% | 6.4% | 6.0% |
| Purchase & Use Tax | | 26.6% | 31.6% | 31.7% | 32.1% |
| Motor Vehicle Fees | | 31.7% | 31.0% | 29.9% | 29.6% |
| Other Revenue | | 8.0% | 7.3% | 7.1% | 7.2% |
| 1 | Total 1 | 00.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Highlights of Recent Tax Legislation

2011

Sales and Use Tax

Performance sales tax threshold increased from \$50K to \$100K. Limited sales tax exemption for licensed auctioneers. Internet sellers must notify purchasers of their use tax liability. Affiliate nexus legislation passed with a delayed effective date.

Cigarette and Tobacco Products

Increase of \$0.38 per pack of cigarettes from \$2.24 to \$2.62 effective July 1, 2011. The threshold for cigars that are taxed at the \$2.00 rate was increased from \$1.08 to \$2.17.

Fuel Gross Receipts

Sunset extended from June 30, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Tax Credits

New Veterans' Credit of up to \$2,000 for new full-time employees or startup businesses. Wood Products Manufacture Credit extended from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2013.

2012

Energy Tax

The electric generating plant education property tax is repealed, and the rate of the electric generating plant tax is changed to \$0.0025 per kWh of electric energy produced in the prior quarter. The rate is effective for electricity generated after July 1, 2012.

Sales and Use

A temporary moratorium on enforcement of sales tax on prewritten computer software accessed remotely is enacted. The tax will not be enforced for the period January 1, 2007 to July 1, 2013.

2013

Tax Incremental Financing (TIF)

Significant changes and revisions to the TIF statutes.

Fuel Gross Receipts

Exemption for small sellers repealed.

2014

Distilled Spirits

Tax rates on distilled spirits is changed from a flat tax rate to a graduated system with three brackets based on revenues. The first-rate bracket is 5% and is applied on revenue from \$0 to \$500,000. The second-rate bracket is \$25,000 plus 10% on revenues from \$500,000 to \$750,000. The third-rate

bracket is 25% on all revenue above \$750,000. Effective July 1, 2014.

Cigarette and Tobacco Products

Increase of \$0.13 per pack of cigarettes from \$2.62 to \$2.75 effective July 1, 2014. The tax on snuff and smokeless tobacco is increased to \$2.29 per ounce.

Fuel Gross Receipts

Propane sold in free-standing containers is no longer subject to the fuel gross receipts tax but is still subject to the sales tax. Effective July 1, 2014.

Solar Capacity Tax

Plants with a capacity of less than 50kW are exempt from the solar capacity tax. The previous exemption was for plants with a capacity of 10kW or less. Effective January 1, 2015.

<u>Delinquencies</u>

The Department of Taxes has authority to publish a list of the 100 business taxpayers and 100 individual taxpayers with the largest unresolved liabilities in the state.

Tax Credits

The research and development tax credit is reduced from 30% to 27% of the value of the federal tax credit. Retroactively effective on January 1, 2014.

Tax Exemptions

The tax exemption of the sales of building materials, in excess of \$250,000, is repealed effective July 1, 2014. The limitation of sales tax on telecommunications is repealed effective January 1, 2015.

2015

Cigarette and Tobacco Products

Increase of \$0.33 per pack of cigarettes from \$2.75 to \$3.08. The tax on snuff and smokeless tobacco is increased from \$2.29 to \$2.57 per ounce.

Current Use

The Land Use Change Tax (LUCT) will now be applied at a rate of 10% of the fair market value of the actual parcel removed. Municipal listers will set the value of the withdrawn land. Effective October 2, 2015.

Income Tax

The \$5,000 state and local income tax deduction is eliminated. Itemized deductions are capped at 2.5 times the standard deduction, except medical and charitable deductions which are fully allowed. There is a 3% minimum tax for taxpayers with Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) greater than \$150,000. Effective tax year 2015.

Meals and Rooms Tax

The meals tax will apply to food or beverages sold from a vending machine. Effective July 1, 2015.

Property Transfer Tax

A clean water surcharge of 0.2% will be applied to the value of property subject to the property transfer tax excluding the first \$100,000 of property to be used as a primary residence and the first \$200,000 for mortgages financed through Vermont Housing Finance Agency (VHFA) or U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) or funded by homeland grants from the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund. Effective fiscal year 2016.

Sales and Use Tax

The sales tax will be applied to soft drinks on and after July 1, 2015. Soft drinks bought through the USDA Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) will not be taxed.

2016

Estate Tax

The Vermont estate tax is restructured and simplified with a flat 16% tax rate that applies to the value of the \$2.75 million exclusion threshold and includes taxable gifts made within two years of death. Effective January 1, 2016.

Fuel Tax

The Fuels Gross Receipts (FGR) tax is restructured: heating oil, propane, kerosene, and dyed diesel switched to a 2 cent per gallon tax rate. Tax rate on natural gas and coal increased to 0.75% and electricity remains at 0.5%; the tax is reauthorized for three years.

Filing Periods

Three tax types, fuel gross receipts, bank franchise, and the telephone tax are changed from quarterly to monthly filing.

2017

Sales and Use Tax

Clear or undyed diesel fuels are exempted from the sales and use tax when used for forestry machinery or when they are used to propel a vehicle off State highways. Forestry equipment now exempted from the sales and use tax. Drones and their parts are no longer exempted from the sales and use tax.

Gasoline Tax

Clear or undyed diesel fuels are no longer subject to the gasoline tax.

Tax Incremental Financing (TIF)

Six new TIF districts may be approved if statutory conditions are met.

Personal Income Tax

Starting January 1, 2018, federal adjusted gross income will be adopted as the base for Vermont's personal income tax.

2018

Personal Income Tax

Significant changes to the Personal Income Tax system including:

- Decoupling from Federal personal income tax system
- Creation of a new Vermont Standard Deduction equal to \$6,000 (single) and \$12,000 (married)
- Creation of a new Vermont personal exemption equal to \$4,150 per exemption
- Creation of an exemption of taxable Social Security benefits for taxpayers with AGI up to \$55,000 (single) and \$75,000 (married)
- Creation of a Charitable Giving Tax Credit equal to 5% on the first \$20,000 in charitable contributions
- Reduction in the number of income tax rates from five to four
- Lowering tax rates for the remaining four brackets to 3.35%, 6.6%, 7.6%, and 8.75%
- Expansion of the Earned Income Tax Credit from 32% of Federal EITC to 36%

Sales and Use Tax

100% of all sales and use tax revenue will be directed to the Education Fund. An exemption for wood boilers is created. The Supreme Court of the United States overturns the *Quill* Decision, allowing the State to collect remote sales tax regardless of whether the retailer has a physical presence in the state.

Meals and Rooms Tax

25% of the meals and rooms tax revenue will be directed to the Education Fund.

Miscellaneous

Beginning October 2019, retailers will be required to return unclaimed bottle deposits to the State, the revenues of which will be deposited in the Clean Water Fund.

2019

Personal Income Tax

Limitation of the 40% capital gains exclusion to \$875,000 worth of capital gains. Creation of a new medical deduction in excess of the Vermont Standard Deduction and Personal Exemptions.

Sales and Use Tax

Requirement for marketplace facilitators to collect and remit the sales tax on behalf of the vendors on their platforms.

Meals and Rooms Tax

6% of the meals and rooms tax revenue will be directed to the Clean Water Fund beginning October 2019. Online Travel Agents will be required to collect and remit rooms tax on the administrative fee they charge on bookings.

Estate Tax

Increases the exclusion for the estate tax over two years. Beginning January 1, 2020, the estate tax exclusion rises from \$2.75 million to \$4.25 million. On January 1, 2021, the exclusion rises to \$5 million.

Land Gains Tax

Amends the tax so that only land subdivided by the transferor within six years would be subject to the tax. Also, a new exemption for land transferred in a downtown development district, a village center, or new town center development.

Property Transfer Tax

Extends the tax to transfers of majority stock or controlling interest of property.

Liquor Tax

Liquor tax changed to a flat 5% tax on the gross receipts of spirits.

Miscellaneous

Extension of the Fuel Tax for another five years. Increase of the Downtown and Village Center Tax credit program cap to \$2.6 million. Expansion of the cap for the Affordable Housing Tax Credit. Extension of the Health Information Technology tax to July 1, 2021. Extension of the Home Health Provider tax to July 1, 2021.

<u>2020</u>

Cannabis Taxes

Beginning March 1, 2022, a 14% excise tax shall be imposed on each sale in Vermont of cannabis and cannabis products made by a retailer or an integrated licensee, excluding food or beverages. In addition to the excise tax, the 6% sales and use tax shall be paid on the retail sale of cannabis.

Tax Increment Financing

The City of Hartford's TIF district is granted a 3-year extension of its debt incursion period. Additionally, seven other districts receive a one-year extension of their debt incursion periods.

2021

Feminine Hygiene Products

Effective July 1, 2021, feminine hygiene products used in connection with the human menstrual cycle are exempt from the sales and use tax.

Wood Pellets sold at Retail for Residential Use

Effective July 1, 2021, wood pellets sold to an individual on a vendor's premises or delivered to a residence shall be presumed to be purchased for residential use and shall be exempt from the sales and use tax.

Meal delivery platforms

Effective August 1, 2021, "Taxable Meal Facilitator" is defined as an entity that "facilitates the sale and collects the charge for a taxable meal or alcoholic beverage through an Internet transaction or any other means." Includes "taxable meal facilitators" under the definition of "operator," making them liable for collection and remittance of meals tax. Clarifies that the meals tax is applied when a meal delivery platform delivers meals to consumers, and to any delivery or other facilitator charge.

Property Tax Exemption to Support Broadband Development Effective July 1, 2021, an exemption is provided for real and personal property, except land, owned by an electric distribution utility that comprises broadband infrastructure provided the infrastructure is leased to a Communication Union District (CUD) or an Internet Service Provider (ISP) working with a CUD, is primarily for the purpose of providing broadband capable of speeds of at least 100 Mbps symmetrical, and is constructed on or after July 1, 2021.

TIF Districts

Changes the audit schedule for Burlington Waterfront TIF District. The first audit shall be conducted on or after October 1, 2021. TIF districts still in their period to incur debt were granted a one-year extension to incur debt.

2022

Personal Income Tax

Act 138 makes a variety of changes to the personal income tax, effective January 1, 2022:

- A new Child Tax Credit provides a \$1,000 refundable credit per eligible child five years of age or younger
- Vermont Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit increases to 72% of the federal Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit and is made fully refundable
- Vermont Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) increases to 38% of the federal EITC
- Creation of a Vermont deduction for student loan interest paid. Single filers with an AGI of \$120,000 or less and married filers with AGI of \$200,000 or less are eligible
- Single filers with AGI below \$50,000 and joint filers with AGI below \$65,000 can choose either:
 - o A full exclusion of Social Security Income
 - Exclusion of the first \$10,000 of income from military retirement and other eligible retirement systems
- Affordable housing tax credits used for manufactured home purchase and replacement increased by \$250,000 per year

Corporate Tax

Major changes to taxes on corporations effective January 1, 2023:

- Move from three-factor apportionment (sales/property/payroll) to a single sales factor
- Repeals the Throwback Rule

- Moves from "Joyce" to "Finnegan" method to determine nexus and the calculation of in-state activity of unitary groups: Finnegan treats a unitary group as one taxpayer
- Requires all US-based corporations to be included in a unitary group, repealing the carve out for companies with operations overseas
- Legislation also adjusts the Vermont Corporate Minimum Tax

Property Taxes

Property owned by Vermont-recognized Native American tribes or nonprofit organizations organized for the benefit of and controlled by the tribes are exempted from the statewide and municipal property tax. Effective July 1, 2022. Effective January 1, 2021, the definition of a household for the purposes of the homestead Property Tax Credit excludes income from individuals who are refugees, asylum seekers, or asylees on a temporary basis in the calculation of household income.

Malt and Vinous Tax

Legislation defines and creates rules for taxing ready-to-drink spirit beverages and hard ciders. Ready to drink sprit beverages contain more than 1 but less than 12 percent alcohol and shall be taxed at \$1.10 per gallon under the Malt and Vinous Tax (instead of being taxed as a spirit). Hard ciders are defined as a beverage made form apples or pears that contain between 1 and 16 percent alcohol. Ciders containing more than 1 percent alcohol by volume but less than 7 percent are taxed at 26.5 cents a gallon. Ciders containing more than 7 percent alcohol are taxed at 55 cents per gallon. Effective July 1, 2023.

2023

Payroll Tax

Effective July 1, 2024 the Child Care Contribution (payroll tax) will be collected at a rate of 0.44% on employee wages and 0.11% on self-employment income. Employers are required to pay a minimum 75% of the required contribution for each employee. The remaining 25% must be withheld and remitted to the Tax Department in the same manner as employees' withheld income. Self-employed individuals shall remit contributions in the same manner as is required for estimated payments for income.

Cannabis

Outdoor cannabis cultivation will be regulated in the same manner as farming effective June 14, 2023. Outdoor cultivators may also qualify for the Current Use Program if requirements are met. All outdoor cultivators are eligible to use the agricultural sales tax exemption. Vape cartridges used for delivery of only cannabis are exempt from the Tobacco Products Tax.

Sales and Use Tax

- The sales tax exemption on advanced wood boilers will be repealed July 1, 2024.
- Local option taxes were approved in Shelburne and Rutland.

Sports Wagering Income

Sports wagering income made within the State of Vermont will be considered taxable Vermont income regardless of the individual's residency status. The Department of Taxes may require taxes to be withheld from payments of wagering proceeds.

REVENUE—HISTORY

| story of Vermont Personal Income Tax Changes |
|--|
| Tax Rate |
| 23.0% of federal tax liability |
| 24.0% |
| 26.0% |
| 26.5% |
| 25.8% |
| 23.0% |
| 25.0% |
| 28.0% |
| Tiers 28%; 31%; 34% |
| 25.0% |
| 24.0% |
| Equal to 24% of pre-EGTRAA liability. |
| New System - 5 rates and brackets based on federal taxable income - 3.6%, 7.2%, 8.5% 9.0% and 9.5% |
| Additional major changes: 40% of net long-term capital gains excluded, and the state AMT (alternative minimum tax) eliminated. |
| Lower rates: 3.55%, 7.0%, 8.25%, 8.9%, 9.4% (effective January 1, 2009) Additional major changes: state and local income tax deduction limited to \$5,000 (January 1, 2009), 40% capital gains exclusion only allowed for farms and timber; flat \$2,500 exclusion for other capital gains, individual 70+ choose between flat exclusion and 40% (July 1, 2009). |
| Lower rates: 3.55%, 6.8%, 7.8%, 8.8%, 8.95% |
| Two methods of capital gains taxation: either a 40% exclusion for capital gains from certain business assets held for more than 3 years or a flat \$5,000 exclusion applies to three types of capital gains: 1) stocks or bonds publicly traded on an exchange or any other financial instruments, 2) depreciable personal property that is not farm property or standing timber, 3) real estate that is used by the taxpayer as a primary or non-primary residence. |
| |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

Brief History of Vermont Personal Income Tax Changes -continued-

| Year | Tax Rate |
|------|--|
| 2015 | Eliminate the \$5,000 deduction for state and local income taxes; Apply a cap of two and a half times the standard deduction on itemized deductions excluding medical deductions and charitable deductions which are fully allowed; Implement a 3% minimum tax for taxpayers with AGI greater than \$150,000. Effective January 1, 2015. |
| 2017 | Starting January 1, 2018, federal adjusted gross income will be adopted as the base for Vermont's personal income tax. |
| 2018 | Significant changes to the Personal Income Tax System including: |
| | -Decoupling from Federal personal income tax system |
| | -Creation of a new Vermont Standard Deduction equal to \$6,000 (single) and \$12,000 (married) |
| | -Creation of a new Vermont personal exemption equal to \$4,150 per exemption |
| | -Creation of an exemption of taxable Social Security benefits for taxpayers with AGI up to \$55,000 (single) and \$75,000 (married) |
| | -Creation of a Charitable Giving Tax Credit equal to 5% on the first \$20,000 in charitable contributions |
| | -Reduction in the number of income tax rates from five to four |
| | -Lowering tax rates for the remaining four brackets to 3.35%, 6.6%, 7.6%, 8.75% |
| | -Expansion of the Earned Income Tax Credit from 32% of Federal EITC to 36% |
| 2019 | Limitation of the 40% capital gains exclusion to \$875,000 worth of capital gains. |
| | Creation of a new medical deduction in excess of the VT Standard Deduction and Personal Exemptions. |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

Brief History of Vermont Personal Income Tax Changes -continued-

| <u>Year</u> | Tax Rate |
|-------------|--|
| 2022 | Creation or adjustment of a variety of credits, dedications, and exclusions, including: |
| | -A new Child Tax Credit provides a \$1,000 refundable credit per eligible child five years of age or younger. Phase-out reduces the credit by \$20 per \$1,000 of AGI above \$125,000. |
| | -Vermont credit increases to 72% of the federal Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit and is made fully refundable |
| | -Vermont Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) is increased to 38% of the federal EITC |
| | -Creation of a Vermont deduction for student loan interest paid. Single filers with an AGI of \$120,000 or less and married filers with AGI of \$200,000 or less are eligible |
| | -Single filers with AGI below \$50,000 and joint filers with AGI below \$65,000 can choose either: |
| | -A full exclusion of Social Security Income |
| | -Exclusion of the first \$10,000 of income from military retirement and other eligible retirement systems |
| | -Affordable housing tax credits used for manufactured home purchase and replacement increased by \$250,000 per year |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

| | Brief History of the Sales & Use Tax |
|--|--|
| 1969 | New tax based on 3.0% of retail sale |
| 1982 | Increased to 4.0% |
| 1991 | Temporarily increased to 5.0%; tax extended to wine and tobacco products; 4.0% effective 7/1/93 |
| 1993 | 5.0% rate extended to 6/30/95 |
| 1995 | 5.0% rate extended to 6/30/96 |
| 1996 | 5.0% rate extended to $6/30/97$; tax on energy used in manufacturing reduced from $2.0%$ to $0.0%$ effective $7/1/96$ |
| 1997 | Sunset repealed; tax rate = 5.0%; 1.0% local option authorized; sale of fresh cut flowers by charitable organizations exempt |
| 1998 | Recycled and railroad construction materials exempt |
| 1999 | Clothing < \$110 exempt effective 12/1/99 |
| 2001 | Footwear < \$110 exempt 7/1/01 |
| 2002 | Authorization for Vermont to participate in the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSTA). Building materials temporarily stored in Vermont exempt from Use Tax. Repealed the exemption for nonagricultural fertilizer and pesticide. Both effective 7/1/2002 |
| 2003 | Rate increased from 5% to 6%. Telecommunications tax rate increased from 4.36% to 6.0%. Both effective 10/1/2003. Specialized work boots exempt effective 1/1/2003. |
| | A Use Tax reporting table equal to 0.04% of adjusted gross income will be included in tax year 2004 returns. |
| 2004 | Two personal computer sales tax holidays authorized. Changed the earliest date of membership in the Streamlined Sales & Use Tax Agreement from 1/1/2005 to 4/1/2005. Passed additional technical amendments to comply with streamlined. |
| 2005 | The maximum tax on tracked vehicles is increased from \$900 to $$1,100$ effective $7/1/2005$. |
| 2006 | Local option tax sunset repealed. Burlington receives local option sales tax authority. |
| Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated | |

| | Drief History of the Sales & Hea Tay continued |
|------|---|
| 2007 | Brief History of the Sales & Use Tax - continued The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSTA) begins in Vermont. The exemption for aircraft parts, machinery, and equipment is broadened to include parts installed on private aircraft. |
| | South Burlington receives local option tax authority. |
| 2008 | Two-day sales tax holiday on items of \$2,000 or less, one-week sales tax holiday on Energy Star appliances. Sunset on airplane parts, machinery, and equipment is extended from 2011 to 2018. Middlebury receives local option tax authority. |
| 2009 | Tax extended to digital downloads and spirituous liquor. Two one-day sales tax holidays enacted. |
| 2010 | Use tax reporting expanded. School sales tax exemption clarified. No tax is due for performances that were jointly produced between 12/31/09 and 4/1/11. Beginning April 1, 2011 sales tax is required for entertainment charges nonprofit organizations with more than \$50K in sales. |
| 2011 | Performance sales tax threshold increased from \$50K to \$100K. Limited sales tax exemption for licensed auctioneers. Internet sellers must notify purchasers of their use tax liability. Affiliate nexus legislation passed with a delayed effective date. Exemption for licensed auctioneers for sales at the owners' site. |
| 2012 | Temporary moratorium on enforcement of sales tax on prewritten computer software accessed remotely enacted. The tax will not be enforced for the period 1/1/2007-7/1/2013. |
| 2014 | Exemption for compost, animal manure, and planting mix when sold in volumes of one cubic yard or more. |
| 2015 | Exemption removed for soft drinks and remotely accessed prewritten software. |
| 2017 | Dyed diesel explicitly exempted when it is used: (1) to power forestry machinery; or (2) to propel a vehicle off the highways of the State. Beginning 07/01/2017, exemptions made for machinery and parts for timber cutting, timber removal, and processing of timber or solid wood forest products ultimately sold at retail. Sales of drones, drone parts, machinery and equipment no longer exempted. |
| So | urces: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated |

| | Brief History of the Sales & Use Tax - continued |
|------|--|
| 2018 | Advanced wood boilers are exempted from the sales and use tax. |
| 2019 | Marketplace facilitators (such as Amazon Marketplace and eBay) are now required to collect and remit the sales tax on sales made by vendors on their platforms. |
| 2021 | Feminine hygiene products used in connection with the human menstrual cycle and wood pellets sold to an individual on a vendor's premises or delivered to a residence shall be presumed to be purchased for residential use and are exempted from the sales and use tax. |
| 2022 | Expanded the sales and use tax exemption for manufacturing machinery and equipment. Quality assurance, testing, and packaging equipment exempted regardless of when it is used in the manufacturing process. Equipment and supplies purchased by small cannabis cultivators qualify for the same Sales and Use Tax exemptions that other agricultural producers receive. Small-scale cannabis cultivation not considered "development" under Current Use. |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

| | Brief History of the Meals & Rooms Tax |
|------|---|
| Year | Tax Rate |
| 1959 | New tax based on 3.0% of gross receipts. |
| 1968 | Increased to 4.0%. |
| 1969 | Increased to 5.0%. |
| 1984 | Increased to 6.0%. |
| 1989 | Alcoholic beverage component increased to 10.0%. |
| 1990 | Meals and Rooms increased to 7.0%. |
| 1991 | Meals and Rooms increased to 8.0% - 8.0% - 10.0%; effective 7/1/93, 7.0% - 7.0% - 10.0%; effective 7/1/94, 6.0% - 6.0% - 10.0%. |
| 1993 | Meals and Rooms decreased to 6.0%. |
| 1994 | Meals and Rooms increased to 7.0%. |

| 1997 | Meals and Rooms increased to 9.0%; Limited 1.0% local option authorized. |
|------|--|
| 2018 | Beginning FY2019, 25% of the Meals and Rooms Tax was dedicated from the General Fund to the Education Fund |
| 2019 | Beginning October 2019, 6% of the Meals and Rooms Tax will be dedicated to the Clean Water Fund. 25% of the revenues will continue to be dedicated to the Education Fund. 69% of the revenues will flow to the General Fund. |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

| | Brief History of the Corporate Income Tax |
|------|--|
| 1931 | New franchise tax based on 2.0% of net income. |
| 1947 | Tax rate increased to 4.0%; \$25 minimum tax. |
| 1955 | Tax rate increased to 5.0%. |
| 1965 | Restructured from franchise tax to income tax. |
| 1969 | 6.0% corporate income tax. |
| 1974 | Restructured to a range of 5.0% to 7.5%; \$50 minimum. |
| 1984 | 6.0% - 9.0%; \$75 minimum until 12/31/87; 5.5% - 8.25%; \$75 minimum effective 1/1/88. |
| 1991 | Minimum tax increased to \$150; NOL refunds eliminated. |
| 1997 | 7.0 % - 9.75%; minimum \$250. |
| 1998 | Small investment companies exempt from minimum tax. |
| 2002 | The federal accelerated ("bonus") depreciation allowance is disallowed. Effective 1/1/2001. |
| 2004 | Unitary combined reporting is required for all C-corporations with income attributable to Vermont beginning in tax year 2006. |
| | • Reduced corporate income tax rates in two phases beginning in tax year 2006 and continuing in 2007. |
| | • Changed the apportionment formula for determining corporate income that is allocable to VT from an equal weighted 3-factor formula (property, payroll and sales) to a formula in which the sales factor is double-weighted beginning in tax year 2006. |

| 1 | Brief History of the Corporate Income Tax - continued | |
|------|--|--|
| 2006 | Vermont adopted a new net operating loss (NOL) rule that will allow corporate taxpayers to carry forward all Vermont losses for 10 years regardless of whether the federal loss is carried back. There is a transition period between 2007 and 2009. | |
| 2009 | Adopted the federal treatment of unrelated business income of nonprofits beginning TY10. Added new digital corporations franchise tax. | |
| 2019 | For the consideration of Vermont's sales apportionment factor, the sourcing for sales of intangibles switched from Cost of Performance to Market-Based Sourcing. | |
| 2022 | Major changes to corporate income tax including: -Move from three factor (sales/property/payroll) apportionment of income to a single factor (sales) -Move to "Finnegan" method of treating a unitary group as one taxpayer -Repeal of Throwback Rule -Repeal of 80/20 carve out so that all US corporations are included in a unitary group -Creation of five tiers of minimum corporate income taxes:\$100,\$500,\$2,000,\$6,000 or \$100,000. | |

Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated

Brief History of Cigarette and Tobacco Products

| 1937 | New tax; 1.5 cents per pack of 20 cigarettes. |
|------|---|
| 1946 | 3.0 cents per pack. |
| 1949 | 4.0 cents per pack. |
| 1950 | 5.0 cents per pack. |
| 1957 | 7.0 cents per pack. |
| 1959 | 9.0 cents per pack. |
| 1963 | 10.0 cents per pack. |
| 1965 | 12.0 cents per pack. |
| 1969 | 17.0 cents per pack. |
| 1983 | 18.0 cents per pack effective July 1, 1991. |

| 1991 | 19.0 cents effective January 1, 1992 and 20.0 cents on July 1, 1992. |
|--|--|
| 1992 | 44.0 cents effective July 1, 1995. |
| 1995 | 93.0 cents effective July 1, 2002. |
| 2002 | \$1.19 per pack effective July 1, 2003. |
| 2006 | \$1.79 per pack of cigarettes. "Little cigars" (cigars weighing 3 lbs. per 1,000 or less) and roll-your-own (RYO) tobacco tax as cigarettes, instead of other tobacco products. Snuff taxed at \$1.49 per ounce. Previously snuff was taxed at 41% of wholesale. All changes effective July 1, 2006. |
| 2008 | \$1.99 per pack of cigarettes and \$1.69 per ounce of snuff effective July 1, 2008. |
| 2009 | Tax rate increased to \$2.24 effective July 1, 2009. Tobacco products tax increased from 41% to 92% of the wholesale price. New smokeless tobacco added to the definition and taxed at the same rate as snuff, but no less than \$1.99 if it contains less than 1.2 ounces. |
| 2011 | Tax rate increased to \$2.62 effective July 1, 2011. The threshold for cigars that are taxed at the \$2.00 rate was increased from \$1.08 to \$2.17. |
| 2014 | Tax rate increased to \$2.75 effective July 1, 2014. Tax rate on snuff and smokeless tobacco increased to \$2.29 per ounce, unless packaged for sale in a package that contains less than 1.2 ounces when it is taxed at \$2.75 per pack. |
| 2015 | Tax rate increased to \$3.08 effective July 1, 2015. Tax rate on snuff and smokeless tobacco increased to \$2.57 per ounce, unless packaged for sale in a package that contains less than 1.2 ounces when it is taxed at \$3.08 per pack. |
| 2019 | Legal age to purchase tobacco products increased to 21. 92% wholesale price tax on other tobacco products extended to the sales of e-cigarettes and their paraphernalia. |
| Sources: Vermont Department of Taxes, Vermont Statutes Annotated | |

- 1970 Property tax relief program enacted for residents age 65 and over; credit against income tax liability for amount by which property taxes exceed 7% of household income or 30% of allowable rent, up to maximum credit of \$300 (income cap = \$4,286).
- 1973 Program extended to those under age 65, who receive rebates if money remains in the Property Tax Relief Fund after payment to those age 65 and over; 7% threshold changed to sliding scale, beginning at 4% for those with incomes less than \$4,000 and increasing to 6% for those with incomes of \$16,000 or more; maximum rebate increased to \$500.
- 1982 Rebates available to claimants with household income less than \$25,000 and whose property tax paid or 20% of rent paid exceeded a percentage of their household income; six income brackets, ranging from 4% to 7% of household income.
- 1985 Income cap raised to \$32,000 and the number of income brackets increased to eight, ranging from 3.5% to 7%; maximum rebate increased to \$750.
- Eight income brackets collapsed to four, and top percentage lowered from 7% to 5%; age limit for rebates to the elderly lowered from age 65 to 62.
- 1987 Household income cap and the rebate cap eliminated; rent constituting property tax paid was increased from 20% to 24%.
- 1988 Social Security tax withheld and/or self-employment tax paid on not more than \$8,000 of household income was excluded from the definition of household income.
- 1989 All Social Security tax paid and/or self-employment tax paid and substantiated amounts paid as child support were excluded from the definition of household income.
- 1990 Household income capped at \$60,000 and rebates capped at \$2,000; credit established against current year property taxes for homeowners 62 years or older and otherwise eligible for a property tax rebate; property tax rebate checks to those under age 62 prorated at 90%.
- 1991 Household income capped at \$45,000; maximum rebate \$1,350; rent percentage reduced from 24% to 20%.
- 1992 All claimants unable to pay taxes due but otherwise eligible for rebates can now elect to assign their rebates directly to the town; property tax rebate checks to those under age 62 prorated at 96%.

1993 Property tax rebate checks to those under age 62 prorated at 79%.

1995 Household income cap raised to \$47,000; maximum rebate increased to \$1,500, but reduced by 50 cents for each dollar of income over \$44,000; homeowners under age 62 can apply for credit certificates if their current year taxes are delinquent; renter's rebates now determined based on property tax allocable to the rental unit rather than on the basis of a percentage of rent paid.

1996 Household income reduced by \$100 for each personal exemption available for the taxable year under IRS code to any member of the household; if claimant's rent is government-subsidized, allocable property tax is reduced in the same proportion as the rent is reduced by the subsidy; owners of rental property need to provide landlord certificates only if there are more than four units in a given building but must furnish them on request to renters in buildings containing fewer units.

1997 Income of a person who lives with an elderly or disabled claimant for primary purpose of providing care or other services to allow the claimant from being institutionalized may be excluded from household income; age requirement eliminated; credit certificate portion of the rebate program repealed; homestead value basis adjusted if two or more rooms or more than 25% of floor space is used for business purposes.

1998 Claimant's household income includes the income for a spouse from whom he/she is separated even if that spouse is not a member of the household; the range for percentage of household income to calculate the rebate is adjusted; circuit breaker program extended to municipal taxes; renter rebate now 21% of rent paid or the allocable property tax, whichever is greater; landlord certificate reports amount of rent paid, unless renter requests property tax method; rebate cap eliminated; rebates no longer calculated on basis of property taxes paid during calendar year, but on taxes assessed for property tax year.

1999 Household income cap increased to \$75,000 for new school property tax adjustment (prebate); statewide property tax and local share tax capped at smaller of 2% of household income or the tax on the fair market value of the homestead minus \$15,000 (first payment to be made after July 1, 1998); eligibility for a property tax adjustment requires filing a homestead declaration; mobile home owners may include lot rent paid in addition to property taxes

paid in calculating adjustment.

2000 Homestead declaration eliminated; cap on household income removed and claimants with household income of \$75,000 and over receive property tax adjustment on the first \$160,000 of homestead value; prebate amount equals prior year's net property tax income adjustment, including both education tax adjustment and super circuit breaker; definition of "homestead" changed to require exclusion of the business portion of a home only if it exceeds 25% of the total floor space (two-room test eliminated); household income does not include income of a spouse at least 62 years of age who does not live in the homestead but has moved on a permanent basis to a nursing home or other care facility; a divorced spouse with possession of the homestead and the obligation to pay the property taxes under the divorce decree may claim the total homestead property tax even if the former spouse's name is still on the deed; in calculating household income, a business capital gain may be netted against a net business loss incurred in the same year and relating to the same business.

2001 Definition of "homestead" clarified for dwellings owned by a trust; the prebate amount sent the prior year is reconciled with actual income and property tax information from current year; if prebate amount exceeds calculated adjustment allowed under current year information, the balance must be repaid.

2002 Reconciliation continues for 2002 tax filing year but eliminated for 2003 tax filing year; "good check" issued only if a school property tax adjustment application submitted.

2003 Development of uniform parcel identification system allows the Department of Taxes to calculate adjustment payments on the statewide and local property taxes for the homestead based on prior year household income and prior year property value and the school district's current budget; pension and annuity distributions included in household income are limited to the amount included in adjusted gross income in the year of distribution.

All resident homeowners must file a homestead declaration; "homestead" is defined as the entire parcel of land surrounding the dwelling regardless of whether a road intersects the land; the declaration must be timely filed

to receive the homestead school property tax rate; a declaration is required to be eligible for a property tax adjustment payment, which is not based on the education taxes assessed on the "housesite," defined as the principal residence and up to two acres; adjustment payments now include a \$10 per-acre payment for up to five additional acres of land in the homestead parcel for claimants whose income does not exceed \$75,000; the exclusion from "modified adjusted gross income" for income earned by a dependent child or received by a dependent parent is increased from \$4,000 to \$6,500 (earlier changes missing).

2005 The \$15,000 exclusion from the housesite's equalized value is limited to claimants with household income of \$47,000 or less.

2006 The household income amount increases to \$85,000 and the maximum housesite value that qualifies for property tax adjustments increases to \$200,000.

2007 The household income amount increases to \$90,000. The property tax adjustment and the homeowner rebate amounts will be applied as a credit to the education property tax bill. The property tax adjustment will no longer be paid directly to the claimant and the homeowner rebate will no longer be a credit against the income tax. In addition, any taxpayer may opt to have all or a portion of his or her income tax refund applied to the homestead education tax bill.

No taxpayer shall receive a total adjustment (property tax adjustment and homeowner rebate) in excess of \$10,000 related to any one property tax year.

Homeowner and renter rebates for claimants with household income under \$10,000 are increased. These claimants will receive an adjustment equal to the amount of property tax or rent constituting property tax in excess of two percent of household income.

The property tax adjustment will be calculated using prior year household income and tax assessment.

The percentage of household income that claimant must pay before being entitled to a property tax adjustment will drop no lower than 1.8 percent (adjusted by school district spending and the common level of appraisal).

Gifts received by a member of the household in excess of a total of \$6,600 in

cash or cash equivalents must be included in household income.

The first \$6,500 of income received by a person who qualifies as a dependent of the claimant under the Internal Revenue Code and who is the claimant's disabled adult child may be excluded from household income.

For claims filed in 2008 and after, the first \$6,500 of difficulty of care payments and flexible family funding payments may be excluded from household income.

2010 For claims made for 2010, 2011, and 2012, interest and dividends greater than \$10,000 will be included twice in household income.

No property tax adjustment is available for equalized housesite value over \$500,000; the education property tax is due on that portion of equalized value.

Beginning with claims filed for 2010, the additional acreage adjustment (\$10 per acre, up to a maximum of 5 acres, for each additional acre of homestead property in excess of the 2-acre housesite) repealed.

Beginning with claims filed for 2011, household income will not be reduced by adjustments to "total income" that are enumerated on Federal Form 1040 except certain business expenses of reservists, one-half of self-employment tax paid, alimony paid, and Beginning with claims filed in 2011, renter rebates shall be based on 21% of gross rent; there will no longer be an option to use the allocable portion of property tax.

Beginning in 2011, an owner of a rental property that consists of more than one rented homestead is required to provide a certificate of rent to each person who rented a homestead from the owner during the preceding calendar year.

Amounts paid by self-employed people for health insurance premiums are excluded from the definition of household income for the purposes of property tax adjustment beginning with 2012 claims.

For claim years 2011 and after, property tax adjustments will be calculated without regard to any veteran's property tax exemption.

2012 The maximum renter rebate will be reduced from \$8,000 to \$3,000 per claimant.

For claim years 2013 and after, interest and dividend income over \$10,000 will be counted twice in household income only for claimants under age 65.

For claims filed in 2013 and after, health savings account deductions for self-employed individuals are excluded from household income.

For the purpose of determining household income for 2013 and after, a claimant who has two or more businesses operating as sole proprietorships may net

History of Property Tax Relief and the Property Tax

Adjustment 1970 – current—continued

the loss of one against the income of another if the gain and loss are incurred in the same tax year.

- 2014 Beginning in FY2016, the percentage of household income that claimant must pay before being entitled to a property tax adjustment will drop no lower than 1.94% (adjusted by school district spending and the common level of appraisal).
- 2015 The definition of "homestead" is amended to clarify that residents who own property but lease it on April 1 may still claim it as a homestead as long as it is leased for 182 days or less.
- 2016 The housesite value used to calculate property tax adjustment for taxpayers with over \$90,000 in household income is increased from \$200,000 to \$250,000. As a result, more taxpayers will be eligible for a partial property tax adjustment.
- 2018 The housesite value used to calculate a partial property tax adjustment for households with over \$90,000 in income is reduced from \$250,000 to \$225,000. The housesite value eligible for a property tax adjustment for households is reduced from \$500,000 to \$400,000.

The homeowner rebate is split into its education and municipal components and the eligibility thresholds and the maximum annual adjustment are adjusted.

2019 Amends definition of "household income" to exclude: (1) the income of a spouse or former spouse if the taxpayers is either divorced or separated during the taxable year, or if the spouse is subject to a protection order; and income attributable to cancellation of debt.

Amends the definition of "homestead" to include the principal dwelling of a widow or widower when the dwelling is owned by the estate of the deceased spouse and it is likely that the dwelling will pass to the widow or widower on settlement of the estate.

2022 Property owned by Vermont-recognized Native American tribes or owned by a nonprofit organization that is organized for the benefit of and controlled by the tribes is exempt from the statewide education property tax and the municipal property tax.

Amends definition of "household income" to exclude: the income of a person residing in the household who was granted humanitarian parole to enter the United States, who is seeking or has been granted asylum, or qualifies as a refugee provided the person is not eligible to apply for adjustment of status to lawful permanent resident.

Tax Credits by Date of Enactment

| 1967 | Credit for the Elderly or Disabled Investment Tax Credit |
|------|--|
| 1976 | Credit for Child and Dependent Care |
| 1988 | Earned Income Tax Credit Alternative Minimum Tax Credit |
| 1990 | Charitable Housing Tax Credit |
| 1996 | Financial Services Tax Credit (Expired in 2007) |
| 1998 | Economic Advancement Tax Incentive (EATI) EATI Payroll Tax Credit EATI Research and Development Tax Credit EATI Capital Investment Tax Credit EATI Workforce Development Tax Credit EATI Export Tax Credit Commercial Film Production Credit Qualified Sale of Mobile Home Park Credit Employee Training Credit Rehabilitation of Certified Historic Buildings Credit Older or Historic Building Rehabilitation Credit |
| 2000 | Affordable Housing Tax Credit |
| 2002 | Low Income Child and Dependent Care Credit EATI High-Tech Business Credit Platform Lifts, Elevators, and Sprinkler System Credit Commercial Code Improvement Credit Vermont Farm Income Averaging Credit |
| 2003 | EATI Sustainable Technology R&D Credit EATI Sustainable Technology Export Credit Angel Venture Capital Deferral |
| 2005 | Wood Products Manufacturer Tax Credit |
| 2006 | Angel Venture Capital Deferral changed to a Tax Credit |
| 2007 | Vermont Economic Growth Incentive (VEGI) Payroll Incentive Downtown Credit allocation increased from \$1.5 to \$1.6 million |
| 2008 | Substantial modifications to Tax Increment Financing (TIF) |

Tax Credits by Date of Enactment – continued

| 2008 | Business Solar Energy Credit Wood Products Manufacturer Tax Credit sunset extended Affordable Housing Tax Credit expanded Enhanced VEGI incentive for environmental technology businesses |
|------|---|
| 2009 | Downtown Credit allocation increased from \$1.5 to \$1.6 million Investment Tax Credit limited to VT-property portion of the invest ment Research and Development Tax Credit - effective TY11 Seed Capital Tax Credit modified Business Solar Energy Tax Credit clarified |
| 2010 | Machinery and Equipment Tax Credit created Business Solar Energy Tax Credit modified |
| 2011 | Veterans' Tax Credit created |
| 2014 | Wood Products Tax Credit expired Research and Development Tax Credit reduced from 30% to 27% of the federal tax credit. |
| 2015 | Modifications to VEGI incentive Cap for Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit increased |
| 2017 | Authorization of an additional six new TIF districts and other modifi |
| | cations to the TIF program. |
| 2018 | Charitable Giving Tax Credit created Expansion of the EITC from 32% of Federal EITC to 36% |
| 2019 | Increase of the Downtown Tax Credit cap to \$2.6 million Expansion of the First Time Homebuyer and Affordable Housing Tax Credit program |
| 2020 | Increase of the Downtown Tax Credit cap to \$3 million |
| 2022 | Vermont Child Tax Credit created |
| | Vermont Child Care and Dependent Credit increased to 72% of |
| | federal credit |
| | Vermont Earned Income Tax Credit increased to 38% of federal EITC |

RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

| | | | | | SA | ERS Pens | on- | State Employ | ees | VSERS Pension - State Employees' Retirement System | /ste | E | | | | |
|-------------|----|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------|--------------------------------|--------|--|------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | ٥ | Actuarial Determined | | Actual Empl | Actual Employer Contribution | ion | | | 2 | | | | 2 /0 - 4 4/14 | | | i i |
| Fiscal Year | | Employer Contribution (ADEC) | Col | Amount Contributed | % of Request | % of Payroll | Actu | Actuarial Accrued Liability | e W | Market Value of Assets | Act | Actuarial Value of Assets | AVA As % of MVA | Unfund | Unfunded Liability | Funded Ratio (AVA) |
| 2008 | \$ | 42,375,068 | ↔ | 39,193,942 | 92.5% | %2'6 | ₩ | 1,464,201,939 | ↔ | 1,282,493,872 | ↔ | 1,377,101,471 | 107.4% | ↔ | 87,100,468 | 94.1% |
| 2009 | ↔ | 25,333,307 | ↔ | 25,134,235 | 99.2% | 6.2% | ↔ | 1,544,144,066 | ↔ | 1,014,697,982 | ↔ | 1,217,637,578 | 120.0% | ↔ | 326,506,488 | 78.9% |
| 2010 | ↔ | 32,013,894 | ↔ | 31,468,885 | 98.3% | 7.4% | ↔ | 1,559,324,289 | ↔ | 1,169,844,902 | ↔ | 1,265,404,195 | 108.2% | ₩ | 293,920,094 | 81.2% |
| 2011 | ↔ | 41,581,656 | ↔ | 37,572,599 | 90.4% | 8.9% | ↔ | 1,695,300,528 | ↔ | 1,380,606,734 | ↔ | 1,348,762,790 | 97.7% | ₩ | 346,537,738 | %9.62 |
| 2012 | ↔ | 36,587,864 | ↔ | 40,302,433 | 110.2% | 9.8% | ↔ | 1,802,603,807 | ↔ | 1,378,489,496 | ↔ | 1,400,779,062 | 101.6% | € | 401,824,745 | 77.7% |
| 2013 | ↔ | 37,081,933 | ↔ | 51,370,307 | 138.5% | 12.3% | ↔ | 1,914,299,984 | ↔ | 1,470,493,897 | ↔ | 1,469,169,902 | %6.66 | € | 445,130,082 | %2.92 |
| 2014 | ↔ | 40,217,666 | ↔ | 56,482,985 | 140.4% | 14.0% | ↔ | 2,010,089,868 | ↔ | 1,657,245,868 | ↔ | 1,566,075,540 | 94.5% | € | 444,014,328 | %6.77 |
| 2015 | ↔ | 44,651,783 | ↔ | 55,881,364 | 125.1% | 12.8% | ↔ | 2,178,826,481 | ↔ | 1,624,861,239 | ↔ | 1,636,267,663 | 100.7% | € | 542,558,818 | 75.1% |
| 2016 | ↔ | 46,237,853 | ↔ | 54,347,060 | 117.5% | 11.9% | ↔ | 2,289,451,540 | ↔ | 1,609,650,152 | ↔ | 1,707,267,941 | 106.1% | ↔ | 582,183,599 | 74.6% |
| 2017 | ↔ | 48,503,358 | ↔ | 60,280,480 | 124.3% | 12.6% | ↔ | 2,511,372,455 | ↔ | 1,748,442,294 | ↔ | 1,793,794,733 | 102.6% | € | 717,577,722 | 71.4% |
| 2018 | ↔ | 52,065,397 | ↔ | 64,564,323 | 124.0% | 12.3% | ↔ | 2,661,608,857 | ↔ | 1,841,500,283 | ↔ | 1,881,804,847 | 102.2% | € | 779,804,010 | %2.02 |
| 2019 | ↔ | 62,984,742 | ↔ | 66,617,894 | 105.8% | 12.2% | ↔ | 2,779,985,523 | ↔ | 1,909,469,823 | ↔ | 1,964,500,825 | 102.9% | ↔ | 815,484,698 | %2.02 |
| 2020 | ↔ | 78,943,914 | ↔ | 84,429,972 | 106.9% | 15.3% | ↔ | 3,095,290,972 | ↔ | 1,959,066,641 | ↔ | 2,054,825,853 | 104.9% | \$ | 1,040,465,119 | 66.4% |
| 2021 | ↔ | 83,876,570 | ↔ | 88,944,172 | 106.0% | 15.4% | ↔ | 3,280,867,677 | ↔ | 2,425,222,408 | ↔ | 2,216,499,478 | 91.4% | \$ | 1,064,368,199 | %9'.29 |
| 2022 | ↔ | 119,967,769 | ↔ | 197,523,008 | 164.6% | 34.1% | € | 3,444,133,789 | ↔ | 2,276,645,124 | ↔ | 2,405,795,708 | 105.7% | \$ | 1,038,338,081 | %6.69 |
| 2023 | ↔ | 116,038,400 | ↔ | 116,387,502 | 100.3% | 19.3% | ↔ | 3,589,070,212 | ↔ | 2,423,230,404 | ↔ | 2,523,348,610 | 104.1% | , , | 1,065,721,602 | 70.3% |
| 2024 | ↔ | 121,873,370 | 69 | 130,873,370 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 69 | 131,346,935 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | | | | | |

FY 2024 and FY 2025 represent actuarial determined employer contributions and budgeted funding levels. "Amount contributed" includes additional payments pursuant to Act 114 (2022).

| | | Funded Ratio (AVA) | 80.9% | 65.4% | %9.99 | 63.8% | 61.6% | %5.09 | 29.9% | 28.6% | 58.3% | 54.2% | 55.2% | 22.7% | 51.3% | 97.9% | 92.3% | 29.3% | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|---------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | Unfunded Liability | 379,505,069 | 727,758,506 | 711,823,061 | 845,107,880 | 945,502,316 | 1,013,910,285 | 1,076,763,810 | 1,175,029,030 | 1,225,727,845 | 1,502,453,387 | 1,513,433,335 | 1,554,459,287 | 1,933,289,366 | 1,950,363,905 | 1,832,425,033 | 1,794,791,795 | | |
| | | | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | € | ↔ | ↔ | | |
| | | AVA As % of MVA | %6'901 | 120.0% | 108.1% | %8'.26 | 101.7% | %6.66 | 94.4% | 100.6% | 105.9% | 102.4% | 101.8% | 102.4% | 104.3% | %9'06 | 105.0% | 103.4% | | |
| E | | Actuarial Value of Assets | 1,605,461,728 | 1,374,079,337 | 1,410,368,434 | 1,486,698,448 | 1,517,410,471 | 1,552,924,370 | 1,610,285,523 | 1,662,345,707 | 1,716,296,235 | 1,779,592,227 | 1,866,120,413 | 1,950,859,980 | 2,035,713,611 | 2,191,650,755 | 2,457,374,321 | 2,615,250,146 | | |
| ystei | | Ac | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | € | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | | |
| VSTRS Pension - State Teachers' Retirement System | | Market Value of Assets | 1,501,320,179 | 1,145,066,114 | 1,305,250,049 | 1,520,766,932 | 1,491,619,901 | 1,554,351,563 | 1,705,364,604 | 1,653,116,441 | 1,620,899,749 | 1,738,557,573 | 1,832,372,553 | 1,904,488,565 | 1,951,489,882 | 2,422,793,508 | 2,339,412,945 | 2,528,481,816 | | |
| hers | | | \$ 2 | 8 | 5 | 8 | \$ | 2 | 8 | \$ | \$ | ₩ | ₩ | \$ | \$ | 8 | ↔ | ↔ | | |
| on - State Teac | | Actuarial Accrued Liability | 1,984,966,797 | 3, 2,101,837,843 | 3, 122,191,495 | , 2,331,806,328 | 3, 2,462,912,787 | 3,566,834,655 | , 2,687,049,333 | , 2,837,374,737 | 3, 2,942,024,080 | 3,282,045,614 | 3,379,553,748 | 3,505,319,267 | 3,969,002,977 | 4,142,014,660 | 4,289,799,354 | 4,410,041,941 | | |
| nsic | | ⋖ | \$ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | | |
| VSTRS Pe | tion | % of Payroll | %9'. | %2'9 | 7.5% | 8.6% | %9.6 | 11.4% | 12.4% | 12.4% | 13.0% | 14.4% | 19.0% | 18.2% | 19.4% | 19.9% | 47.1% | 27.5% | | |
| | Actual Employer Contribution | % of Request | %9'001 | 100.7% | 101.0% | 104.2% | 109.6% | 108.1% | 106.3% | 100.1% | 101.1% | 100.3% | 129.6% | 112.8% | 100.6% | 101.8% | 165.8% | 103.6% | | |
| | Actual Emp | Amount Contributed | 40,955,566 | 37,349,818 | 41,920,603 | 50,268,131 | 56,152,011 | 65,086,320 | , 72,668,413 | , 72,908,805 | , 76,947,869 | , 82,887,174 | 114,598,921 | 119,174,913 | , 126,941,582 | 134,541,278 | 325,244,828 | 201,925,261 | 203, 281, 051 | |
| | | | \$ 4 | \$ | 2 | \$ | 23 | 55 | 55 | 8 | \$ | 9. | \$ | 2. | \$ | ₽ | 4 | € | 5 | m |
| | Actuarial | Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC) | 40,749,097 | 37,077,050 | 41,503,002 | \$ 48,233,006 | 51,241,932 | 60,182,755 | 68,352,825 | 5 72,857,863 | 5 76,102,909 | 82,659,576 | \$ 88,409,437 | \$ 105,640,777 | \$ 126,197,389 | 132,141,701 | \$ 196,206,504 | \$ 194,961,651 | \$ 194,281,051 | \$ 201,182,703 |
| | | ä | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | ↔ | *** | *** | ↔ | 0) | 0) | 0) | -, |
| | | Fiscal Year | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |

FY 2024 and FY 2025 represent actuarial determined employer contributions and budgeted funding levels. "Amount contributed" includes additional payments pursuant to Act 114 (2022).

| | | Other Pos | t-Employm | ent Benefi | ts - VSERS St | ate E | Other Post-Employment Benefits - VSERS State Employees' Retirement System | ent Sy | ystem | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------|---|--------|--------------------------|------------------|--------|
| | | | Actual Employer Contribution | | Benefit Payments | onte | | | Plan Fiduciary | Infinded Net | Funded |
| Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year Actuarial Request | t Amount Contributed | % of Request | % of Payroll | and Refunds | S S | Total OPEB Liability | | Net Position (Assets) | OPEB Liability | Ratio |
| 2017 | \$ 71,832,832 | \$ 33,122,887 | 46.1% | %2'9 | \$ 33,346,278 \$ | 278 | \$ 1,484,522,051 | ↔ | 22,501,872 | \$ 1,462,020,179 | 1.5% |
| 2018 | \$ 74,760,248 | \$ 32,956,898 | 44.1% | 6.2% | \$ 34,559,465 | 465 | \$ 1,240,275,317 | ↔ | 21,770,915 | \$ 1,218,504,402 | 1.8% |
| 2019 | \$ 100,187,896 | \$ 63,749,803 | 63.6% | 11.6% | \$ 35,340,403 | | \$ 1,279,298,804 | ↔ | 51,732,747 | \$ 1,227,566,057 | 4.0% |
| 2020 | \$ 87,804,585 | \$ 38,599,577 | 44.0% | 7.0% | \$ 35,767,740 | | \$ 1,482,970,357 | ↔ | 57,592,708 | \$ 1,425,377,649 | 3.9% |
| 2021 | \$ 90,025,812 | \$ 90,462,714 | 100.5% | 15.6% | \$ 35,560,776 | | \$ 1,593,341,095 | ↔ | 120,267,813 | \$ 1,473,073,282 | 7.5% |
| 2022 | \$ 109,708,031 | \$ 35,170,057 | 32.1% | 6.1% | \$ 35,055,680 | 980 | \$ 907,317,295 | ↔ | 104,800,044 | \$ 802,517,251 | 11.6% |
| 2023 | \$ 64,577,985 | \$ 64,698,572 | 100.2% | 10.7% | \$ 41,548,555 | 255 | \$ 1,029,530,587 | ↔ | 137,759,297 | \$ 891,771,290 | 13.4% |
| 2024 | \$ 67,145,946 | \$ 67,145,946 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | \$ 78,294,808 | | | | | | | | | | |

Prior to FY 2023, the pay-as-you-go cost of benefits was funded rather than the actuarial request needed to prefund benefits. Prefunding OPEB commenced in FY 2023. FY 2024 and FY 2025 are actuarial projections and budgeted funding levels. GASB 74 reporting requirements on OPEB were not in effect prior to FY 2017.

| | | Other Po | st-Employr | nent Bene | fits - VSTRS State | Other Post-Employment Benefits - VSTRS State Teachers' Retirement System | ent System | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|---------|
| | | Actual Employer Contribution | oyer Contrib | oution | Benefit Payments | | Plan Fiduciary | Infinded Net | Fiinded |
| Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year Actuarial Request | Amount | % of Request | % of Payroll | and Refunds | Total OPEB Liability | Net Position (Assets) | OPEB Liability | Ratio |
| 2017 | \$ 35,918,126 | \$ 23,838,958 | 66.4% | 4.1% | \$ 29,576,455 | \$ 905,632,829 \$ | \$ (26,657,646) | \$ 932,290,475 | -2.9% |
| 2018 | \$ 37,316,779 | \$ 29,802,725 | %6.62 | 4.9% | \$ 29,328,814 | \$ 927,843,142 \$ | (26,443,247) | \$ 954,286,389 | -2.8% |
| 2019 | \$ 54,658,645 | \$ 56,594,299 | 103.5% | 9.5% | \$ 29,606,865 | \$ 1,041,064,931 | \$ 312,090 | \$ 1,040,752,841 | %0.0 |
| 2020 | \$ 58,252,623 | \$ 35,677,356 | 61.2% | 2.7% | \$ 27,551,293 | \$ 1,268,119,008 | \$ 8,718,699 | \$ 1,259,400,309 | %2.0 |
| 2021 | \$ 67,912,204 | \$ 36,638,994 | 24.0% | 2.7% | \$ 30,775,384 | \$ 1,290,220,534 | \$ 14,633,492 | \$ 1,275,587,042 | 1.1% |
| 2022 | \$ 102,153,408 | \$ 54,202,861 | 53.1% | 8.2% | \$ 28,140,745 | \$ 758,359,091 | \$ 40,507,851 | \$ 717,851,240 | 5.3% |
| 2023 | \$ 54,813,628 | \$ 57,168,208 | 104.3% | 8.2% | \$ 34,489,027 | \$ 851,763,295 | \$ 72,228,386 | \$ 779,534,909 | 8.5% |
| 2024 | \$ 61,290,528 | \$ 61,290,528 | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | \$ 70,482,644 | | | | | | | | |

Prior to FY 2023, the pay-as-you-go cost of benefits was funded rather than the actuarial request needed to prefund benefits. Prefunding OPEB commenced in FY 2023. FY 2024 and FY 2025 are actuarial projections and budgeted funding levels. GASB 74 reporting requirements on OPEB were not in effect prior to FY 2017.

APPROPRIATIONS

A Guide to Vermont State Government Appropriations & Funds

Vermont State government is organized into nine functions.

These are:

- · General Government
- Protection to Persons and Property
- Human Services
- Labor
- General Education and Higher Education
- Natural Resources
- Commerce and Community Development
- Transportation
- Debt Service

These definitions are not unique to Vermont. All states use similar definitions making it possible to compare like programs within state appropriations. Briefly, the functions of government listed above include the following activities:

General Government:

This function of government contains the Executive Branch, including the Secretary of Administration, Finance and Management, Human Resources, Taxes, Buildings and General Services, and the Executive Office. These departments provide centralized services to State government. This function of government also includes the State Auditor, State Treasurer, Lieutenant Governor, Sergeant-at-Arms, Joint Fiscal Office, Legislative Counsel, and the General Assembly.

Protection to Persons and Property:

This function of government contains the appropriations relating to regulation and law enforcement. This includes the Attorney General, Public Safety, the Defender General, the State's Attorneys, Sheriffs and Special Investigative Units, Agriculture, Labor, Liquor Control, Secretary of State, and Judiciary, among others.

Human Services:

This function of government contains the appropriations which provide social services. Included are the Departments of Vermont Health Access, Mental Health, Children and Families, Corrections, Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, among others.

Labor:

This function of government is primarily federally funded and is concerned

A Guide to Vermont State Government Appropriations & Funds — continued —

with job training and placement and administering the Unemployment Insurance Program. The Department also gathers vital statistics concerning employment/unemployment, average hourly wages, gross state product, etc.

General Education and Higher Education:

This function of government contains the appropriations for K-12 education, Teacher's Retirement, and the operation of the Agency of Education. Higher Education appropriations extend to the Vermont Student Assistance Corp. (VSAC), the University of Vermont (UVM), and the Vermont State Colleges (VSC).

Natural Resources:

This function of government includes the Departments of Fish and Wildlife, Forest, Parks and Recreation, Environmental Conservation, the Environmental Board and District Commissions, and the Water Resources Board.

Commerce and Community Development:

This function of government contains appropriations relating to economic development, the promotion of travel and tourism, and the creation of affordable housing. Included are the Departments of Economic Development, Housing and Community Development, the Vermont Training Program, Community Development Block Grants, Tourism and Marketing, the Vermont Council on the Arts, the Vermont Humanities Council, the Vermont Symphony Orchestra, the Vermont Historical Society, and the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, among others.

Transportation:

This function of government contains appropriations that support the state's highway and local road infrastructure. The Agency of Transportation administers rest areas, maintenance, policy and planning, rail, public transit, motor vehicles, town highway aid, and the construction of roads and bridges.

Debt Service:

This function of government contains the appropriations necessary to make the required, annual principal and interest payments on the state's bonded indebtedness.

Appropriations Structure:

A function of government will contain all the appropriations for an agency of the Executive Branch; e.g., General Government contains the appropriations for the Agency of Administration. Two functions of government have no agency super structure; these are Protection, and Debt Service. All other functions of government contain appropriations for an agency and miscellaneous related organizations.

A Guide to Vermont State Government Appropriations & Funds — continued —

Within a function/agency, appropriations are organized into departments. Commissioners of departments of state government have duties and powers described in Vermont statutes. A small department of government may have a single appropriation; however, departments generally have multiple missions and responsibilities, in which case, the department may have several discrete appropriations specific to each division of the department.

A department may operate several programs. The General Assembly and the Administration are working collaboratively towards appropriating funds at the program level. For a select number of programs, details of requested expenditures are included in the governor's budget submission to the General Assembly. This submission contains a description of each program's objectives and how they relate to the overall goal of the department, past year's spending and outcome measures, including staffing levels, and spending and projected outcome measures for the upcoming fiscal year. The three questions that are addressed include "how much did we do, how well did we do it, and is anyone better off?" While there is still much to do to appropriate the entire budget at the program level, progress has been made with some pilot departments.

Personal Services:

If an appropriation supports employees who are paid through State government's payroll system, there will be a personal services expenditure category. This category will provide funding for wages and the employer's share of benefits. Also, if the department or division intends to contract for non-employee personal services, the funding will be included in this expenditure category.

Operating Expense:

This contains funding for two basic types of expenditures: consumables such as paper, electricity, subscriptions, telephone, etc.; and durables such as computers and copy machines. The operating expense budget for each unit of government is unique to that department or division. Items included in the budget will vary greatly depending upon whether the division occupies rented quarters or a state-owned building, the condition (age) of the equipment, and the mission of the department.

Grants:

This expenditure category contains the funds that will be disbursed in pursuit of a department's or division's program mission. Grants may be made to or on behalf of individuals, e.g., Medicaid, and general assistance, to municipalities, e.g., town highway grants and special education formula grants, or nonprofit organizations.

Other:

This is an unrestricted expenditure category. As the name implies, funds con

A Guide to Vermont State Government Appropriations & Funds — continued —

tained in this category are not otherwise classifiable. Generally, the Other category is used for disbursements that support a program, but which do not quite fit the grants definition. An example is the Municipal Current Use Program.

FUNDS - The funds from which spending authority is granted by legislatively enacted appropriations are:

General: Unrestricted general State revenue.

<u>Transportation:</u> Earmarked State revenue from specific sources.

<u>Education:</u> Earmarked State revenue from specific sources.

Fish and Wildlife: Earmarked State revenue from specific sources.

<u>Federal</u>: Federal revenue typically distributed according to a formula and usually earmarked for specific programs.

Special: State revenue, typically derived from fees and often earmarked.

<u>Bond:</u> State revenue derived from the issuance of general obligation bonds and restricted as to use.

<u>Trust:</u> Highly restricted State revenue from sources such as the State employee retirement trust fund.

Internal service: These are bookkeeping entities created to track certain kinds of costs. An example would be an internal service fund for the photocopy center of an agency. Funds are appropriated to different departments of the agency which then "purchase" photocopy services from the center as needed. The internal service fund provides an accounting mechanism for estimating for budget purposes and for keeping track of the actual costs of operating the photocopy center. Internal service funds, however, do involve a double counting of funds. For example, a department spends \$1 of its appropriated funds to purchase photocopy services which the center books as \$1 of internal service fund revenue. When the center buys supplies, the same \$1 is booked as an internal service fund expenditure.

<u>Transfer:</u> These "funds" represent a transfer from one unit of government to another. The original source may be general, transportation, federal, etc. An example is the Fire Service Training Council which receives transfer funds from the Department of Public Safety.

<u>Direct Applications:</u> Funds and expenditure recoveries that are deposited to the General Fund with Legislative authorization.

Overview of Medicaid

The Medicaid program was created by Congress in 1965 as an entitlement program providing health coverage to low-income families and individuals. Medicaid is structured as a partnership between individual states and the federal government. The rules of this partnership address eligibility (who is covered), services (what is covered), and financing (how funding is shared). At the federal level, Medicaid is overseen by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). In Vermont, the Medicaid program is administered by the Department of Vermont Health Access (DVHA), which is part of the Agency of Human Services (AHS). Approximately 170,000 Vermonters rely on Medicaid as their primary source of health coverage and another 44,000 people access partial or supplemental coverage through the program.

Medicaid funding is shared between the states and the federal government through a matching process known as the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP). While states may have different FMAP rates for different programs, for most of Vermont's Medicaid programs in State fiscal year 2024, the base FMAP rate was 56.52% meaning the federal government paid approximately 56 cents of almost every dollar spent for Medicaid in Vermont. CMS determines specific FMAP rates for each state.

As a condition for receiving federal matching funds, states must cover certain populations (e.g. low-income families and elderly poor receiving Supplemental Security Income) and certain services (e.g. hospital care and physician services). These are referred to as "mandatory" eligibility groups and "mandatory" services, respectively. States may also receive federal matching funds for the costs of covering other "optional" populations (e.g. disabled and elderly poor not eligible for SSI and other low-income children and adults within specified federal poverty levels) and "optional" services (e.g. prescription drugs and dental services) as allowed by federal law. Optional eligibility factors usually are age (e.g., covering older children) or income (e.g., covering to a higher percent of the federal poverty level or FPL). In Vermont, Medicaid eligibility has been expanded throughout the years.

At the start of the COVID-19 pandemic the federal government enacted the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) which included a provision that required state Medicaid programs keep beneficiaries continuously enrolled (with certain exceptions) through the end of the public health emergency. The Act also temporarily increased the FMAP rate for state Medicaid programs by 6.2 percentage points. As a result, states, including Vermont, saw substantial growth in Medicaid enrollments. The federal Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (CAA, 2023), ended Medicaid continuous enrollment on March 31, 2023, giving states up to 14 months to return to normal eligibility

¹ Entitlement Program means that anyone who meets eligibility rules has a right to enroll.

and enrollment operations. Additionally, CAA, 2023 mandated that the temporary FMAP rate increase be phased by the end of calendar year 2023. Both of these policies were temporary but impactful for the State Medicaid program and many Vermonters.

Global Commitment

Global Commitment to Health (aka Global Commitment) is the name of the agreement between the State of Vermont and the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) that is used to administer the majority of Vermont's Medicaid program. Global Commitment is what is known as a Section 1115 Demonstration, referring to the section of the Social Security Act which permits the federal government to approve experimental pilots or demonstrations (often referred to as "waivers") that waive certain provisions of Medicaid law to give states flexibility and encourage state innovation in designing and improving state Medicaid programs while remaining budget neutral to the federal government (meaning federal Medicaid expenditures will not be more than federal spending in the absence of the waiver). According to the National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL), at least forty states operate at least one 1115 waiver, each of which are unique to each specific state's identified needs and priorities.

The Global Commitment waiver has enabled Vermont to fund and implement many programs and initiatives that would not exist or would not be eligible for federal matching dollars in the absence of the Waiver. These include the Choices for Care program, the VPharm program, Vermont Premium Assistance, Mental Health Community Rehabilitation and Treatment (CRT), and a supportive housing assistance pilot program.

While the Global Commitment waiver has been renewed four times since its inception in 2005, the terms and conditions have evolved significantly as have the priorities and goals of policy and decision makers at both the State and federal levels. More recently, it was renewed effective July 1, 2022, through December 31, 2027.

Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

The State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) began in 1998 as a Congressional initiative to encourage states to expand eligibility for low-income children for which states receive an enhanced FMAP rate.² The program was renamed the "Children's Health Insurance Program" (CHIP) when it was

 $^{2~{\}rm For}$ fiscal year 2024, the enhanced FMAP rate for CHIP was 69.56% (federal share) and 30.44% (State share).

reauthorized in 2009 and was reauthorized again in 2013 and 2015 for two more years each. In 2018, CHIP was extended through 2027.

While CHIP is technically under a separate federal title than Medicaid, in Vermont, CHIP is integrated with Medicaid as part of the Dr. Dynasaur program which provides coverage for children from low-income families or have disabilities. The CHIP program covers approximately 4,600 children up to 317% FPL and has a monthly sliding scale family premium of up to \$60 per month based on income.

The Affordable Care Act

In March 2010, President Obama signed the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) which included a major expansion of Medicaid beginning in January 2014. Under the ACA, Medicaid eligibility was expanded to include caretaker and childless adults with incomes up to 138% FPL. The ACA also included the creation of health insurance exchanges. The State created Vermont Health Connect (VHC), which is a State-based health insurance exchange run by DVHA. The first open enrollment period began in the fall of 2013. Under the ACA, cost-sharing reductions (CSRs) are available for individuals and families up-to 250% FPL and advanced premium tax credits (APTC) are available for those up to 400% FPL. In addition, Act 50 of 2013 provided for additional State-based cost sharing reductions and premium tax credits for individuals and families with incomes up to 300% FPL, who purchase insurance directly through VHC. In March 2021, COVID-19 relief legislation known as the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), temporarily extended eligibility for federal premium subsidies to those with incomes greater than 400% FPL and increased financial assistance for people with lower incomes already eligible under the ACA for two years (2021 and 2022). The Inflation Reduction Act (2022) continued this assistance through 2025.

Figures

The tables on the next several pages analyze Vermont's Medicaid program in different ways. One way looks at Medicaid by eligibility category. Information is presented on enrollment, total spending by eligibility type, and a comparison of spending where Medicaid is the primary source of coverage versus a secondary (or supplementary) source of coverage.

Another way of looking at Medicaid spending in Vermont is by State services by department. Several departments administer services that are paid for through the Medicaid program, including DVHA; the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living (DAIL); the Department for Children and Families (DCF); the Department of Health (VDH); the Department of Mental Health (DMH); and the Agency of Education (AOE). Apart from the AOE, all the departments are part of the Vermont Agency of Human Services. Finally, there is a chart summarizing Global Commitment and other Medicaid related expenditures for fiscal years 2020 to 2023.

2023

2023 Federal Poverty Levels (FPLs)

| B 4 | ٥r | -41 | _1 | |
|-----|----|-----|----|--|
| | | | | |

| Household Size | 100% | 138% | 150% | 200% | 250% | 300% | 400% |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1 | \$1,215 | \$1,677 | \$1,823 | \$2,430 | \$3,038 | \$3,645 | \$4,860 |
| 2 | \$1,643 | \$2,268 | \$2,465 | \$3,287 | \$4,108 | \$4,930 | \$6,573 |
| 3 | \$2,072 | \$2,859 | \$3,108 | \$4,143 | \$5,179 | \$6,215 | \$8,287 |
| 4 | \$2,500 | \$3,450 | \$3,750 | \$5,000 | \$6,250 | \$7,500 | \$10,000 |
| 5 | \$2,928 | \$4,041 | \$4,393 | \$5,857 | \$7,321 | \$8,785 | \$11,713 |
| 6 | \$3,357 | \$4,632 | \$5,035 | \$6,713 | \$8,392 | \$10,070 | \$13,427 |

Annually

| Household Size | 100% | 138% | 150% | 200% | 250% | 300% | 400% |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | \$14,580 | \$20,120 | \$21,870 | \$29,160 | \$36,450 | \$43,740 | \$58,320 |
| 2 | \$19,720 | \$27,214 | \$29,580 | \$39,440 | \$49,300 | \$59,160 | \$78,880 |
| 3 | \$24,860 | \$34,307 | \$37,290 | \$49,720 | \$62,150 | \$74,580 | \$99,440 |
| 4 | \$30,000 | \$41,400 | \$45,000 | \$60,000 | \$75,000 | \$90,000 | \$120,000 |
| 5 | \$35,140 | \$48,493 | \$52,710 | \$70,280 | \$87,850 | \$105,420 | \$140,560 |
| 6 | \$40,280 | \$55,586 | \$60,420 | \$80,560 | \$100,700 | \$120,840 | \$161,120 |

https://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty-guidelines

Average Medicaid Caseload - FY 2020 to FY 2023

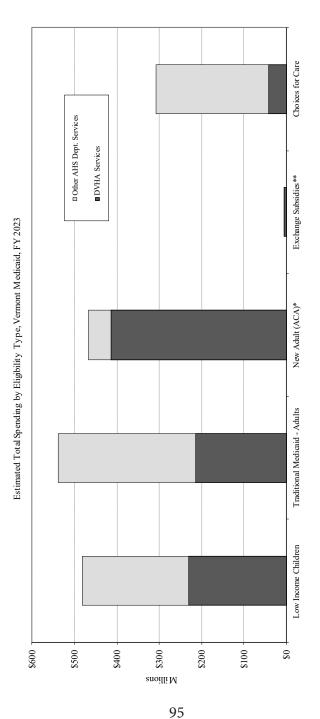
(Based on Monthly Enrollment)

| , , | actual | actual | actual | actual |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 |
| Full/Primary Coverage ¹ | | | | |
| Adult | | | | |
| Aged, Blind, or Disabled (ABD) Adults | 6,292 | 6,229 | 6,108 | 6,401 |
| General Adults | 8,366 | 11,308 | 16,837 | 18,626 |
| New Adult - (ACA Expansion) | 55,254 | 66,473 | 72,337 | 76,521 |
| Adult Subtotal | 69,912 | 84,010 | 95,282 | 101,548 |
| Children | | | | |
| Blind or Disabled (BD) Kids | 1,766 | 1,636 | 1,542 | 1,619 |
| General Kids | 57,772 | 60,658 | 61,895 | 62,070 |
| CHIP (Uninsured) Kids | 4,549 | 4,356 | 4,687 | 4,635 |
| Children Subtotal | 64,087 | 66,650 | 68,124 | 68,324 |
| Subtotal -Full/Primary | 133,999 | 150,660 | 163,406 | 169,872 |
| Partial/Supplemental Coverage | | | | |
| Choices for Care | 4,387 | 4,476 | 4,510 | 4,600 |
| ABD Dual Eligibles | 17,546 | 18,031 | 18,320 | 18,663 |
| Rx -Pharmacy Only Programs | 9,976 | 9,965 | 9,586 | 9,096 |
| Vermont Premium Assistance ² | 16,237 | 15,187 | 12,471 | 10,842 |
| Cost Sharing Reduction ³ | 3,518 | 3,044 | 3,041 | 3,106 |
| Underinsured Kids (ESI upto 312% FPL) | 568 | 569 | 618 | 664 |
| Partial/Supp Subtotal | 48,714 | 48,228 | 45,505 | 43,865 |
| Total Medicaid Enrollment | 182,713 | 198,888 | 208,911 | 213,737 |

¹ Some Full Coverage enrollees may have other forms of insurance.

² Vermont Premium Assistance (VPA) counts are the number subscribers and not individuals.

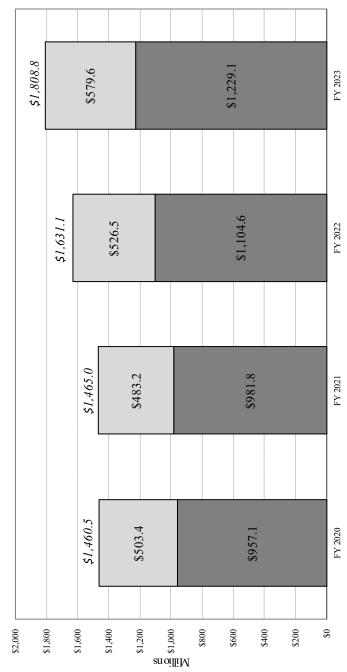
³ Almost all of the people with Vermont Premium Assistance (VPA) also have Cost-Sharing Reduction (CSR) subsidies. As such there may be some double-counting in the total Medicaid enrollment.



* New Adult expansion under the Affordable Care Act began FY' 14.

** Exchange (Vermont Health Connect) subsidies in clude the Vermont Premium Assistance and the Cost-Sharing Reduction Programs

Medicaid as Primary Source of Coverage v. Secondary Source of Coverage - Spending, FY 2020 to 2023



NOTES:
* Includes program costs only. Does not include admin, investments, disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments, clawback, or Buy-In.

■ Supplementary

■Primary

Other non-AHS DAIL = Department of Disabilities, Aging & Independent Living DOE = Department of Education DCF = Department of Children & Families AHS CO AHS CO = Agency of Human Services Central Office DVHA = Department of Vermont Health Access Estimated Medicaid Spending by Department, FY 2023 VDH = Vermont Department of Health DOC DMH = Department of Mental Health $DOC = Dep\, partment\,\, of\, Corrections$ DCF DOE DAIL DMH VDH DVHA \$1,200 \$1,000 8800 \$600 \$400 \$200 \$0 snoilli M

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Summary of Global Commitment and Medicaid Related Expenditures, FY 2020 to FY 2023

| | FY20 Actual | FY21 Actual | FY22 Actual | FY23 Actual |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Global Commitment Waiver (GC) | | | | |
| GC - Program | 1,236,841,301 | 1,268,974,765 | 1,413,780,286 | 1,542,860,852 |
| GC - VT Premium Assistance | 5,864,311 | 5,689,738 | 4,524,778 | 4,139,283 |
| GC - Choices for Care | 221,591,137 | 206,345,993 | 226,674,507 | 257,115,067 |
| GC - Investments | 124,799,031 | 98,845,057 | 108,638,216 | 115,396,199 |
| GC - Certified (non-cash program & CNOM) ¹ | 23,441,495 | 18,175,058 | 21,178,030 | 20,590,111 |
| GC Waiver total | 1,612,537,275 | 1,598,030,610 | 1,774,795,817 | 1,940,101,511 |
| Other Medicaid and Related Programs | | | | |
| Non-Capitated Administration | 137,769,133 | 131,107,818 | 135,604,147 | 157,714,781 |
| Money Follows the Person | 2,379,542 | 1,388,847 | 4,643,428 | 2,434,893 |
| Exchange Cost Sharing Subsidies (State Only) | 1,170,612 | 1,176,262 | 985,102 | 1,151,486 |
| Pharmacy (State Only) | 4,862,659 | 4,998,596 | 2,891,746 | 3,538,163 |
| Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) | 22,704,471 | 22,704,470 | 22,704,469 | 46,365,645 |
| Clawback (State only funded) | 35,532,471 | 30,355,530 | 33,191,145 | 35,919,289 |
| Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) | 13,744,946 | 14,664,289 | 14,593,119 | 15,161,223 |
| Total Non-GC Waiver spending | 218,163,834 | 206,395,812 | 214,613,156 | 262,285,480 |
| Total All Expenditures | 1,830,701,108 | 1,804,426,422 | 1,989,408,973 | 2,202,386,991 |
| | 0.4% | -1.4% | 10.3% | 10.7% |

Notes

¹ CNOM = Costs not otherwise matched (in the absence of the waiver)

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

Includes all funds, all appropriations with rescissions, adjustments and distributions. One-time and other bills are listed at the end separately. This does not adjust for partial restructuring or partial movements of funding across approppriations areas or functions of government. Events in prior years not shown here may impact the meaning of any trend analysis for any given

| meanin | meaning of any trend analyis for any given appropriation section. | | | | | FV2A | , V 5 |
|--------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | As Enacted | CAGR |
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.100 | Secretary of administration - secretary's office | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 886,620 | 862,455 | 1,121,847 | 1,092,614 | 2,359,270 | |
| | Special funds | 150,000 | 169,000 | 156,000 | 25,000 | 100,000 | |
| | Internal service funds | 75,000 | 173,452 | 173,452 | 440,610 | 403,239 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | ı | 178,859 | 178,859 | 230,778 | 241,437 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | ı | ı | ı | • | ı | |
| | Total | 1,111,620 | 1,383,766 | 1,630,158 | 1,789,002 | 3,103,946 | 25.8% |
| B.101 | Secretary of administration - finance | | | | | | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,379,417 | 1,312,682 | 1,312,682 | 1,370,258 | 1,512,756 | |
| B.102 | Total Secretary of administration - workers' compensation insurance | 1,379,417 | 1,312,682 | 1,312,682 | 1,370,258 | 1,512,756 | 3.4% |
| | Internal service funds | 769,663 | 662,726 | 975,420 | 946,556 | 986,601 | |
| B.103 | Total Secretary of administration - general liability insurance | 769,663 | 662,726 | 975,420 | 946,556 | 986,601 | 4.9% |
| | Internal service funds | 657,070 | 623,477 | 639,541 | 545,526 | 609,275 | |
| | Total | 657,070 | 623,477 | 639,541 | 545,526 | 609,275 | 1.2% |

| | FY24 As Enacted | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| | FY23 | |
| As Enacted | FY22 | |
| FY20 - FY24 As Enact | FY21 | |
| Total Appropriations | FY20 | |

| | | | | | | - | į |
|--------------|--|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| GEN | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.104 | 14 Secretary of administration - all other insurance | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 32,175 | 20,901 | 117,643 | 210,345 | 251,097 | |
| | Total | 32,175 | 20,901 | 117,643 | 210,345 | 251,097 | 45.1% |
| B.10 | B.104.1 Retired State Employees Pension Plus Funding | | | | | | |
| | General funds | • | • | 1 | ' | 9,000,000 | |
| 100 8.105 | Total Agency of digital services - communications and information technology | , | 1 | 1 | • | 9,000,000 | |
| | General funds | 179,238 | 174,342 | 174,342 | 179,572 | 186,726 | |
| | Special funds | 383,707 | 387,710 | 387,710 | 449,965 | 471,611 | |
| | Internal service funds | 71,742,131 | 80,664,392 | 83,354,680 | 116,859,021 | 137,970,115 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | • | 1 | ' | 1 | |
| | Total | 72,305,076 | 81,226,444 | 83,916,732 | 117,488,558 | 138,628,452 | 15.% |
| B.106 | 6 Finance and management - budget and management | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,286,501 | 1,284,367 | 1,277,150 | 1,287,210 | 1,143,286 | |
| | Internal service funds | 346,638 | 615,992 | 595,367 | 602,090 | 619,869 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | 1 | 1 | ' | 1 | |
| | Total | 1,633,139 | 1,900,359 | 1,872,517 | 1,889,300 | 1,763,155 | 1.9% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|---------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENER | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.107 | Finance and management - financial operations | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 2,861,624 | 2,851,807 | 2,850,043 | 2,988,129 | 3,366,686 | |
| | Special funds | ı | ı | 1 | • | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,861,624 | 2,851,807 | 2,850,043 | 2,988,129 | 3,366,686 | 3.7% |
| B.108 | Human resources - operations | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,978,207 | 1,934,763 | 2,044,399 | 1,645,579 | 1,777,169 | |
| | Special funds | 277,462 | 263,589 | 263,589 | 263,589 | 263,589 | |
| | Internal service funds | 6,552,186 | 6,595,152 | 7,334,516 | 8,582,668 | 9,127,114 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 880,474 | 815,641 | 443,884 | 469,599 | 491,820 | |
| | Total | 9,688,329 | 9,609,145 | 10,086,388 | 10,961,435 | 11,659,692 | 5.4% |
| B.108.1 | B.108.1 Human resources - VTHR operations | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 2,514,638 | 2,739,781 | 2,372,174 | 2,508,421 | 2,602,750 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,514,638 | 2,739,781 | 2,372,174 | 2,508,421 | 2,602,750 | .3% |
| B.109 | Human resources - employee benefits & wellness | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 1,610,101 | 1,556,329 | 1,556,329 | 1,710,560 | 1,795,257 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 1,610,101 | 1,556,329 | 1,556,329 | 1,710,560 | 1,795,257 | 1.4% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | As Enacted | CAGR |
| GENER | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.110 | Libraries | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,062,056 | 2,007,822 | 1,965,363 | 2,004,119 | 2,088,614 | |
| | Special funds | 116,031 | 107,828 | 34,327 | 35,276 | 73,614 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,116,678 | 1,153,855 | 1,150,041 | 1,308,858 | 1,251,244 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 98,459 | 98,459 | 108,691 | 109,193 | 127,879 | |
| | Total | 3,393,224 | 3,367,964 | 3,258,422 | 3,457,446 | 3,541,351 | 1.5% |
| B.111 | Tax - administration/collection | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 19,475,589 | 19,989,515 | 20,382,265 | 21,409,826 | 22,406,475 | |
| | Special funds | 1,570,888 | 1,680,474 | 2,006,808 | 2,178,388 | 8,359,270 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 142,566 | 34,109 | 34,109 | 34,109 | 45,000 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | ı | 323,000 | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| | Tobacco fund | ı | • | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| | Total | 21,189,043 | 22,027,098 | 22,423,182 | 23,622,323 | 30,810,745 | 8.6% |
| B.112 | Buildings and general services - administration | | | | | | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 775,182 | 818,790 | 820,008 | 1,234,889 | 1,322,499 | |
| | Total | 775,182 | 818,790 | 820,008 | 1,234,889 | 1,322,499 | 11.8% |

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|---------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.113 | Buildings and general services - engineering | | | | | | |
| | General funds | • | • | • | 1,132,103 | 1,276,367 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 3,583,423 | 4,115,903 | 4,124,474 | 500,000 | ı | |
| B.113.1 | Total Buildings and General Services Engineering - Capital B.113.1 Projects | 3,583,423 | 4,115,903 | 4,124,474 | 1,632,103 | 1,276,367 | 18.% |
| | General funds | • | 1 | • | 2,756,153 | 2,730,738 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | • | • | ı | 500,000 | |
| | Total | • | 1 | • | 2,756,153 | 3,230,738 | |
| B.114 | Buildings and general services - information centers | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 648,931 | 630,652 | 630,652 | 649,572 | 668,401 | |
| | Transportation funds | 4,019,636 | 3,911,594 | 3,911,594 | 4,059,343 | 4,235,134 | |
| | Special funds | 458,316 | 473,635 | 499,783 | 432,760 | 544,720 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 360,000 | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| | Total | 5,126,883 | 5,375,881 | 5,042,029 | 5,141,675 | 5,448,255 | 1.9% |
| B.115 | Buildings and general services - purchasing | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,247,807 | 1,240,679 | 1,240,679 | 1,357,219 | 1,481,008 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 97,890 | 1 | • | 381,089 | |
| | Total | 1,247,807 | 1,338,569 | 1,240,679 | 1,357,219 | 1,862,097 | 8.6% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|--|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.116 | Buildings and general services - postal services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 85,063 | 82,511 | 82,511 | 84,986 | 87,613 | |
| | Internal service funds | 801,754 | 842,476 | 842,476 | 921,751 | 886,040 | |
| | Fotal | 886,817 | 924,987 | 924,987 | 1,006,737 | 973,653 | 2.5% |
| B.117 | Buildings and general services - copy center | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 935,150 | 936,947 | 936,947 | 1,025,491 | 1,107,062 | |
| B.118 | Total Buildings and general services - fleet management services | 935,150 | 936,947 | 936,947 | 1,025,491 | 1,107,062 | 4.9% |
| | Internal service funds | 944,481 | 935,958 | 935,958 | 1,027,992 | 1,133,741 | |
| B.119 | Total Buildings and general services - federal surplus property | 944,481 | 935,958 | 935,958 | 1,027,992 | 1,133,741 | 4.% |
| | Enterprise funds | 23,052 | 6,840 | 6,840 | 6,979 | 4,298 | |
| | Total | 23,052 | 6,840 | 6,840 | 6,979 | 4,298 | 30.4% |
| B.120 | Buildings and general services - state surplus property | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 312,446 | 427,509 | 427,510 | 468,809 | 509,657 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 312,446 | 427,509 | 427,510 | 468,809 | 509,657 | 13.5% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENER | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.121 | Buildings and general services - property management | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 1,799,719 | 1,773,530 | 1,797,135 | 1,976,283 | 2,091,176 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | , | 1,583,332 | • | 1 | • | |
| | Total | 1,799,719 | 3,356,862 | 1,797,135 | 1,976,283 | 2,091,176 | 4.8% |
| B.122 | Buildings and general services - fee for space | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 30,601,226 | 29,565,514 | 29,565,514 | 33,347,740 | 35,964,112 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 70,056 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 1,508,433 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Federal funds | • | ı | ı | 1 | • | |
| | General funds | , | ı | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Special funds | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 30,601,226 | 31,073,947 | 29,565,514 | 33,347,740 | 36,034,168 | 3.7% |
| B.124 | Executive office - governor's office | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,658,582 | 1,657,770 | 1,672,493 | 1,716,379 | 1,801,931 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 186,500 | 197,500 | 197,500 | 230,751 | 249,812 | |
| | Total | 1,845,082 | 1,855,270 | 1,869,993 | 1,947,130 | 2,051,743 | 2.1% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|---------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.125 | Legislative counsel | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,772,167 | 3,187,533 | 3,400,236 | 3,809,731 | 3,924,777 | |
| | Total | 3,772,167 | 3,187,533 | 3,400,236 | 3,809,731 | 3,924,777 | 4.7% |
| B.126 | Legislature | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 8,119,372 | 8,691,089 | 8,906,637 | 9,922,747 | 10,547,718 | |
| 10 | Total | 8,119,372 | 8,691,089 | 8,906,637 | 9,922,747 | 10,547,718 | 6.4% |
| B.126.1 | B.126.1 Legislative information technology | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,412,146 | 1,419,819 | 1,591,915 | 1,755,296 | 1,943,447 | |
| | Total | 1,412,146 | 1,419,819 | 1,591,915 | 1,755,296 | 1,943,447 | |
| B.127 | Joint fiscal committee | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,023,053 | 2,093,770 | 2,512,260 | 2,765,924 | 2,708,940 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 1 | 125,000 | ı | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,023,053 | 2,093,770 | 2,637,260 | 2,765,924 | 2,708,940 | 7.3% |
| B.128 | Sergeant at arms | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 870,204 | 951,819 | 1,068,024 | 1,304,761 | 1,534,761 | |
| | Total | 870,204 | 951,819 | 1,068,024 | 1,304,761 | 1,534,761 | 13.3% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | As Enacted | CAGR |
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.129 | Lieutenant governor | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 263,133 | 263,891 | 239,529 | 249,252 | 302,484 | |
| | Total | 263,133 | 263,891 | 239,529 | 249,252 | 302,484 | 3.5% |
| B.130 | Auditor of accounts | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 404,513 | 314,921 | 344,615 | 357,074 | 372,808 | |
| | Special funds | 53,145 | 53,145 | 53,145 | 53,145 | 53,145 | |
| | Internal service funds | 3,177,390 | 3,214,114 | 3,722,816 | 3,754,851 | 3,918,960 | |
| | Total | 3,635,048 | 3,582,180 | 4,120,576 | 4,165,070 | 4,344,913 | 4.4% |
| B.131 | State treasurer | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 981,483 | 975,600 | 1,066,424 | 1,809,658 | 2,148,837 | |
| | Special funds | 2,968,779 | 3,021,695 | 3,064,451 | 2,803,034 | 3,737,463 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 120,271 | 140,120 | 157,689 | 217,345 | 161,617 | |
| | Total | 4,070,533 | 4,137,415 | 4,288,564 | 4,830,037 | 6,047,917 | 9.4% |
| B.132 | State treasurer - unclaimed property | | | | | | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Private purpose trust funds | 1,125,701 | 1,134,819 | 1,135,286 | 1,156,575 | 1,196,613 | |
| | Total | 1,125,701 | 1,134,819 | 1,135,286 | 1,156,575 | 1,196,613 | 1.2% |

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|---------|---|--|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| GENER | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.133 | Vermont state retirement system | | | | | | |
| | Pension trust funds | 6,788,424 | 5,672,641 | 4,856,067 | 2,456,934 | 2,990,679 | |
| | Total | 6,788,424 | 5,672,641 | 4,856,067 | 2,456,934 | 2,990,679 | 16.7% |
| B.134 | Municipal employees' retirement system | | | | | | |
| | Pension trust funds | 2,916,008 | 2,598,919 | 2,313,012 | 1,420,006 | 1,721,823 | |
| | Total | 2,916,008 | 2,598,919 | 2,313,012 | 1,420,006 | 1,721,823 | 10.5% |
| B.134.1 | B.134.1 Vermont Pension Investment Commission | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | • | 1 | 1 | 2,136,685 | 2,378,198 | |
| | Total | • | 1 | • | 2,136,685 | 2,378,198 | |
| B.135 | State labor relations board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 259,233 | 286,887 | 273,064 | 285,511 | 298,189 | |
| | Special funds | 84.49 | 6,788 | 6,788 | 6,788 | 6,788 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 2,788 | 2,788 | 2,788 | 2,788 | 2,788 | |
| | Total | 268,809 | 296,463 | 282,640 | 295,087 | 307,765 | 3.3% |
| B.136 | VOSHA review board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 46,175 | 45,650 | 45,958 | 47,961 | 51,004 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 46,175 | 45,649 | 45,957 | 47,961 | 51,004 | |
| | Total | 92,350 | 91,299 | 91,915 | 95,922 | 102,008 | 2.8% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

FY24

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENE | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.136 | B.136.1 Ethics Commission | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 120,843 | 113,317 | 113,317 | 116,575 | 189,427 | |
| | Total | 120,843 | 113,317 | 113,317 | 116,575 | 189,427 | 9.4% |
| B.137 | Homeowner rebate | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 16,600,000 | 17,100,000 | 18,600,000 | 16,500,000 | 16,250,000 | |
| | Total | 16,600,000 | 17,100,000 | 18,600,000 | 16,500,000 | 16,250,000 | .4% |
| 109 | Renter rebate | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 8,100,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | |
| | Education funds | • | 1 | • | ı | 1 | |
| | Total | 8,100,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 2.% |
| B.139 | Tax department - reappraisal and listing payments | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,303,324 | 3,310,000 | 3,313,356 | 3,388,000 | 3,394,500 | |
| | Education funds | • | 1 | • | ı | 1 | |
| | Total | 3,303,324 | 3,310,000 | 3,313,356 | 3,388,000 | 3,394,500 | %9: |
| B.140 | Municipal current use | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 16,603,039 | 17,120,500 | 17,824,193 | 17,800,000 | 18,600,000 | |

3.1%

18,600,000

17,800,000

17,824,193

17,120,500

16,603,039

Total

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|--------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENER | GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| B.142 | B.142 Payments in lieu of taxes | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 8,750,000 | 9,250,000 | 9,750,000 | 10,575,000 | 12,280,750 | |
| | Total | 8,750,000 | 9,250,000 | 9,750,000 | 10,575,000 | 12,280,750 | 8.9% |
| 11(B.143 | Payments in lieu of taxes - Montpelier | | | | | | |
|) | Special funds | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | |
| | Total | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | 184,000 | |
| B.144 | Payments in lieu of taxes - correctional facilities | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | |
| | Total | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | |
| 2.045 | Lottery commission | | | | | | |
| | Enterprise funds | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | • | • | • | 1 | • | |

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| ERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| Totals for general government | | | | | | |
| General fund | 92,266,436 | 95,126,355 | 99,277,912 | 104,811,247 | 118,585,063 | |
| Transportation fund | 4,019,636 | 3,911,594 | 3,911,594 | 4,059,343 | 4,235,134 | |
| Special funds | 14,959,116 | 15,637,864 | 16,446,601 | 19,183,630 | 28,493,148 | |
| Federal funds | 1,116,678 | 1,153,855 | 1,150,041 | 1,308,858 | 1,251,244 | |
| Internal service funds | 125,854,235 | 134,313,374 | 138,310,838 | 178,033,418 | 203,532,178 | |
| Interdepartmental transfers | 7,215,255 | 7,858,390 | 7,551,641 | 4,447,671 | 5,157,757 | |
| Enterprise funds | 23,052 | 6,840 | 6,840 | 6,979 | 4,298 | |
| Pension trust funds | 9,704,432 | 8,271,560 | 7,169,079 | 3,876,940 | 4,712,502 | |
| Private purpose trust funds | 1,125,701 | 1,134,819 | 1,135,286 | 1,156,575 | 1,196,613 | |
| Education funds | • | • | • | • | • | |
| Global Commitment funds | • | • | • | • | 1 | |
| Tobacco fund | ٠ | • | • | 1 | • | |
| Total | 256,284,541 | 271,189,416 | 274,959,832 | 316,884,661 | 367,167,937 | 7.7% |

| | Tota | Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted | TY20 - FY24 | As Enacted | | | |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.200 | Attorney general | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 5,467,707 | 5,622,679 | 6,246,043 | 6,533,053 | 6,974,796 | |
| | Special funds | 2,015,281 | 1,889,888 | 1,886,016 | 2,030,838 | 2,142,678 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 348,000 | 348,000 | 348,000 | 348,000 | 422,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,256,355 | 1,427,372 | 1,382,278 | 1,490,970 | 1,583,958 | |
| 1 | Interdepartmental transfers | 2,850,653 | 3,198,811 | 3,057,026 | 3,455,606 | 3,550,138 | |
| 12 | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 65,000 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 11,937,996 | 12,551,750 | 12,919,363 | 13,858,467 | 14,673,570 | 4.7% |
| B.201 | Vermont court diversion | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,734,524 | 2,634,021 | 2,669,643 | 2,749,732 | 2,886,224 | |
| | Special funds | 439,997 | 257,997 | 257,997 | 257,997 | 257,997 | |
| | Total | 3,174,521 | 2,892,018 | 2,927,640 | 3,007,729 | 3,144,221 | 1.8% |
| B.202 | Defender general - public defense | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 12,487,014 | 13,194,524 | 13,280,735 | 14,114,985 | 15,912,648 | |

2.6%

14,704,638

13,870,388

13,784,177

13,076,667

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Total

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589,653 150,000 16,652,301

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Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | 00/83 | 1678 | 22/22 | 13/33 | FY24 | 5 Yr |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| | | F 1 20 | F I 21 | F X 77 | F 1 23 | As Enacted | CAGR |
| PROTI | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.203 | Defender general - assigned counsel | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 5,969,661 | 5,674,351 | 6,196,419 | 6,386,691 | 7,263,474 | |
| | Special funds | 1 | • | • | 1 | , | |
| | Total | 5,969,661 | 5,674,351 | 6,196,419 | 6,386,691 | 7,263,474 | 4.9% |
| B.204 | Judiciary | | | | | | |
| 1 | General funds | 46,593,611 | 46,927,245 | 48,337,826 | 52,997,805 | 58,250,863 | |
| 12 | Special funds | 3,248,649 | 3,182,775 | 3,200,659 | 3,260,434 | 2,888,542 | |
| | Federal funds | 887,586 | 887,586 | 900,469 | 953,928 | 953,928 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 2,095,399 | 2,095,399 | 2,095,399 | 2,095,399 | 2,167,482 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 1 | 1 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 52,825,245 | 53,093,005 | 54,534,353 | 59,307,566 | 64,260,815 | 4.8% |
| B.205 | State's attorneys | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 12,714,313 | 13,075,933 | 13,745,777 | 14,358,352 | 15,904,997 | |
| | Special funds | 121,240 | 75,502 | 85,324 | 101,442 | 109,778 | |
| | Federal funds | 31,000 | 232,812 | 212,828 | 224,319 | 233,490 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 2,666,645 | 2,656,841 | 2,669,831 | 201,806 | 538,975 | |
| | Total | 15,533,198 | 16,041,088 | 16,713,760 | 14,885,919 | 16,787,240 | 2.1% |

| | | Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted | ations FY20 | - FY24 As Er | nacted | | | |
|----|---------|---|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| | PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| | B.206 | Special investigative unit | | | | | | |
| | | General funds | 1,999,100 | 2,100,430 | 2,100,430 | 2,163,717 | 2,228,629 | |
| | | Federal funds | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| | | Special funds | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | |
| | | Total | 1,999,100 | 2,100,430 | 2,100,430 | 2,163,717 | 2,228,629 | 2.2% |
| 1 | B.206.1 | B.206.1 Crime Victims Advocates | | | | | | |
| 14 | | General funds | ı | 1 | 1 | 2,562,572 | 2,711,497 | |
| | | Total | ı | 1 | 1 | 2,562,572 | 2,711,497 | |
| | B.207 | Sheriffs | | | | | | |
| | | General funds | 4,660,863 | 4,635,239 | 4,650,647 | 4,856,230 | 5,089,314 | |
| | | Total | 4,660,863 | 4,635,239 | 4,650,647 | 4,856,230 | 5,089,314 | 2.5% |
| | B.208 | Public safety - administration | | | | | | |
| | | General funds | 4,431,288 | 5,115,145 | 5,070,962 | 5,743,935 | 6,001,814 | |
| | | Special funds | 175,000 | 5,000 | 4,105 | 4,105 | 4,105 | |
| | | Federal funds | 441,300 | 567,444 | 556,962 | 536,792 | 547,260 | |
| | | Interdepartmental transfers | 3,564,329 | 3,497,460 | 3,209,478 | 3,309,285 | 3,762,012 | |

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9,594,117 10,315,191

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| PROT | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.209 | Public safety - state police | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 41,706,303 | 28,558,891 | 43,273,740 | 46,474,844 | 53,896,213 | |
| | Transportation funds | 20,250,000 | 13,350,000 | 20,250,000 | 20,250,000 | 20,250,000 | |
| | Special funds | 3,067,749 | 3,145,278 | 3,103,294 | 3,116,711 | 3,166,387 | |
| | Federal funds | 4,063,667 | 5,023,746 | 4,417,066 | 4,820,645 | 4,311,304 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,898,851 | 1,965,032 | 1,885,351 | 1,862,752 | 1,583,378 | |
| | ARRA funds | • | • | | | • | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 21,790,000 | 1 | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 70,986,570 | 73,832,947 | 72,929,451 | 76,524,952 | 83,207,282 | 3.8% |
| B.210 | Public safety - criminal justice services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,147,212 | 1,875,235 | 1,813,747 | 1,423,477 | 1,467,321 | |
| | Special funds | 1,930,649 | 3,422,917 | 4,169,503 | 4,646,634 | 4,970,533 | |
| | Federal funds | 765,890 | 846,505 | 618,974 | 434,048 | 523,131 | |
| | ARRA funds | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | • | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | |
| | Transportation funds | | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 5,843,751 | 6,144,657 | 6,602,224 | 6,504,159 | 6,960,985 | 3.1% |

| | Total A | Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted | 20 - FY24 A | s Enacted | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| PROTI | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.211 | Public safety - emergency management | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 433,306 | 591,482 | 589,847 | 627,088 | 668,427 | |
| | Special funds | 230,000 | 710,000 | 710,000 | 710,000 | 710,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 8,319,390 | 9,942,079 | 16,273,680 | 39,537,389 | 29,561,807 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 1 | 7,226 | 7,226 | 195,884 | |
| | Transportation funds | 1 | • | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 8,982,696 | 11,243,561 | 17,580,753 | 40,881,703 | 31,136,118 | 17.6% |
| B.212 | Public safety - fire safety | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 477,905 | 471,233 | 461,669 | 740,787 | 1,505,641 | |
| | Special funds | 8,954,902 | 8,578,330 | 8,639,610 | 8,998,928 | 9,567,787 | |
| | Federal funds | 876,323 | 480,205 | 482,821 | 549,732 | 626,072 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 45,000 | 45,000 | 45,000 | 45,000 | 45,000 | |
| | Total | 10,354,130 | 9,574,768 | 9,629,100 | 10,334,447 | 11,744,500 | 3.3% |
| B.213 | Public safety - Forensic Laboratory | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,177,547 | 3,230,986 | 3,217,665 | 3,407,657 | 3,626,083 | |
| | Special funds | 78,555 | 77,518 | 61,852 | 62,782 | 66,395 | |
| | Federal funds | 414,702 | 534,594 | 531,072 | 320,000 | 532,582 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 560,750 | 373,437 | 352,793 | 367,725 | 536,043 | |
| | Total | 4,231,554 | 4,216,535 | 4,163,382 | 4,158,164 | 4,761,103 | 1.9% |

15.5% 9.3% 28.5% 2.9% CAGR 5 Yr 62,500 3,025,057 3,025,057 665,922 9,854,633 10,520,555 49,007,836 49,007,836 1,726,881 1,664,381 As Enacted FY24 62,500 2,864,350 2,864,350 8,545,435 9,182,058 48,247,558 48,247,558 1,587,079 1,649,579 636,623 FY23 62,500 2,674,502 8,052,375 21,699,034 21,699,034 1,596,992 2,674,502 613,964 7,438,411 1,534,492 Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted FY22 72,450 62,500 2,696,229 2,768,679 6,799,728 7,372,926 43,690,489 43,690,489 1,527,079 1,589,579 573,198 FY21 60,000 2,674,877 581,730 6,381,011 6,962,741 14,785,692 14,785,692 1,448,308 1,508,308 2,674,877 FY20 PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY Military - building maintenance Military - army service contract Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund Military - air service contract Military - administration General funds General funds General funds Federal funds General funds Federal funds Special funds Federal funds Total Total Total Total B.218 B.215 B.216 B.217

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|-------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.219 | Military - veterans' affairs | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 793,651 | 817,206 | 823,965 | 956,280 | 1,092,634 | |
| | Special funds | 147,218 | 151,512 | 163,349 | 162,675 | 241,942 | |
| | Federal funds | 100,000 | 99,585 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 105,900 | |
| | Total | 1,040,869 | 1,068,303 | 1,087,314 | 1,218,955 | 1,440,476 | 6.7% |
| B.220 | Center for crime victim services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,264,158 | 1,232,712 | 1,382,712 | 1,382,712 | 1,472,674 | |
| | Special funds | 5,342,728 | 5,354,316 | 4,628,381 | 3,461,971 | 3,461,972 | |
| | Federal funds | 9,682,330 | 7,172,443 | 6,612,435 | 5,005,689 | 6,606,021 | |
| | ARRA funds | | 1 | • | 1 | • | |
| | Total | 16,289,216 | 13,759,471 | 12,623,528 | 9,850,372 | 11,540,667 | 2.2% |
| B.221 | Criminal justice council | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,488,016 | 2,609,420 | 2,931,638 | 3,130,282 | 3,720,035 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 204,625 | 285,286 | 240,617 | 330,500 | 352,348 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | , | 13,000 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,692,641 | 2,907,706 | 3,172,255 | 3,460,782 | 4,072,383 | 9.3% |

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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.222 | Agriculture, food and markets - administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 979,008 | 972,156 | 1,037,364 | 1,234,172 | 1,467,038 | |
| | Special funds | 714,922 | 886,366 | 901,167 | 988,397 | 1,242,062 | |
| | Federal funds | 431,222 | 426,067 | 455,917 | 522,900 | 524,493 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 209,162 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | • | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| B.223 | Total Agriculture, food and markets - food safety and consumer protection | 2,125,152 | 2,493,751 | 2,394,448 | 2,745,469 | 3,233,593 | 8.1% |
| | General funds | 2,895,182 | 2,859,758 | 2,998,665 | 2,945,168 | 3,281,095 | |
| | Special funds | 3,644,093 | 3,608,289 | 3,647,045 | 3,765,425 | 3,942,188 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,253,186 | 1,122,085 | 1,154,454 | 1,362,095 | 1,605,177 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | | 120,560 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 7,799,461 | 7,717,692 | 7,807,164 | 8,084,688 | 8,840,460 | 2.4% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.224 | Agriculture, food and markets - agricultural development | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,100,030 | 1,922,062 | 2,230,367 | 3,034,777 | 3,068,393 | |
| | Special funds | 688,828 | 706,100 | 686,753 | 545,738 | 627,904 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,404,693 | 1,657,616 | 4,156,604 | 7,569,461 | 18,454,724 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 683,806 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | |
| B.225 | Total Agriculture, food and markets - agricultural resource management and environmental stewardship | 4,193,551 | 4,969,584 | 7,073,724 | 11,149,976 | 22,151,021 | 42.5% |
| | General funds | 730,945 | 780,733 | 778,555 | 941,645 | 745,509 | |
| | Special funds | 1,816,068 | 2,027,250 | 2,084,017 | 2,325,153 | 2,297,266 | |
| | Federal funds | 454,022 | 492,242 | 466,470 | 472,695 | 390,117 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 255,518 | 279,606 | 279,855 | 337,065 | 353,096 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 122,758 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 3,256,553 | 3,702,589 | 3,608,897 | 4,076,558 | 3,785,988 | 7.2% |

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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.225.1 | Agriculture, food and markets - Vermont Agriculture B.225.1 and Environmental Lab | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 921,265 | 877,641 | 972,444 | 1,051,709 | 1,296,731 | |
| | Special funds | 1,536,479 | 1,613,587 | 1,690,632 | 1,732,793 | 1,715,459 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 64,213 | 62,029 | 62,059 | 74,904 | 62,533 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 74,414 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Federal funds | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,521,957 | 2,630,671 | 2,730,135 | 2,859,406 | 3,074,723 | 4.% |
| B.225.2 | B.225.2 Agriculture, Food and Markets - Clean Water | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,205,080 | 1,212,113 | 1,087,080 | 1,350,802 | 1,732,136 | |
| | Special funds | 4,820,618 | 4,987,335 | 7,532,377 | 7,266,122 | 8,248,477 | |
| | Federal funds | 93,097 | 131,927 | 133,534 | 441,907 | 462,351 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 387,431 | 471,206 | 485,712 | 313,876 | 351,092 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | | 300,014 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 6,506,226 | 7,102,595 | 9,238,703 | 9,372,707 | 10,794,056 | 18.7% |
| B.226 | Financial regulation - administration | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 2,416,249 | 2,364,105 | 2,480,136 | 2,554,803 | 2,740,304 | |
| | Total | 2,416,249 | 2,364,105 | 2,480,136 | 2,554,803 | 2,740,304 | 4.1% |
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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.227 | Financial regulation - banking | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 2,191,964 | 2,343,750 | 2,396,702 | 2,581,247 | 2,937,141 | |
| | Total | 2,191,964 | 2,343,750 | 2,396,702 | 2,581,247 | 2,937,141 | 6.7% |
| B.228 | Financial regulation - insurance | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 4,586,436 | 4,739,182 | 4,843,550 | 5,265,064 | 5,507,598 | |
| | Federal funds | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 1 | | 1 | ı | ı | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 4,586,436 | 4,739,182 | 4,843,550 | 5,265,064 | 5,507,598 | 3.8% |
| B.229 | Financial regulation - captive insurance | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 5,295,358 | 5,226,272 | 5,097,581 | 5,442,150 | 6,005,075 | |
| | Total | 5,295,358 | 5,226,272 | 5,097,581 | 5,442,150 | 6,005,075 | 3.3% |
| B.230 | Financial regulation - securities | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 1,183,476 | 1,330,557 | 1,357,780 | 1,451,867 | 1,574,111 | |
| | Total | 1,183,476 | 1,330,557 | 1,357,780 | 1,451,867 | 1,574,111 | 7.9% |

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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.232 | Secretary of state | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 11,394,045 | 11,754,833 | 12,643,807 | 13,042,272 | 16,241,811 | |
| | Federal funds | 2,153,524 | 1,330,236 | 1,457,444 | 4,658,587 | 5,515,991 | |
| | General funds | 1 | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | ı | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 13,547,569 | 13,085,069 | 14,101,251 | 17,700,859 | 21,757,802 | 13.1% |
| B.233 | Public service - regulation and energy | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 13,407,207 | 11,366,409 | 10,812,770 | 11,632,917 | 12,310,355 | |
| | Federal funds | 532,983 | 652,800 | 1,001,919 | 1,056,721 | 741,706 | |
| | ARRA funds | 921,260 | 000,009 | 520,000 | 510,535 | 1 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 22,740 | 54,740 | 53,904 | 41,762 | 20,712 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 50,000 | 150,000 | 55,000 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 14,934,190 | 12,823,949 | 12,443,593 | 13,241,935 | 13,072,773 | 4.6% |
| B.233.1 | B.233.1 VT Community Broadband Board | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | ı | | ı | 1 | 1,110,687 | |
| | Federal funds | 1 | ı | • | • | 1,556,379 | |
| | Total | 1 | • | • | • | 2,667,066 | |

| | Total Appropriations FY20 -FY24As Enacted | tions FY20 | -FY24As E | nacted | | | |
|---------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.234 | Public utility commission | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 3,757,500 | 3,904,459 | 3,907,563 | 4,099,690 | 4,463,875 | |
| | ARRA funds | • | • | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 3,757,500 | 3,904,459 | 3,907,563 | 4,099,690 | 4,463,875 | 3.8% |
| B.235 | Enhanced 9-1-1 Board | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 4,912,414 | 4,808,426 | 4,468,213 | 4,587,898 | 4,795,333 | |
| | Total | 4,912,414 | 4,808,426 | 4,468,213 | 4,587,898 | 4,795,333 | .1% |
| B.236 | Human rights commission | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 628,256 | 637,188 | 639,626 | 700,290 | 920,110 | |
| | Federal funds | 75,291 | 74,441 | 78,556 | 80,257 | 85,809 | |
| | Total | 703,547 | 711,629 | 718,182 | 780,547 | 1,005,919 | 12.1% |
| B.236.1 | B.236.1 Liquor & Lottery Comm. Office | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 000'09 | |
| | Tobacco fund | | | ı | 1 | 213,843 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | • | ı | 1 | 70,000 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 530,593 | 417,748 | 440,702 | 472,424 | 13,795,601 | |
| | Total | 530,593 | 417,748 | 440,702 | 472,424 | 14,139,444 | |

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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.236.2 | B.236.2 Loftery Onerations | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Enterprise funds | 3,215,134 | 3,627,190 | 3,788,527 | 4,200,332 | • | |
| | Total | 3,215,134 | 3,627,190 | 3,788,527 | 4,200,332 | 1 | |
| B.237 | Liquor control - administration | | | | | | |
| | Tobacco fund | • | 213,843 | 213,843 | 213,843 | 1 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 3,863,967 | 4,845,866 | 4,719,220 | 5,067,705 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 3,863,967 | 5,059,709 | 4,933,063 | 5,281,548 | 1 | |
| B.238 | Liquor control - enforcement and licensing | | | | | | |
| | Federal funds | 184,484 | 184,484 | 184,484 | 184,484 | 1 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 2,288,608 | 2,233,712 | 2,190,396 | 2,262,185 | 1 | |
| | General funds | 1 | 15,000 | | 1 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 5,000 | 1 | , | 1 | 1 | |
| | Special funds | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 213,843 | 1 | , | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 2,691,935 | 2,433,196 | 2,374,880 | 2,446,669 | • | |

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| PROTE | PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY | | | | | | |
| B.239 | Liquor control - warehousing and distribution | | | | | | |
| | Enterprise funds | 1,551,358 | 1,617,895 | 1,592,869 | 1,574,799 | ı | |
| | Special funds | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 1,551,358 | 1,617,895 | 1,592,869 | 1,574,799 | 1 | |
| B.240 | Cannabis Control Board | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 1 | 650,000 | 850,000 | 4,880,833 | 5,170,692 | |
| | Total | 1 | 650,000 | 850,000 | 4,880,833 | 5,170,692 | |
| | Totals for protection to persons and property | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 164,710,860 | 152,439,889 | 171,360,524 | 186,956,814 | 208,539,656 | |
| | Transportation fund | 20,250,000 | 13,350,000 | 20,250,000 | 20,250,000 | 20,250,000 | |
| | Special funds | 88,767,278 | 89,820,106 | 92,962,336 | 99,629,039 | 109,230,607 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 561,843 | 561,843 | 561,843 | 561,843 | 635,843 | |
| | Federal funds | 54,587,748 | 83,776,486 | 70,315,412 | 127,115,612 | 133,784,669 | |
| | ARRA funds | 921,260 | 000,009 | 520,000 | 510,535 | 1 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 14,655,414 | 15,090,107 | 14,457,347 | 12,413,144 | 13,729,981 | |
| | Enterprise funds | 11,472,400 | 12,797,151 | 12,785,618 | 13,619,207 | 13,816,313 | |
| | Total | 355,926,803 | 391,886,746 | 383,213,080 | 461,056,194 | 499,987,069 | 7.7% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.300 | Human services - agency of human services - secretary's office | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 7,513,361 | 14,411,236 | 8,802,492 | 12,020,743 | 9,767,874 | |
| | Special funds | 135,517 | 135,517 | 135,517 | 135,517 | 135,517 | |
| | Federal funds | 11,580,036 | 11,513,252 | 9,959,398 | 10,569,851 | 11,678,441 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 889,455 | 580,603 | 559,326 | 781,311 | 799,142 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 3,393,180 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 1,691,613 | 1,479,617 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 1 | • | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 21,809,982 | 31,513,405 | 19,456,733 | 23,507,422 | 22,380,974 | .3% |
| B.301 | Secretary's office - global commitment | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 515,049,038 | 522,548,122 | 585,702,238 | 515,071,925 | 648,528,785 | |
| | Special funds | 34,969,169 | 32,293,557 | 33,228,937 | 29,121,769 | 32,994,384 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 21,049,373 | 21,049,373 | 21,049,373 | 21,049,373 | 21,049,373 | |
| | State health care resources funds | 22,601,110 | 17,078,501 | 16,023,501 | 25,102,272 | 25,265,312 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,017,573,327 | 1,034,525,814 | 1,179,162,966 | 1,340,818,340 | 1,259,024,269 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 25,367,779 | 8,485,203 | 4,034,170 | 3,515,959 | 4,034,170 | |
| | Total | 1,636,609,796 | 1,635,980,570 | 1,636,609,796 1,635,980,570 1,839,201,185 1,934,679,638 1,990,896,293 | 1,934,679,638 | 1,990,896,293 | 4.4% |

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| нима | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.303 | Developmental disabilities council | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 641,058 | 653,940 | 664,110 | 698,892 | 733,827 | |
| | Total | 653,058 | 665,940 | 676,110 | 710,892 | 745,827 | 3.3% |
| B.304 | Human services board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 461,554 | 474,716 | 474,851 | 343,550 | 452,996 | |
| | Federal funds | 332,018 | 353,761 | 353,838 | 364,929 | 284,553 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 12,526 | 1 | • | • | 1 | |
| | Total | 800,908 | 828,477 | 828,689 | 708,479 | 737,549 | 1.3% |
| B.305 | AHS - administrative fund | | | | | | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 10,500,000 | 10,500,000 | 10,500,000 | 13,500,000 | 13,500,000 | |
| | Total | 10,500,000 | 10,500,000 | 10,500,000 | 13,500,000 | 13,500,000 | 5.2% |
| B.306 | Department of Vermont health access - administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 32,928,890 | 34,190,294 | 33,116,885 | 38,830,921 | 35,605,917 | |
| | Special funds | 6,096,108 | 3,378,509 | 5,678,861 | 4,738,197 | 4,753,011 | |
| | Federal funds | 124,735,526 | 116,496,036 | 111,590,255 | 116,697,590 | 134,621,243 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 5,993,423 | 8,926,092 | 4,314,039 | 3,986,316 | 4,220,337 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 4,549,668 | 4,792,881 | 4,827,131 | 4,833,029 | 4,672,392 | |
| | Total | 174,303,615 | 167,783,812 | 159,527,171 | 169,086,053 | 183,872,900 | 1.7% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.307 | Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid program - global commitment | | | | | | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 726,852,300 | 782,874,235 | 856,129,830 | 966,188,660 | 933,090,221 | |
| B.309 | Total Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid program - state only | 726,852,300 | 782,874,235 | 856,129,830 | 966,188,660 | 933,090,221 | 4.6% |
| | General funds | 37,582,767 | 33,271,688 | 40,459,853 | 49,352,443 | 53,062,626 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 8,380,824 | 1,661,311 | 9,569,970 | 4,692 | 4,692 | |
| | Federal funds | 85,500 | • | 1 | 1 | | |
| B.310 | Total Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid non- waiver matched | 46,049,091 | 34,932,999 | 50,029,823 | 49,357,135 | 53,067,318 | .3% |
| | General funds | 11,896,989 | 10,596,718 | 12,817,789 | 12,342,078 | 12,634,069 | |
| | Federal funds | 21,179,117 | 20,861,909 | 21,950,815 | 22,884,431 | 21,987,403 | |
| | Total | 33,076,106 | 31,458,627 | 34,768,604 | 35,226,509 | 34,621,472 | 1.3% |
| B.311 | Health - administration and support | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,867,817 | 4,201,680 | 2,360,572 | 3,594,513 | 3,131,446 | |
| | Special funds | 1,824,499 | 2,041,597 | 2,061,857 | 2,123,150 | 2,160,065 | |
| | Federal funds | 7,063,414 | 7,493,305 | 7,777,658 | 19,371,027 | 20,169,147 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 2,760,576 | 2,681,102 | 5,748,858 | 5,779,334 | 6,732,468 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 91,218 | 94,962 | 64,306 | 64,306 | 69,217 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 1,000,000 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 14,607,524 | 17,512,646 | 18,013,251 | 30,932,330 | 32,262,343 | 18.8% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.312 | Health - public health | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 10,159,167 | 11,777,255 | 11,154,334 | 13,416,627 | 12,408,429 | |
| | Special funds | 18,230,647 | 18,763,637 | 18,897,491 | 22,422,908 | 25,017,725 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 1,088,918 | 1,088,918 | 1,088,918 | 1,088,918 | 1,088,918 | |
| | Federal funds | 46,234,807 | 47,328,052 | 49,379,385 | 61,398,428 | 66,753,896 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 13,818,355 | 8,264,921 | 15,938,349 | 16,159,672 | 16,582,951 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,145,107 | 1,239,806 | 998,423 | 986,625 | 1,710,281 | |
| | Permanent trust funds | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | | 1,650,000 | • | • | 1 | |
| | Total | 90,702,001 | 90,137,589 | 97,481,900 | 115,498,178 | 123,587,200 | 6.5% |
| B.313 | Health - substance use programs | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,946,686 | 1,388,812 | 1,238,534 | 4,167,666 | 5,591,811 | |
| | Special funds | 1,170,177 | 1,281,066 | 1,354,762 | 1,392,101 | 1,435,054 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 949,917 | 949,917 | 949,917 | 949,917 | 949,917 | |
| | Federal funds | 17,574,970 | 18,491,664 | 18,651,302 | 21,131,903 | 21,771,442 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 33,293,928 | 29,198,190 | 32,198,190 | 33,447,622 | 38,058,663 | |
| | Total | 54,935,678 | 51,309,649 | 54,392,705 | 61,089,209 | 67,806,887 | |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.314 | Mental health - mental health | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 8,099,058 | 8,790,305 | 10,850,067 | 23,720,891 | 25,282,556 | |
| | Special funds | 1,480,535 | 1,686,673 | 1,685,284 | 1,690,187 | 1,708,155 | |
| | Federal funds | 10,205,643 | 11,127,574 | 9,377,108 | 10,279,911 | 10,999,654 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 253,979,548 | 236,777,776 | 251,968,636 | 267,653,129 | 279,524,193 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 73,248 | 2,309,084 | 74,637 | 125,093 | 14,140 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 940,763 | • | • | • | |
| B.316 | Total Department for children and families - administration & support services | 273,838,032 | 261,632,175 | 273,955,732 | 303,469,211 | 317,528,698 | 3.7% |
| | General funds | 26,757,760 | 33,832,876 | 34,739,860 | 36,525,221 | 37,090,554 | |
| | Special funds | 2,706,557 | 2,708,990 | 2,761,682 | 2,788,056 | 2,781,912 | |
| | Federal funds | 22,630,911 | 21,104,561 | 23,494,784 | 27,083,191 | 23,540,549 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 1,952,473 | 1,970,775 | 1,403,936 | 1,659,924 | 1,659,321 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 219,095 | 350,500 | 350,888 | 352,932 | 455,863 | |
| | Total | 54,266,796 | 59,967,702 | 62,751,150 | 68,409,324 | 65,528,199 | 3.5% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.317 | Department for children and families - family services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 43,455,987 | 43,638,163 | 49,543,086 | 66,085,811 | 59,707,017 | |
| | Special funds | 877,587 | 729,587 | 729,587 | 729,587 | 729,587 | |
| | Federal funds | 28,744,510 | 32,276,133 | 32,373,091 | 32,206,285 | 33,937,204 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 53,816,604 | 47,641,512 | 45,137,731 | 37,110,861 | 48,178,131 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 111,889 | 40,200 | 37,500 | 37,737 | 37,737 | |
| B.318 | Total Department for children and families - child development | 127,006,577 | 124,325,595 | 127,820,995 | 136,170,281 | 142,589,676 | 3.6% |
| | General funds | 39,843,744 | 20,532,499 | 25,996,178 | 27,602,602 | 35,016,309 | |
| | Special funds | 1,820,000 | 16,820,000 | 16,820,000 | 16,820,011 | 16,745,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 37,554,111 | 33,753,532 | 50,623,626 | 50,457,478 | 37,419,258 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 10,744,961 | 9,673,440 | 11,064,209 | 12,144,941 | 13,161,771 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 22,500 | 22,500 | 1 | ı | • | |
| | Tobacco fund | 1 | 2,000,000 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 89,985,316 | 82,801,971 | 104,504,013 | 107,025,032 | 102,342,338 | 4.4% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.319 | Department for children and families - office of child support | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 4,306,156 | 4,426,210 | 4,368,322 | 4,718,623 | 4,900,195 | |
| | Special funds | 455,719 | 455,719 | 455,719 | 455,719 | 455,719 | |
| | Federal funds | 9,335,236 | 9,440,005 | 9,518,316 | 10,089,701 | 10,382,326 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 387,600 | 387,600 | 387,600 | 387,600 | 387,600 | |
| B.320 | Total Department for children and families - aid to aged, blind and disabled | 14,484,711 | 14,709,534 | 14,729,957 | 15,651,643 | 16,125,840 | 2.8% |
| | General funds | 8,632,725 | 7,888,333 | 8,649,899 | 6,726,392 | 7,533,333 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 3,943,330 | 5,691,829 | 3,900,330 | 5,149,991 | 5,149,991 | |
| B.321 | Total Department for children and families - general assistance | 12,576,055 | 13,580,162 | 12,550,229 | 11,876,383 | 12,683,324 | .1% |
| | General funds | 9,788,142 | 8,849,239 | 2,541,239 | 1,865,660 | 10,041,239 | |
| | Federal funds | 111,320 | 111,320 | 11,320 | 11,320 | 11,320 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 286,015 | 172,799 | 286,015 | 286,015 | 286,015 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1 | 15,063,120 | ı | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 10,185,477 | 24,196,478 | 2,838,574 | 2,162,995 | 10,338,574 | 8.1% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.322 | Department for children and families - 3SquaresVT | | | | | | |
| | Federal funds | 29,827,906 | 29,827,906 | 29,827,906 | 44,377,812 | 44,377,812 | |
| | Total | 29,827,906 | 29,827,906 | 29,827,906 | 44,377,812 | 44,377,812 | 8.3% |
| B.323 | Department for children and families - reach up | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,812,959 | 18,095,287 | 19,704,694 | 24,581,158 | 23,233,869 | |
| | Special funds | 20,584,058 | 6,133,482 | 5,954,320 | 5,955,834 | 5,970,229 | |
| | Federal funds | 4,214,965 | 3,542,024 | 3,531,330 | 3,531,330 | 3,531,330 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 2,848,604 | 3,051,249 | 2,681,618 | 2,991,014 | 2,831,618 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 5,197,333 | ı | 1 | 1 | |
| B.324 | Total Department for children and families - home heating fuel assistance/LIHEAP | 31,460,586 | 36,019,375 | 31,871,962 | 37,059,336 | 35,567,046 | 2.1% |
| | Special funds | 1,797,462 | 1,480,395 | 1,480,395 | 1,480,395 | 1,480,395 | |
| | Federal funds | 14,318,381 | 14,539,558 | 14,539,558 | 14,539,558 | 14,539,558 | |
| B.325 | Total Department for children and families - office of economic opportunity | 16,115,843 | 16,019,953 | 16,019,953 | 16,019,953 | 16,019,953 | %4. |
| | General funds | 5,020,960 | 5,447,912 | 20,325,798 | 13,528,366 | 20,942,194 | |
| | Special funds | 27,990 | 57,990 | 57,990 | 58,135 | 83,135 | |
| | Federal funds | 7,112,547 | 4,423,154 | 4,423,154 | 4,942,559 | 4,935,273 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 870,125 | 1,053,244 | 1,355,985 | 1,355,985 | 2,427,301 | |
| | Total | 13,061,622 | 10,982,300 | 26,162,927 | 19,885,045 | 28,387,903 | 21.8% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.326 | Department for children and families - OEO - weatherization assistance | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 7,370,623 | 7,601,113 | 7,617,551 | 7,643,920 | 7,649,635 | |
| | Federal funds | 5,234,821 | 4,817,268 | 4,817,268 | 4,817,474 | 4,855,086 | |
| B.327 | Total Department for children and families - Secure Residential Treatment | 12,605,444 | 12,418,381 | 12,434,819 | 12,461,394 | 12,504,721 | %8. |
| | General funds | • | | 4,652,397 | 4,146,961 | 3,858,559 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | • | | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | |
| B.328 | Total Department for children and families - disability determination services | 1 | • | 4,682,397 | 4,176,961 | 3,888,559 | |
| | General funds | 107,003 | 108,854 | 111,120 | 115,885 | 118,796 | |
| | Federal funds | 7,155,689 | 7,143,823 | 7,341,338 | 7,628,282 | 7,857,333 | |
| B.329 | Total Disabilities, aging, and independent living - administration & support | 7,262,692 | 7,252,677 | 7,452,458 | 7,744,167 | 7,976,129 | 3.1% |
| | General funds | 17,049,356 | 19,732,590 | 19,174,129 | 20,846,817 | 21,899,725 | |
| | Special funds | 1,390,457 | 1,390,457 | 1,390,457 | 1,390,457 | 1,390,457 | |
| | Federal funds | 18,904,640 | 19,426,506 | 19,821,316 | 21,360,232 | 24,831,870 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 130,000 | 120,000 | 1 | 35,000 | 35,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,066,284 | 1,066,284 | 1,066,284 | 1,066,284 | 1,066,284 | |
| | Total | 38,540,737 | 41,735,837 | 41,452,186 | 44,698,790 | 49,223,336 | 5.6% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.330 | Disabilities, aging, and independent living - advocacy and independent living grants | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 7,623,375 | 8,932,549 | 7,644,654 | 7,754,865 | 9,220,695 | |
| | Federal funds | 7,148,466 | 7,148,466 | 7,148,466 | 7,148,466 | 7,321,114 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 5,064,412 | 4,240,704 | 5,127,955 | 5,374,776 | 5,838,519 | |
| B.331 | Total Disabilities, aging, and independent living - blind and visually impaired | 19,836,253 | 20,321,719 | 19,921,075 | 20,278,107 | 22,380,328 | 2.3% |
| | General funds | 489,154 | 539,154 | 389,154 | 489,154 | 489,154 | |
| | Special funds | 223,450 | 223,450 | 223,450 | 223,450 | 223,450 | |
| | Federal funds | 743,853 | 743,853 | 743,853 | 743,853 | 890,000 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 345,000 | 355,000 | 305,000 | 305,000 | 305,000 | |
| B.332 | Total Disabilities, aging, and independent living - vocational rehabilitation | 1,801,457 | 1,861,457 | 1,661,457 | 1,761,457 | 1,907,604 | %6. |
| | General funds | 1,371,845 | 1,371,845 | 1,371,845 | 1,371,845 | 1,371,845 | |
| | Federal funds | 4,402,523 | 4,402,523 | 4,402,523 | 4,402,523 | 7,558,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | |
| | Total | 7,024,368 | 7,024,368 | 7,024,368 | 7,024,368 | 10,179,845 | 7.7% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.333 | Disabilities, aging, and independent living - developmental services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 155,125 | 655,125 | 155,125 | 555,125 | 155,125 | |
| | Special funds | 15,463 | 15,463 | 15,463 | 15,463 | 15,463 | |
| | Federal funds | 359,857 | 359,857 | 359,857 | 359,857 | 431,512 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 227,256,511 | 222,941,180 | 252,548,605 | 283,730,903 | 308,015,957 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 45,000 | 45,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | |
| B.334 | Total Disabilities, aging, and independent living - TBI home and community based waiver | 227,831,956 | 224,016,625 | 253,129,050 | 284,711,348 | 308,668,057 | 7.8% |
| | Global Commitment funds | 5,332,980 | 6,152,980 | 5,714,689 | 6,620,179 | 6,638,028 | |
| B.334.1 | Total Disabilities, aging and independent living - Long Term Care | 5,332,980 | 6,152,980 | 5,714,689 | 6,620,179 | 6,638,028 | 5.2% |
| | General funds | 130,000 | 498,579 | 498,579 | 1,598,579 | 498,579 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,750,000 | 2,083,333 | 2,083,333 | 2,083,333 | 2,450,000 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 222,245,415 | 217,113,859 | 235,436,956 | 266,261,841 | 265,767,104 | |
| | Total | 224,125,415 | 219,695,771 | 238,018,868 | 269,943,753 | 268,715,683 | |
| B.335 | Corrections - administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,347,140 | 3,299,929 | 3,314,582 | 3,609,025 | 4,049,434 | |
| | Total | 3,347,140 | 3,299,929 | 3,314,582 | 3,609,025 | 4,049,434 | 4.9% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.336 | Corrections - parole board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 415,000 | 415,432 | 420,865 | 445,175 | 472,229 | |
| | Total | 415,000 | 415,432 | 420,865 | 445,175 | 472,229 | 4.3% |
| B.337 | Corrections - correctional education | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,462,608 | 3,323,078 | 3,336,352 | 3,600,789 | 3,744,668 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 148,784 | 148,784 | 148,784 | 148,784 | 148,784 | |
| | Total | 3,611,392 | 3,471,862 | 3,485,136 | 3,749,573 | 3,893,452 | 2.6% |
| B.338 | Corrections - correctional services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 138,668,889 | 128,630,061 | 130,083,685 | 149,264,201 | 159,502,946 | |
| | Special funds | 935,963 | 935,963 | 935,963 | 935,963 | 935,963 | |
| | Federal funds | 479,209 | 473,523 | 473,523 | 675,991 | 492,196 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 5,013,702 | 5,131,244 | 5,310,796 | 2,746,255 | 2,746,255 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 396,315 | 396,315 | 396,315 | 396,315 | 396,315 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | ı | 11,950,000 | 15,000,000 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 145,494,078 | 147,517,106 | 152,200,282 | 154,018,725 | 164,073,675 | 3.% |

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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | Paragram | |
| R 338 1 | Corrections - Institute Deinvastment II | | | | | | |
| D.336.1 | D.556.1 COFFECTIONS - JUSTICE REINVESTMENT II | | | | | | |
| | General funds | ī | • | | 10,050,296 | 8,081,831 | |
| | Federal funds | ı | • | ı | 13,147 | 13,147 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | ı | • | ı | 2,564,541 | 2,564,541 | |
| | Total | | | 1 | 12,627,984 | 10,659,519 | |
| B.339 | Corrections - Correctional services-out of state beds | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 7,564,301 | 5,640,604 | 5,223,574 | 4,130,378 | 4,130,378 | |
| | Total | 7,564,301 | 5,640,604 | 5,223,574 | 4,130,378 | 4,130,378 | 10.9% |
| B.340 | Corrections - correctional facilities - recreation | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 846,985 | 882,550 | 970,619 | 1,004,874 | 1,053,950 | |
| | General funds | ı | | 1 | ı | 1 | |
| | Total | 846,985 | 882,550 | 970,619 | 1,004,874 | 1,053,950 | 4.1% |
| B.341 | Corrections - Vermont offender work program | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 2,035,610 | 1,930,685 | 1,951,982 | 1,699,065 | 1,746,397 | |
| | Total | 2,035,610 | 1,930,685 | 1,951,982 | 1,699,065 | 1,746,397 | 2.4% |

| As Enacted |
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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
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| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.342 | Vermont veterans' home - care and support services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 345,783 | 2,858,379 | 4,025,456 | 5,655,522 | 4,199,478 | |
| | Special funds | 15,990,205 | 12,729,031 | 12,658,942 | 16,190,677 | 11,655,797 | |
| | Federal funds | 9,054,447 | 9,313,576 | 9,735,257 | 7,430,751 | 8,311,229 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | ı | 643,000 | • | ı | • | |
| | Total | 25,390,435 | 25,543,986 | 26,419,655 | 29,276,950 | 24,166,504 | .5% |
| B.343 | Commission on women | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 390,631 | 399,187 | 402,018 | 430,793 | 467,572 | |
| | Special funds | 2,500 | 3,569 | 3,773 | 3,848 | 3,848 | |
| | Total | 393,131 | 402,756 | 405,791 | 434,641 | 471,420 | 4.2% |
| B.344 | Retired senior volunteer program | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 151,096 | 146,564 | 146,564 | 150,961 | 155,490 | |
| | Total | 151,096 | 146,564 | 146,564 | 150,961 | 155,490 | %9: |
| B.345 | Green Mountain Care Board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,192,315 | 3,094,435 | 3,094,435 | 3,261,362 | 3,392,339 | |
| | Special funds | 4,788,473 | 4,643,208 | 4,643,208 | 4,950,368 | 5,146,894 | |
| | Total | 7,980,788 | 7,737,643 | 7,737,643 | 8,211,730 | 8,539,233 | 2.3% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|--------------------|--------------|
| HUMA | HUMAN SERVICES | | | | | | |
| B.346 | Office of the Child, Youth, and Family Advocate | | | | | | |
| | General funds | • | • | 1 | , | 413,000 | |
| 2.232 | Total Department for children and families - Woodside rehabilitation center | • | • | • | • | 413,000 | |
| | General funds | 5,783,142 | 6,488,050 | 1 | | , | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 97,000 | 97,000 | 1 | | 1 | |
| | Total | 5,880,142 | 6,585,050 | 1 | • | 1 | |
| | Totals for human services | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 960,370,523 | 970,495,760 | 1,056,891,225 | 970,495,760 1,056,891,225 1,071,972,923 1,231,153,062 | 1,231,153,062 | |
| | Special funds | 123,782,144 | 116,403,523 | 119,773,828 | 122,282,586 | 124,537,345 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 23,088,208 | 25,088,208 | 23,088,208 | 23,088,208 | 23,088,208 | |
| | State health care resources fund | 22,601,110 | 17,078,501 | 16,023,501 | 25,102,272 | 25,265,312 | |
| | Education fund | • | • | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| | Federal funds | 1,466,288,808 | 1,473,776,228 | 1,634,136,654 | 1,466,288,808 1,473,776,228 1,634,136,654 1,848,118,445 | 1,785,709,992 | |
| | Global Commitment fund | 1,586,620,699 | 1,597,173,059 | 1,746,171,697 | 1,921,586,651 | 1,943,848,077 | |
| | Internal service funds | 2,035,610 | 1,930,685 | 1,951,982 | 1,699,065 | 1,746,397 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 46,373,468 | 46,869,842 | 24,745,364 | 27,495,975 | 28,591,925 | |
| | Permanent trust funds | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | |
| | Total | 4,231,185,570 | 4,273,615,082 | 4,637,807,459 | 5,041,371,125 | 5,163,965,318 | 4.5% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| LABOR | ~ | | | | | | |
| B.400 | B.400 Labor - programs | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 4,569,407 | 4,898,964 | 5,394,154 | 10,449,258 | 10,600,636 | |
| | Special funds | 7,049,772 | 6,922,539 | 6,422,539 | 10,772,259 | 10,806,858 | |
| | Federal funds | 31,540,700 | 31,264,367 | 27,558,417 | 40,639,531 | 37,373,681 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,412,375 | 1,109,000 | 407,612 | 250,000 | 250,000 | |
| | Total | 44,572,254 | 44,194,870 | 39,782,722 | 62,111,048 | 59,031,175 | 7.5% |
| | Totals for labor | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 4,569,407 | 4,898,964 | 5,394,154 | 10,449,258 | 10,600,636 | |
| | Special funds | 7,049,772 | 6,922,539 | 6,422,539 | 10,772,259 | 10,806,858 | |
| | Federal funds | 31,540,700 | 31,264,367 | 27,558,417 | 40,639,531 | 37,373,681 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,412,375 | 1,109,000 | 407,612 | 250,000 | 250,000 | |
| | Total | 44,572,254 | 44,194,870 | 39,782,722 | 62,111,048 | 59,031,175 | 7.5% |

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENER | GENERAL EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.500 | Education - finance and administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,806,829 | 5,388,716 | 5,446,749 | 6,044,058 | 7,415,742 | |
| | Special funds | 15,218,303 | 18,290,009 | 18,343,202 | 16,441,181 | 16,575,926 | |
| | Education funds | 3,367,483 | 3,375,307 | 3,389,605 | 3,444,471 | 3,486,447 | |
| | Federal funds | 2,199,952 | 6,132,426 | 6,201,700 | 9,253,287 | 9,220,942 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 368,888 | 582,172 | 597,165 | 365,324 | 382,357 | |
| | Total | 25,221,455 | 34,028,630 | 34,238,421 | 35,808,321 | 37,341,414 | %6.9 |
| B.501 | Education - education services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 6,384,982 | 4,593,768 | 4,580,935 | 4,880,340 | 5,293,183 | |
| | Special funds | 3,414,114 | 2,844,721 | 2,863,170 | 3,009,310 | 2,919,560 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | |
| | Federal funds | 128,522,557 | 133,569,027 | 190,533,773 | 502,402,928 | 483,168,107 | |
| | Total | 139,072,041 | 141,757,904 | 198,728,266 | 511,042,966 | 492,131,238 | 27.5% |
| B.502 | Education - special education: formula grants | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 212,956,000 | 223,718,575 | 229,000,000 | 208,073,400 | 226,195,600 | |
| | Total | 212,956,000 | 223,718,575 | 229,000,000 | 208,073,400 | 226,195,600 | 2.6% |

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|---------|--|---------------|---------------|---|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| GENER | GENERAL EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.503 | Education - state-placed students | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 18,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 17,000,000 | 17,500,000 | 19,000,000 | |
| | Total | 18,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 17,000,000 | 17,500,000 | 19,000,000 | 1.4% |
| B.504 | Education - adult education and literacy | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,605,000 | 3,496,850 | 3,496,850 | 3,496,850 | 3,496,850 | |
| | Federal funds | 766,050 | 766,050 | 766,050 | 916,050 | 916,050 | |
| | Total | 4,371,050 | 4,262,900 | 4,262,900 | 4,412,900 | 4,412,900 | .2% |
| B.504.1 | B.504.1 Education - Flexible Pathways | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 892,500 | 962,725 | 921,500 | 921,500 | 921,500 | |
| | Education funds | 7,706,500 | 8,262,725 | 8,221,500 | 8,221,500 | 9,221,500 | |
| | Total | 8,599,000 | 9,225,450 | 9,143,000 | 9,143,000 | 10,143,000 | 6.7% |
| B.505 | Education - adjusted education payment | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 1,428,800,000 | 1,480,600,000 | 1,428,800,000 1,480,600,000 1,502,051,000 1,577,649,173 | 1,577,649,173 | 1,703,317,103 | |
| | Total | 1,428,800,000 | 1,480,600,000 | 1,502,051,000 | 1,577,649,173 | 1,703,317,103 | 4.4% |
| B.506 | Education - transportation | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 19,800,000 | 20,459,000 | 20,476,000 | 21,786,000 | 23,520,000 | |
| | Total | 19,800,000 | 20,459,000 | 20,476,000 | 21,786,000 | 23,520,000 | 4.1% |

| | Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted | iations FY20 | 0 - FY24 As | Enacted | | | |
|---------|---|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| GENEF | GENERAL EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.507 | Education - small school grants | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 8,400,000 | 8,200,000 | 8,100,000 | 8,200,000 | 8,300,000 | |
| | Total | 8,400,000 | 8,200,000 | 8,100,000 | 8,200,000 | 8,300,000 | 1.3% |
| B.509 | Education - Afterschool Grant Program | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | ı | • | ı | • | 4,000,000 | |
| | Total | ı | ı | ı | 1 | 4,000,000 | |
| B.510 | Education - essential early education grant | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 6,808,000 | 7,044,052 | 7,050,104 | 7,511,638 | 8,350,389 | |
| | Total | 6,808,000 | 7,044,052 | 7,050,104 | 7,511,638 | 8,350,389 | 4.8% |
| B.511 | Education - technical education | | | | | | |
| | Education funds | 14,150,000 | 14,816,000 | 15,514,300 | 16,253,900 | 17,030,400 | |
| | Total | 14,150,000 | 14,816,000 | 15,514,300 | 16,253,900 | 17,030,400 | 4.1% |
| B.511.1 | B.511.1 State Board of Education | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 80,845 | 70,708 | 70,708 | 70,708 | 70,708 | |
| | Total | 80,845 | 70,708 | 70,708 | 70,708 | 70,708 | |
| B.513 | Retired Teachers Pension Plus Funding | | | | | | |
| | General funds | • | • | • | 1 | 9,000,000 | |
| | Total | 1 | • | ı | 1 | 9,000,000 | |

13.% 15.% 11.5% CAGR 5 Yr 53,740,528 151,682,914 33,128,137 184,811,051 3,448,255 3,448,255 38,318,167 15,422,361 As Enacted FY24 154,645,678 35,106,128 188,073,782 15,100,000 50,206,128 33,428,104 2,774,880 2,774,880 FY23 152,045,711 37,600,918 314,646,629 35,093,844 48,393,844 5,109,707 5,109,707 FY22 119,013,146 125,894,201 6,881,055 5,929,795 5,929,795 31,798,734 31,798,734 FY21 113,466,168 120,247,389 31,067,652 31,067,652 6,781,221 6,978,794 6,978,794 FY 20 Retired teachers' health care and medical benefits B.514.1 State teachers' retirement system administration State teachers' retirement system Pension trust funds GENERAL EDUCATION Education funds Education funds General funds General funds Total Total Total B.515 B.514

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | Tota | Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted | 20 - FY24 As | Enacted | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
| GENER | GENERAL EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| | Totals for general education | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 159,303,976 | 165,324,647 | 326,656,297 | 205,165,262 | 216,199,064 | |
| | Special funds | 18,632,417 | 21,134,730 | 21,206,372 | 19,450,491 | 19,495,486 | |
| | Tobacco fund | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | 750,388 | |
| | Education fund | 1,726,769,204 | 1,791,356,714 | 1,861,703,427 | 1,917,168,186 | 2,070,971,937 | |
| | Federal funds | 131,488,559 | 140,467,503 | 197,501,523 | 512,572,265 | 493,305,099 | |
| | Global Commitment fund | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | 260,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 368,888 | 582,172 | 597,165 | 365,324 | 382,357 | |
| | Pension trust funds | 6,978,794 | 5,929,795 | 5,109,707 | 2,774,880 | 3,448,255 | |
| | Total | 2,044,552,226 | 2,125,805,949 | 2,413,784,879 | 2,658,506,796 | 2,804,812,586 | 7.4% |
| HIGHE | HIGHER EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.600 | University of Vermont | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 40,485,359 | 41,840,842 | 42,509,093 | 52,509,093 | 54,084,366 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 2,023,734 | 668,251 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 42,509,093 | 42,509,093 | 42,509,093 | 52,509,093 | 54,084,366 | 4.9% |
| B.602 | Vermont state colleges | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 29,800,464 | 29,800,464 | 30,500,464 | 30,500,464 | 30,500,464 | |
| | Total | 29,800,464 | 29,800,464 | 30,500,464 | 30,500,464 | 30,500,464 | 2.2% |

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| HIGHE | HIGHER EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.602.2 | B.602.2 Vermont state colleges - Transformation funding | | | | | | |
| | General funds | • | ı | 5,000,000 | 15,000,000 | 17,500,000 | |
| | Total | • | ı | 5,000,000 | 15,000,000 | 17,500,000 | |
| B.603 | Vermont state colleges - allied health | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 748,314 | 748,314 | 748,314 | 748,314 | 748,314 | |
| | Global Commitment funds | 409,461 | 409,461 | 409,461 | 409,461 | 409,461 | |
| | Total | 1,157,775 | 1,157,775 | 1,157,775 | 1,157,775 | 1,157,775 | |
| B.605 | Vermont student assistance corporation | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 19,978,588 | 19,978,588 | 19,978,588 | 20,978,588 | 25,378,588 | |
| | Total | 19,978,588 | 19,978,588 | 19,978,588 | 20,978,588 | 25,378,588 | 5.5% |
| B.605.1 | B.605.1 VSAC - Flexible Pathways Stipend | | | | | | |
| | General funds | ı | ı | 41,225 | 41,225 | 41,225 | |
| | Education funds | 1 | ı | 41,225 | 41,225 | 41,225 | |
| | Total | | ı | 82,450 | 82,450 | 82,450 | |
| B.606 | New England higher education compact | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 84,000 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 86,520 | |
| | Total | 84,000 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 86,520 | %9: |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|---------|---|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| HIGHE | HIGHER EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| B.607 | B.607 University of Vermont - Morgan Horse Farm | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | Total | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| B.602.1 | B.602.1 Vermont state colleges - Supplemental Aid | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 700,000 | 700,000 | ı | • | ' | |
| | Total | 700,000 | 700,000 | ı | • | , | |
| | Totals for higher education | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 91,796,726 | 93,152,209 | 98,861,685 | 119,861,685 | 128,339,478 | |
| | Education fund | ı | • | 41,225 | 41,225 | 41,225 | |
| | Global Commitment fund | 2,433,195 | 1,077,712 | 409,461 | 409,461 | 409,461 | |
| | Total | 94,229,921 | 94,229,921 | 99,312,371 | 120,312,371 | 128,790,164 | 7.2% |

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| NATUE | NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| B.700 | Natural resources - agency of natural resources - administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,720,669 | 4,134,594 | 3,358,569 | 4,188,563 | 4,914,987 | |
| | Special funds | 581,818 | 581,393 | 590,134 | 680,985 | 775,079 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 99,911 | 99,911 | 1,276,527 | 1,356,330 | 1,606,645 | |
| B.701 | Total Natural resources - state land local property tax assessment | 3,402,398 | 4,815,898 | 5,225,230 | 6,225,878 | 7,296,711 | 17.1% |
| | General funds | 2,140,455 | 2,153,777 | 2,196,040 | 2,240,118 | 2,253,017 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 421,500 | 421,500 | 427,153 | 421,500 | 421,500 | |
| | Total | 2,561,955 | 2,575,277 | 2,623,193 | 2,661,618 | 2,674,517 | 1.1% |
| B.702 | Fish and wildlife - support and field services | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 6,088,870 | 6,551,744 | 6,403,816 | 6,883,540 | 7,173,206 | |
| | Special funds | 166,892 | 669,737 | 1,239,657 | 701,314 | 370,644 | |
| | Fish and wildlife funds | 9,236,567 | 9,099,448 | 9,561,364 | 10,600,911 | 10,921,090 | |
| | Federal funds | 8,789,226 | 8,611,533 | 8,504,410 | 9,667,795 | 9,793,589 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 119,925 | 1,175,118 | 1,322,431 | 1,544,012 | 1,385,460 | |
| | Permanent trust funds | , | 1 | 11,000 | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 24,401,480 | 26,107,580 | 27,042,678 | 29,397,572 | 29,643,989 | 4.1% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|--------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| NATU | NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| B.703 | Forests, parks and recreation - administration | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,951,985 | 2,154,674 | 2,136,484 | 2,468,372 | 2,675,711 | |
| | Special funds | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 121,561 | |
| | Total | 1,951,985 | 2,154,674 | 2,136,484 | 2,468,372 | 2,797,272 | 8.9% |
| B.704 | Forests, parks and recreation - forestry | | | | | | |
| 51 | General funds | 4,873,880 | 4,968,305 | 4,976,669 | 5,624,772 | 6,033,830 | |
| | Special funds | 412,999 | 398,049 | 1,038,423 | 511,000 | 702,229 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,487,097 | 2,331,600 | 2,456,651 | 2,280,669 | 3,098,484 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 360,833 | 274,863 | 256,863 | 327,056 | 220,248 | |
| | Total | 7,134,809 | 7,972,817 | 8,728,606 | 8,743,497 | 10,054,791 | 7.9% |
| B.705 | Forests, parks and recreation - state parks | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 292,679 | 980,203 | 1,063,266 | 641,157 | 690,613 | |
| | Special funds | 11,111,505 | 10,819,620 | 11,773,936 | 13,477,793 | 15,407,065 | |
| | Permanent trust funds | 000,09 | 1 | ı | ı | ı | |
| | Total | 11,464,184 | 11,799,823 | 12,837,202 | 14,118,950 | 16,097,678 | 7.9% |

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| NATUR | NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| B.706 | Forests, parks and recreation - lands administration and recreation | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 853,114 | 908,531 | 916,929 | 1,025,494 | 1,110,710 | |
| | Special funds | 2,020,151 | 2,020,151 | 2,206,789 | 2,190,151 | 2,141,005 | |
| | Federal funds | 2,336,535 | 3,071,717 | 3,082,578 | 3,082,575 | 2,225,851 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 122,500 | 122,500 | 122,500 | 222,137 | 242,445 | |
| B.708 | Total Forests, parks and recreation - forest and parks access roads | 5,332,300 | 6,122,899 | 6,328,796 | 6,520,357 | 5,720,011 | 2.1% |
| | General funds | 179,925 | 179,925 | 179,925 | 229,925 | 229,925 | |
| B.709 | Total Environmental conservation - management and support services | 179,925 | 179,925 | 179,925 | 229,925 | 229,925 | 5.% |
| | General funds | 1,451,231 | 1,775,480 | 1,749,088 | 2,248,161 | 2,039,082 | |
| | Special funds | 572,936 | 446,131 | 350,323 | 597,172 | 788,553 | |
| | Federal funds | 809,608 | 945,212 | 1,112,314 | 1,444,364 | 2,129,363 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 7,715,697 | 7,504,791 | 7,306,834 | 8,029,956 | 8,385,532 | |
| | Total | 10,549,472 | 10,671,614 | 10,518,559 | 12,319,653 | 13,342,530 | 6.2% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

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| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| NATUI | NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| B.710 | Environmental conservation - air and waste management | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 424,736 | 224,369 | 154,530 | 301,826 | 193,565 | |
| | Special funds | 22,886,187 | 28,061,132 | 36,839,568 | 28,941,896 | 26,236,633 | |
| | Federal funds | 9,613,852 | 3,588,192 | 3,822,700 | 4,047,690 | 14,342,090 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 249,550 | 162,805 | 158,603 | 185,525 | 167,054 | |
| B.711 | Total Environmental conservation - office of water programs | 33,174,325 | 32,036,498 | 40,975,401 | 33,476,937 | 40,939,342 | 9.4% |
| | General funds | 7,994,351 | 7,540,060 | 7,926,170 | 8,429,243 | 9,971,201 | |
| | Special funds | 18,890,635 | 20,407,725 | 20,101,929 | 26,283,274 | 30,662,978 | |
| | Federal funds | 31,935,599 | 33,636,979 | 36,003,082 | 36,032,470 | 61,487,925 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 1,088,338 | 678,563 | 663,433 | 741,986 | 786,424 | |
| | Total | 59,908,923 | 62,263,327 | 64,694,614 | 71,486,973 | 102,908,528 | 16.1% |
| B.713 | Natural resources board | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 637,074 | 630,798 | 631,629 | 673,554 | 713,735 | |
| | Special funds | 2,645,953 | 2,651,184 | 2,511,209 | 2,608,765 | 2,766,239 | |
| | Total | 3,283,027 | 3,281,982 | 3,142,838 | 3,282,319 | 3,479,974 | 2.1% |

10.4%CAGR 37,999,582 79,971,986 10,921,090 93,077,302 13,215,308 235,185,268 As Enacted 34,954,725 75,992,350 12,828,502 190,932,051 10,600,911 56,555,563 FY23 31,693,115 11,000 184,433,526 76,651,968 9,561,364 54,981,735 11,534,344 FY22 32,202,460 169,982,314 66,055,122 9,099,448 52,185,233 10,440,051 FY21 29,608,969 163,344,783 59,289,076 60,000 9,236,567 54,971,917 10,178,254 FY20Fotals for natural resources Interdepartmental transfers Fish and wildlife fund Permanent trust funds NATURAL RESOURCES Special funds Federal funds General fund Total

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| COMM | COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | | | | | | |
| B.800 | Commerce and community development - agency of commerce and community development - | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,677,790 | 3,171,540 | 3,150,156 | 3,406,417 | 3,666,442 | |
| | Federal funds | 1 | 391,000 | 391,000 | 351,000 | 351,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 20,000 | | • | 114,989 | 114,989 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 750,000 | • | • | 1 | |
| | Total | 3,697,790 | 4,312,540 | 3,541,156 | 3,872,406 | 4,132,431 | 3.1% |
| B.801 | Economic development | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 4,942,394 | 4,910,253 | 4,898,915 | 5,065,846 | 5,489,902 | |
| | Special funds | 1,645,350 | 1,945,350 | 1,685,350 | 2,905,350 | 616,421 | |
| | Federal funds | 3,708,366 | 3,518,769 | 3,907,085 | 3,932,132 | 4,358,416 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 45,000 | 45,000 | 1,690,500 | 2,469,173 | 1,823,673 | |
| | Total | 10,341,110 | 10,419,372 | 12,181,850 | 14,372,501 | 12,288,412 | 4.3% |
| B.802 | Housing and community development | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 2,753,913 | 2,791,111 | 3,884,934 | 4,065,708 | 5,031,943 | |
| | Special funds | 5,085,233 | 5,398,955 | 4,890,245 | 7,747,606 | 6,937,054 | |
| | Federal funds | 7,883,744 | 8,164,967 | 18,277,129 | 68,364,457 | 15,854,615 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 453,001 | 2,876,286 | 2,403,820 | 2,873,494 | 3,049,311 | |
| | Total | 16,175,891 | 19,231,319 | 29,456,128 | 83,051,265 | 30,872,923 | 14.6% |

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| COMM | COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | | | | | | |
| B.806 | Tourism and marketing | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 3,083,118 | 3,489,598 | 3,485,309 | 3,490,357 | 4,630,975 | |
| | Federal funds | 1 | • | • | 10,483,053 | 10,483,053 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 4,587 | 24,587 | 20,000 | 75,000 | 75,000 | |
| | Total | 3,087,705 | 3,514,185 | 3,505,309 | 14,048,410 | 15,189,028 | 38.2% |
| B.808 | Vermont council on the arts | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 718,589 | 718,589 | 722,859 | 859,445 | 896,940 | |
| | Total | 718,589 | 718,589 | 722,859 | 859,445 | 896,940 | 4.6% |
| B.809 | Vermont symphony orchestra | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 141,214 | 136,978 | 136,978 | 141,087 | 145,320 | |
| | Total | 141,214 | 136,978 | 136,978 | 141,087 | 145,320 | %9. |
| B.810 | Vermont historical society | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 984,956 | 965,108 | 982,317 | 1,015,470 | 1,060,699 | |
| | Total | 984,956 | 965,108 | 982,317 | 1,015,470 | 1,060,699 | 1.4% |
| B.811 | Vermont housing and conservation board | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 11,900,243 | 11,466,417 | 11,370,550 | 22,473,849 | 24,552,855 | |
| | Federal funds | 18,986,224 | 18,316,256 | 19,436,337 | 76,987,575 | 61,966,213 | |
| | Total | 30,886,467 | 29,782,673 | 30,806,887 | 99,461,424 | 86,519,068 | 26.8% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | • | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------|---|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| COMM | COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | | | | | | |
| B.812 | Vermont humanities council | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 227,959 | 227,989 | 227,989 | 234,829 | 300,000 | |
| | Total | 227,959 | 227,989 | 227,989 | 234,829 | 300,000 | %9:9 |
| | Totals for commerce and community development | | | | | | |
| | General fund | 16,529,933 | 16,411,166 | 17,489,457 | 18,279,159 | 21,222,221 | |
| | Special funds | 18,630,826 | 18,810,722 | 17,946,145 | 33,126,805 | 32,106,330 | |
| | Federal funds | 30,578,334 | 30,390,992 | 42,011,551 | 160,118,217 | 93,013,297 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 522,588 | 2,945,873 | 4,114,320 | 5,532,656 | 5,062,973 | |
| | Total | 66,261,681 | 69,308,753 | 81,561,473 | 217,056,837 | 151,404,821 | 19.9% |

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| TRANS | TRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| B.900 | Transportation - finance and administration | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 14,625,869 | 13,910,751 | 15,718,224 | 18,569,701 | 20,977,164 | |
| | Federal funds | 871,200 | 871,200 | 396,900 | 1,320,440 | 1,001,340 | |
| | Total | 15,497,069 | 14,781,951 | 16,115,124 | 19,890,141 | 21,978,504 | 8.4% |
| B.901 | Transportation - aviation | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 4,749,136 | 4,464,444 | 5,556,388 | 5,693,133 | 6,166,805 | |
| | Federal funds | 4,495,500 | 5,001,844 | 4,895,258 | 3,805,861 | 11,107,601 | |
| | Total | 9,244,636 | 9,466,288 | 10,451,646 | 9,498,994 | 17,274,406 | 4.6% |
| B.902 | Transportation - buildings | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 307,746 | 307,000 | 850,000 | 850,000 | 1,525,000 | |
| | TIB funds | • | • | | 1,200,000 | • | |
| | Total | 307,746 | 307,000 | 850,000 | 2,050,000 | 1,525,000 | .7% |
| B.903 | Transportation - program development | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 40,829,818 | 41,877,443 | 48,055,560 | 59,806,826 | 50,411,002 | |
| | TIB funds | 12,055,317 | 8,904,313 | 10,597,637 | 19,399,908 | 22,129,870 | |
| | Special funds | • | • | • | • | 3,000,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 245,117,997 | 272,741,834 | 254,737,875 | 330,355,267 | 321,560,449 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 191,790 | • | • | 75,000 | 1,411,518 | |
| | Local match | 202,429 | 524,451 | 481,078 | 3,273,190 | 4,373,180 | |
| | Total | 298,397,351 | 324,048,041 | 313,872,150 | 412,910,191 | 402,886,019 | 2.9% |

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| TRANS | IRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| B.904 | Transportation - rest areas construction | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 99,280 | 101,000 | 146,000 | 41,842 | 166,964 | |
| | Federal funds | 580,426 | 000,606 | 1,314,000 | 376,574 | 1,479,480 | |
| | Total | 901,619 | 1,010,000 | 1,460,000 | 418,416 | 1,646,444 | 17.2% |
| B.905 | Transportation - maintenance state system | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 91,136,152 | 94,333,945 | 87,950,860 | 103,700,216 | 106,934,950 | |
| | Federal funds | 2,777,787 | 2,377,787 | 16,227,787 | 645,815 | 645,815 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | |
| | Total | 94,013,939 | 96,811,732 | 104,278,647 | 104,446,031 | 107,680,765 | 3.5% |
| B.906 | Transportation - policy and planning | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 2,921,480 | 2,940,921 | 3,153,630 | 3,217,573 | 3,260,534 | |
| | Federal funds | 8,238,741 | 8,529,250 | 8,285,268 | 13,314,762 | 9,989,315 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 32,000 | 17,850 | 20,000 | 55,275 | 62,146 | |
| B.906.1 | Total Transportation - Environmental Policy and Sustainability | 11,192,221 | 11,488,021 | 11,458,898 | 16,587,610 | 13,311,995 | 3.7% |
| | Transportation funds | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 472,695 | |
| | Federal funds | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 22,095,781 | |
| | Local match | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5,405,772 | |
| | Total | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 27,974,248 | |

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| TRANS | TRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| B.907 | Transportation - rail | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 17,837,032 | 11,409,481 | 13,897,283 | 10,701,368 | 15,608,462 | |
| | Federal funds | 15,019,569 | 11,434,998 | 19,232,299 | 21,515,401 | 26,596,858 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 918,750 | 1,156,845 | 2,429,636 | 2,985,206 | 671,000 | |
| | Local match | • | 1 | 820,801 | 161,208 | 132,000 | |
| | TIB funds | 760,000 | 760,000 | • | • | • | |
| | Total | 34,535,351 | 24,761,324 | 36,380,019 | 35,363,183 | 43,008,320 | 7.4% |
| B.908 | Transportation - public transit | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 8,056,111 | 5,705,339 | 3,303,839 | 4,108,577 | 9,016,189 | |
| | Federal funds | 25,768,288 | 32,486,643 | 39,496,667 | 40,390,701 | 39,639,141 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | • | 40,000 | 21,016 | 40,000 | 140,000 | |
| | Total | 33,824,399 | 38,231,982 | 42,821,522 | 44,539,278 | 48,795,330 | 11.% |
| B.909 | Transportation - central garage | | | | | | |
| | Internal service funds | 20,112,038 | 20,982,875 | 22,202,720 | 22,754,095 | 23,956,385 | |
| | Total | 20,112,038 | 20,982,875 | 22,202,720 | 22,754,095 | 23,956,385 | 3.% |

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | 5 Yr |
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| B.910 | Department of motor vehicles | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 31,657,492 | 32,764,842 | 34,190,338 | 37,942,872 | 42,101,908 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,345,934 | 1,345,934 | 1,666,250 | 1,657,266 | 2,687,081 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 147,275 | 147,275 | 117,400 | 141,696 | 121,696 | |
| | Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | • | 750,000 | • | • | 1 | |
| | General funds | • | 138,000 | • | • | 1 | |
| | Total | 33,150,701 | 35,146,051 | 35,973,988 | 39,741,834 | 44,910,685 | 6.4% |
| B.911 | Transportation - town highway structures | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 6,333,500 | 4,650,000 | 12,667,000 | 7,200,000 | 7,416,000 | |
| B.912 | Total Transportation - town highway local technical assistance program | 6,333,500 | 4,650,000 | 12,667,000 | 7,200,000 | 7,416,000 | 3.2% |
| | Transportation funds | 106,307 | 108,965 | 111,689 | 114,481 | 117,915 | |
| | Federal funds | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 360,000 | |
| | Total | 406,307 | 408,965 | 411,689 | 414,481 | 477,915 | 3.4% |
| B.913 | Transportation - town highway class 2 roadway | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 7,648,750 | 3,250,000 | 15,297,500 | 8,600,000 | 8,858,000 | |
| | Total | 7,648,750 | 3,250,000 | 15,297,500 | 8,600,000 | 8,858,000 | 3.% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

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| TRANS | IRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| B.914 | Transportation - town highway bridges | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 1,004,648 | 791,327 | 1,671,227 | 1,230,817 | 1 | |
| | TIB funds | 701,815 | 1,436,457 | 800,000 | 2,402,455 | 3,099,345 | |
| | Federal funds | 10,887,721 | 10,456,841 | 12,405,730 | 25,529,514 | 32,908,515 | |
| | Local match | 939,667 | 388,726 | 531,437 | 1,151,401 | 1,193,915 | |
| | Total | 13,533,851 | 13,073,351 | 15,408,394 | 30,314,187 | 37,201,775 | 22.8% |
| B.915 | Transportation - town highway aid program | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 26,663,160 | 27,105,769 | 27,105,769 | 27,837,624 | 28,672,753 | |
| B.916 | Total Transportation - town highway class 1 supplemental grants | 26,663,160 | 27,105,769 | 27,105,769 | 27,837,624 | 28,672,753 | 2.% |
| | Transportation funds | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | |
| B.917 | Total Transportation - town highway: state aid for nonfederal disasters | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | 128,750 | |
| | Transportation funds | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | |
| | Total | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,150,000 | |

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| TRANS | TRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| B.918 | Transportation - town highway: state aid for federal disasters | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 160,000 | 160,000 | 160,000 | 160,000 | 160,000 | |
| B.919 | Total Transportation - municipal mitigation assistance program | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | |
| | Transportation funds | 900,000 | 650,000 | 705,000 | 705,000 | 705,000 | |
| | Special funds | 652,515 | 4,627,715 | 6,152,150 | 4,317,498 | 5,000,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 1,428,000 | 1,428,000 | 1,428,000 | 1,428,000 | 4,783,523 | |
| | Total | 2,980,515 | 6,705,715 | 8,285,150 | 6,450,498 | 10,488,523 | 9.4% |
| B.920 | Transportation - public assistance grant program | | | | | | |
| | Special funds | 640,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | |
| | Federal funds | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | |
| | Interdepartmental transfers | 400,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | |
| | Transportation funds | 100,000 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | |
| | Total | 4,140,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | 24.4% |
| B.921 | Transportation board | | | | | | |
| | Transportation funds | 182,191 | 184,774 | 186,611 | 190,962 | 193,480 | |
| | Total | 182,191 | 184,774 | 186,611 | 190,962 | 193,480 | %9.9 |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| TRANSPORTATION | | | | | | |
| Totals for transportation | | | | | | |
| Transportation fund | 256,457,422 | 245,854,751 | 271,865,668 | 291,809,742 | 303,903,571 | |
| TIB fund | 13,517,132 | 11,100,770 | 11,397,637 | 23,002,363 | 25,229,215 | |
| Special funds | 1,292,515 | 4,677,715 | 6,202,150 | 4,367,498 | 8,050,000 | |
| Federal funds | 319,991,163 | 349,043,331 | 361,546,034 | 441,799,601 | 476,014,899 | |
| Internal service funds | 20,112,038 | 20,982,875 | 22,202,720 | 22,754,095 | 23,956,385 | |
| Interdepartmental transfers | 1,789,815 | 1,661,970 | 2,888,052 | 3,597,177 | 2,706,360 | |
| Local match | 1,142,096 | 913,177 | 1,833,316 | 4,585,799 | 11,104,867 | |
| General funds | 1 | 138,000 | 1 | • | 1 | |
| Total | 614,302,181 | 635,122,589 | 677,935,577 | 791,916,275 | 850,965,297 | 6.7% |

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| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | | |
| B.1000 Debt service | | | | | | |
| General funds | 76,413,324 | 75,828,995 | 72,953,869 | 76,375,109 | 75,377,993 | |
| Transportation funds | 560,231 | 540,918 | 521,606 | 502,135 | 327,405 | |
| TIB debt service funds | 2,497,663 | 2,502,613 | 2,505,863 | 1 | • | |
| ARRA funds | 1,069,511 | 504,738 | • | | • | |
| Total | 80,540,729 | 79,377,264 | 75,981,338 | 76,877,244 | 75,705,398 | %9: |
| Totals for debt service | | | | | | |
| General fund | 76,413,324 | 75,828,995 | 72,953,869 | 76,375,109 | 75,377,993 | |
| Transportation fund | 560,231 | 540,918 | 521,606 | 502,135 | 327,405 | |
| TIB debt service fund | 2,497,663 | 2,502,613 | 2,505,863 | 1 | 1 | |
| ARRA funds | 1,069,511 | 504,738 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Total | 80,540,729 | 79,377,264 | 75,981,338 | 76,877,244 | 75,705,398 | %9: |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|---------|------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|
| PAY ACT | ACT | | | | | | |
| | Pay Act - Executive Branch | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 8,569,000 | 4,053,795 | 10,033,806 | 23,614,294 | 19,029,823 | |
| | Transportation funds | 2,044,597 | 3,911,750 | 4,250,000 | 1,502,420 | 2,500,000 | |
| | Total | 10,613,597 | 7,965,545 | 14,283,806 | 25,116,714 | 21,529,823 | 20.4% |
| | Pay Act - Legislative Branch | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 307,000 | 241,000 | 399,630 | 985,111 | 776,000 | |
| | Total | 307,000 | 241,000 | 399,630 | 985,111 | 776,000 | 26.5% |
| | Pay Act - Judicial Branch | | | | | | |
| | General funds | 1,090,441 | 872,330 | 978,648 | 3,217,628 | 1,803,013 | |
| | Total | 1,090,441 | 872,330 | 978,648 | 3,217,628 | 1,803,013 | 17.4% |

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| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
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| THER BILLS AND MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS | | | | | | |
| General funds | 19,836,794 | 1,770,860 | 131,209,378 | 566,386,564 | 235,397,451 | 309,253,279 |
| Transportation funds | ı | • | 12,300,000 | 10,325,000 | 550,000 | 850,000 |
| Special funds | 16,203,807 | • | 1 | 4,200,000 | 44,826,721 | 67,310,000 |
| Tobacco fund | ı | • | 1 | 1,350,000 | 1 | 500,000 |
| ARPA State Fiscal | ı | 1 | 39,500,000 | 436,014,176 | 453,696,781 | 11,280,000 |
| Federal funds | 200,000 | • | 7,114,836 | 61,734,000 | 1,231,296 | 25,548,581 |
| Global Commitment funds | • | • | 1,644,376 | 42,321,086 | 55,080,406 | 20,178,800 |
| Education funds | 1 | • | 1 | 15,025,000 | 44,000,000 | 61,721,774 |
| ARPA Capital Projects Fund | ı | 1 | 1 | ' | ı | 1 |
| Permanent trust funds | 86,267 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Internal service funds | 75,000 | 1 | 1 | ' | ı | 1 |
| Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 1 | 185,379,500 | 849,293,438 | ' | 1 | 1 |
| ARPA Capital Projects funds | ı | 1 | 1 | ' | 113,000,000 | ' |
| Enterprise funds | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 900,000 |
| Total | 36,401,868 | 187,150,360 | 187,150,360 1,041,062,028 1,287,355,826 | 1,287,355,826 | 947,782,655 | 497,542,434 |

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| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| AND TOTALS | | | | | | |
| General fund | 1,607,307,455 | 1,607,307,455 1,742,394,948 | 2,333,376,886 | 2,092,040,666 | 2,378,878,870 | 8.3% |
| Transportation fund | 283,331,886 | 279,869,013 | 311,123,868 | 318,673,640 | 332,066,110 | 3.1% |
| TIB fund | 13,517,132 | 11,100,770 | 11,397,637 | 23,002,363 | 25,229,215 | 12.8% |
| Special funds | 332,403,144 | 339,462,321 | 361,811,939 | 429,631,379 | 480,001,760 | 8.1% |
| Tobacco fund | 24,400,439 | 26,400,439 | 25,750,439 | 24,400,439 | 24,974,439 | 1.1% |
| State health care resources fund | 22,601,110 | 17,078,501 | 16,023,501 | 25,102,272 | 25,265,312 | 6.4% |
| Fish and wildlife fund | 9,236,567 | 9,099,448 | 9,561,364 | 10,600,911 | 10,921,090 | 2.8% |
| Education fund | 1,726,769,204 | 1,726,769,204 1,791,356,714 1,863,469,652 | 1,863,469,652 | 1,961,209,411 | 2,132,734,936 | 5.2% |
| ARPA State Fiscal | ı | 39,500,000 | 586,014,176 | 453,696,781 | 11,280,000 | |
| ARPA Capital Projects Fund | ı | 1 | 1 | 113,000,000 | • | |
| Federal funds | 2,090,563,907 | 2,169,172,831 | 2,450,935,367 | 3,189,459,388 | 3,139,078,764 | 9.2% |
| ARRA funds | 1,990,771 | 1,104,738 | 520,000 | 510,535 | | |
| TIB debt service fund | 2,497,663 | 2,502,613 | 2,505,863 | ı | 1 | |
| Global Commitment fund | 1,589,313,894 | 1,589,313,894 1,600,155,147 1,789,162,244 1,977,336,518 1,964,696,338 | 1,789,162,244 | 1,977,336,518 | 1,964,696,338 | 4.6% |
| Internal service funds | 148,001,883 | 157,226,934 | 162,465,540 | 202,486,578 | 229,234,960 | %8.6 |
| Interdepartmental transfers | 82,516,057 | 86,557,405 | 66,295,845 | 66,930,449 | 69,096,661 | 2.4% |

Total Appropriations FY20 - FY24 As Enacted

| | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 As Enacted | 5 Yr CAGR |
|---|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| AND TOTALS (CONTINUED) | | | | | | |
| Local match | 1,142,096 | 913,177 | 1,833,316 | 4,585,799 | 11,104,867 | 39.1% |
| Permanent trust funds | 85,000 | 25,000 | 36,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 27.1% |
| Enterprise funds | 11,495,452 | 12,803,991 | 12,792,458 | 13,626,186 | 14,720,611 | .3% |
| Pension trust funds | 16,683,226 | 14,201,355 | 12,278,786 | 6,651,820 | 8,160,757 | 14.9% |
| Private purpose trust funds | 1,125,701 | 1,134,819 | 1,135,286 | 1,156,575 | 1,196,613 | 1.2% |
| Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund | 185,379,500 | 902,793,643 | 15,000,000 | • | • | |
| Total Budget (Unduplicated) | 6,330,530,253 | | 7,360,914,321 7,984,984,829 | 8,667,373,165 | 8,560,430,496 | 7.5% |
| Total Appropriations (w/ duplicating and dedicated funds) | 8.150.362.087 | | 10.033.490.167 | 9.204.853.807 10.033.490.167 10.914.126.710 10.858.666.303 | 10.858.666.303 | %6.9 |

USEFUL INTERNET SITES

Federal Resources

| Internal Revenue Serviceirs.gov |
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| U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysisbea.gov |
| U.S. Bureau of Labor Statisticsstats.bls.gov |
| U.S. Census Bureaucensus.gov |
| U.S. House of Representativeshouse.gov |
| U.S. Government Publishing Officegpo.gov |
| U.S Library of Congressloc.gov |
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| U.S. Social Security Administrationssa.gov |
| State Resources |
| State of Vermontvermont.gov |
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| Department of Taxestax.vermont.gov |
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| Department of Taxestax.vermont.gov |
| Department of Taxestax.vermont.gov DOL—Labor Marketlabor.vermont.gov/labor-market-information |
| Department of Taxes |